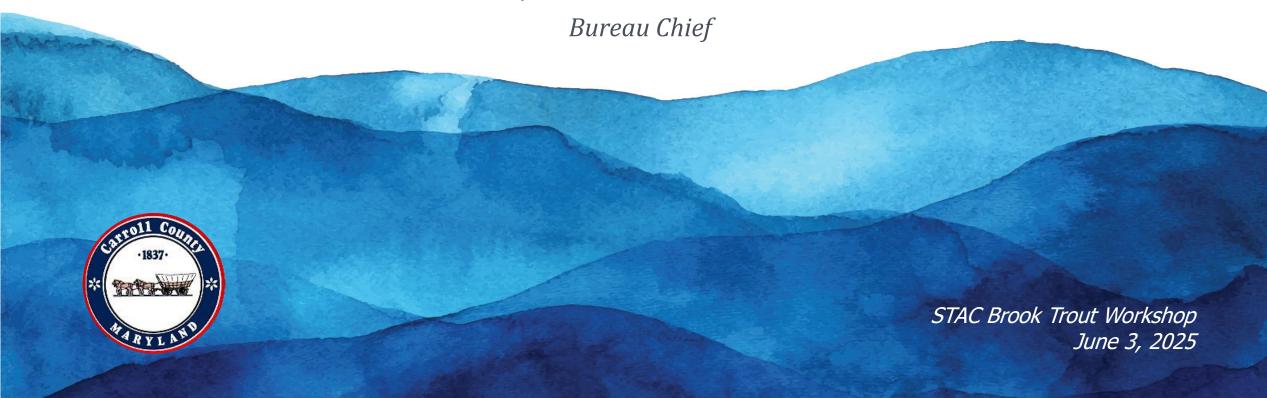
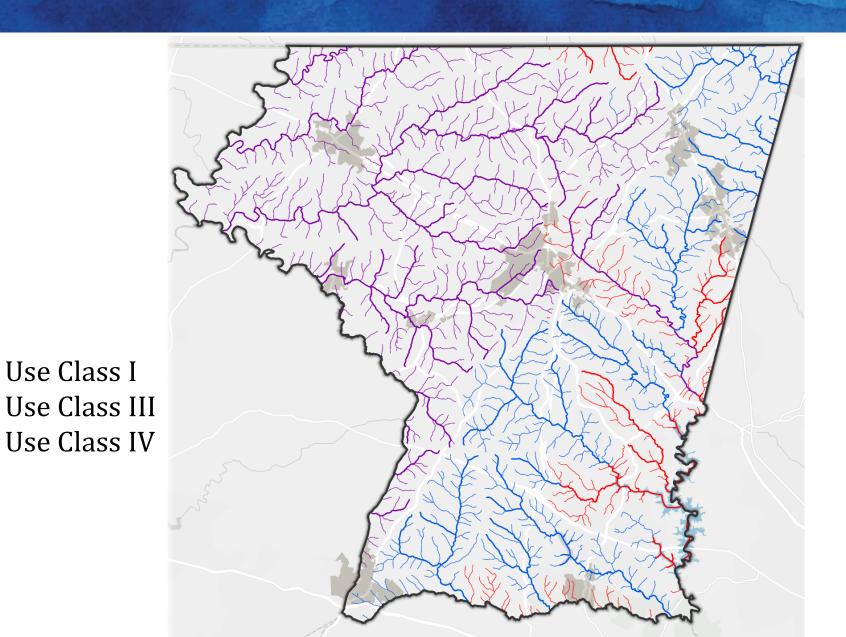
# Carroll County Government Bureau of Resource Management

Janet O'Meara



### **Stream Designated Uses – Carroll County**





### **Department of Planning and Land Management**

Bureau of Resource Management

Restoration Division

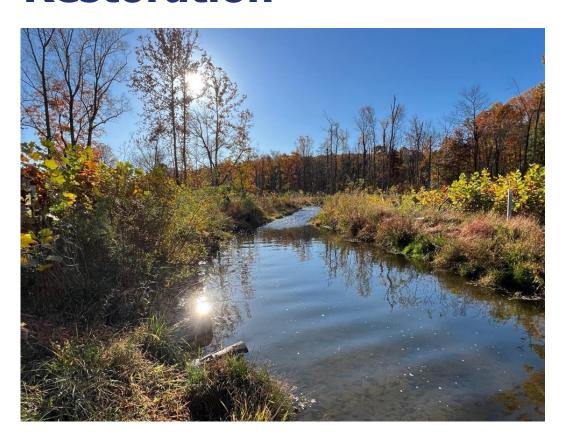
Environmental Review Division

Water Resources Division Environmental Inspection Division





#### **Restoration**





**Restore 1,217 acres of impervious surfaces** 

Ultimate goal: to restore impaired waterways locally and regionally

### **Structural Restoration Projects**





Driving programmatic goal is **impervious area treatment.** 

#### **Project selection and prioritization comes from:**

- Aging infrastructure or maintenance needs at existing facilities
- Stream Corridor Assessments identifying degraded areas
- GIS-level analyses of opportunities for retrofit of existing facilities and new facility construction
- Dam safety hazard classification for existing facilities
- Watershed-level studies (e.g. CWP)
- Local TMDL attainment progress

### **Structural Restoration Projects**

#### **Overlap of structural stormwater management & Brook Trout:**

- Overall improvement of water quality (TN/TP/TSS)
- Management of hydrology (stream/habitat stabilization)
- Thermal mitigation
  - Programmatic refinement of large-scale surface sand filters
  - Recent addition of submerged gravel wetlands
  - Installation of innovative designs and monitoring outcomes (more in Monitoring slides)



### **Tree Plantings**



#### **Goal: Reestablish forested corridors along streams**

- Voluntary initiative to help landowners obtain trees to address inadequate streamside buffers and establish/reestablish forested areas
- Grant-assisted at no cost to the landowner
- Approximately 252 acres planted since 2013
- Mix of private properties and County/municipal land
- Provides restoration credit for the MS4 program







### **Stream Restorations**

**Impervious Acre crediting for MS4 Program** 

### **Monitoring and Assessment**

#### Chemical, Physical, & Biological









#### **BMP Effectiveness Monitoring**

- Loch Raven Watershed
- Continuous physical (flow, temp, pH, D.O., conductivity)
- Chemical, biological, and geomorphological

#### **TMDL Watershed Assessment**

- County-wide macroinvertebrate sampling
- Targeted bacteria trend monitoring (6 of 9 watersheds)
- Targeted chloride monitoring (headwaters of Liberty Reservoir)

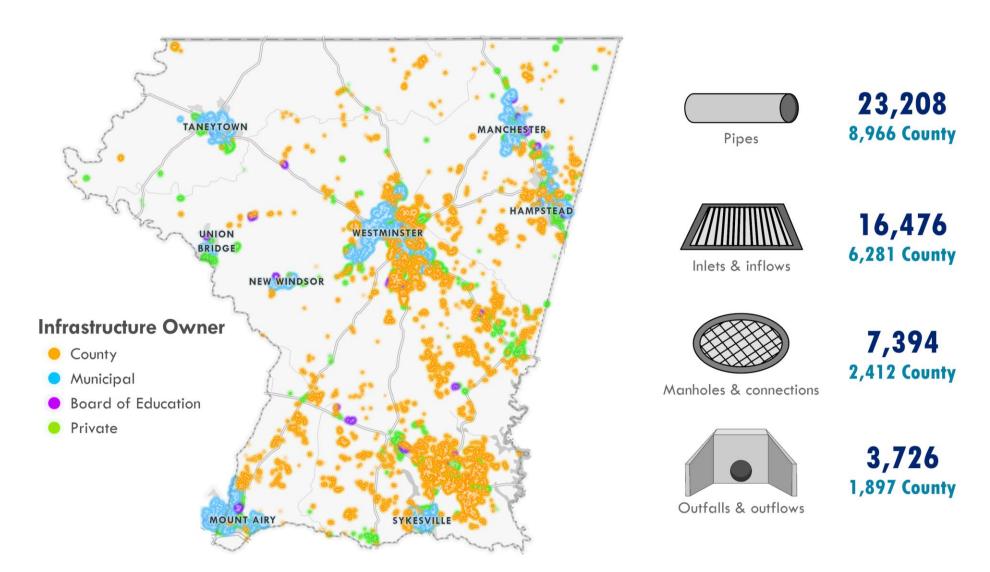
### **Monitoring and Assessment**

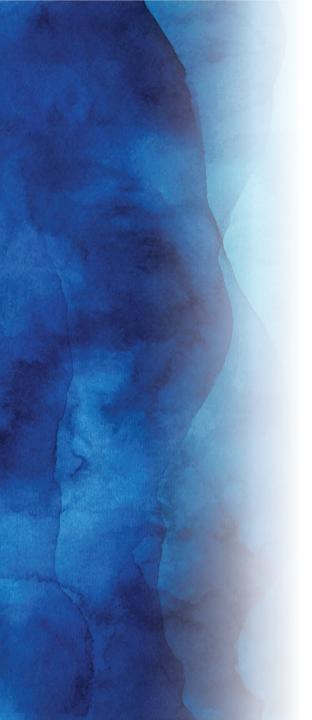
#### **Innovative Stormwater Designs and Monitoring:**

- Surface sand filter thermal reduction (inflow vs. discharge)
- Wet pond gravel lens for thermal mitigation (surface vs. discharge)
- Wet pond into submerged gravel wetland prior to discharge (surface vs. discharge)
- Stream self-stabilization downstream of structural facilities



### **Stormdrain Infrastructure Data Management**





### **Environmental Codes**



Stormwater Management



Water Resources



Floodplains



**Forest Conservation** 

### **Environmental Codes: Stormwater Management**

#### **Chapter 151**

- Ensures compliance with state and local stormwater regulations during the development process
- Review process ensures that stormwater controls are appropriately designed for the stream Use Class to which they drain
- Identify hot spots, flooding areas, etc. and adjust requirements as needed

### **Environmental Codes: Water Resource Management**

#### **Chapter 154**

Protect the quality and quantity of ground and surface water resources in Carroll County

- 1. Standards for review of development activities
- 2. Requirements for protection of existing and future water resources

#### **Water Resource Easements**

- Protection of streams, ponds, and wetlands through forested and non-forested easements
- Variable-width buffer
- Deed of Easement restricts activities such as soil disturbance, storing or dumping of materials, and mowing
- Inspected every 3 years or in response to complaints

### **Environmental Codes: Floodplain Management**

#### Chapter 153

To protect human life and health, minimize property damage, encourage appropriate construction practices to minimize future damage, and to protect water supply, sanitary sewage disposal, and natural drainage.

#### **Floodplain Easements**

- Preserves the natural vegetation
- Prevents alteration of floodplains and setbacks where floodplains are delineated
- Based on floodplain width, stream buffer, or 100 ft from the top of the streambank on any mapped FEMA stream, whichever is largest
- Deed of Easement restricts activities such as soil disturbance, storing or dumping of materials, and mowing
- Inspected every 3 years or in response to complaints

#### **Environmental Codes: Forest Conservation**

#### Chapter 150

Protect forests and trees in developing areas and sensitive areas identified during the local planning or comprehensive land use plan adoption process.

- Prior to approval of any subdivision of land or development ≥40,000 ft<sup>2</sup> submit a FSD & FCP
- Forest banking program as a mitigation alternative

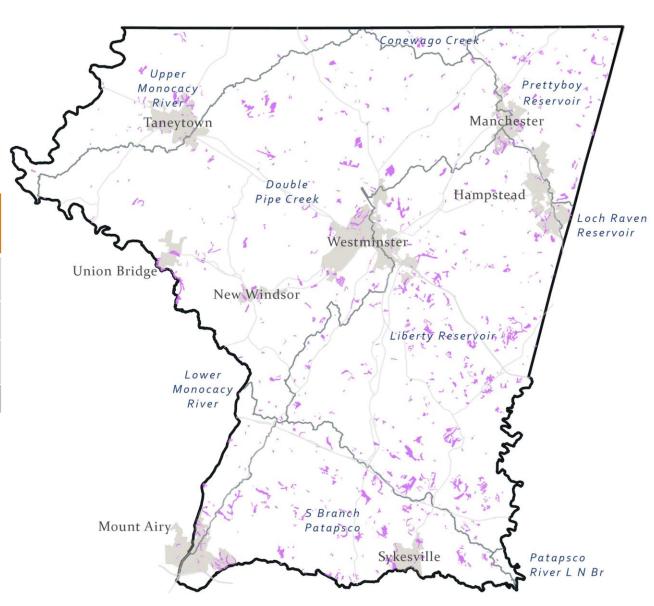
#### **Forest Conservation Easements**

- Long-term protection for all retention, reforestation, afforestation, off-site reserve, and forest bank areas.
- Easement recorded during the development process to protect the forested area
- Inspected every 3 years or in response to complaints

### **Environmental Easements**

Easement Type	Acres Preserved
Water Resource	2,282
Floodplain	895
<b>Forest Conservation</b>	4,797
Total	7,974

Approximately 172 miles of streams



#### **Additional Organizations in Carroll County**



## Carroll County Agricultural Preservation

>80,000 acres preserved



**Carroll County Soil Conservation District** 

Agricultural Best Management Practices

