

Chesapeake Governance Study: Report of 2021 Decision Maker Interview Results

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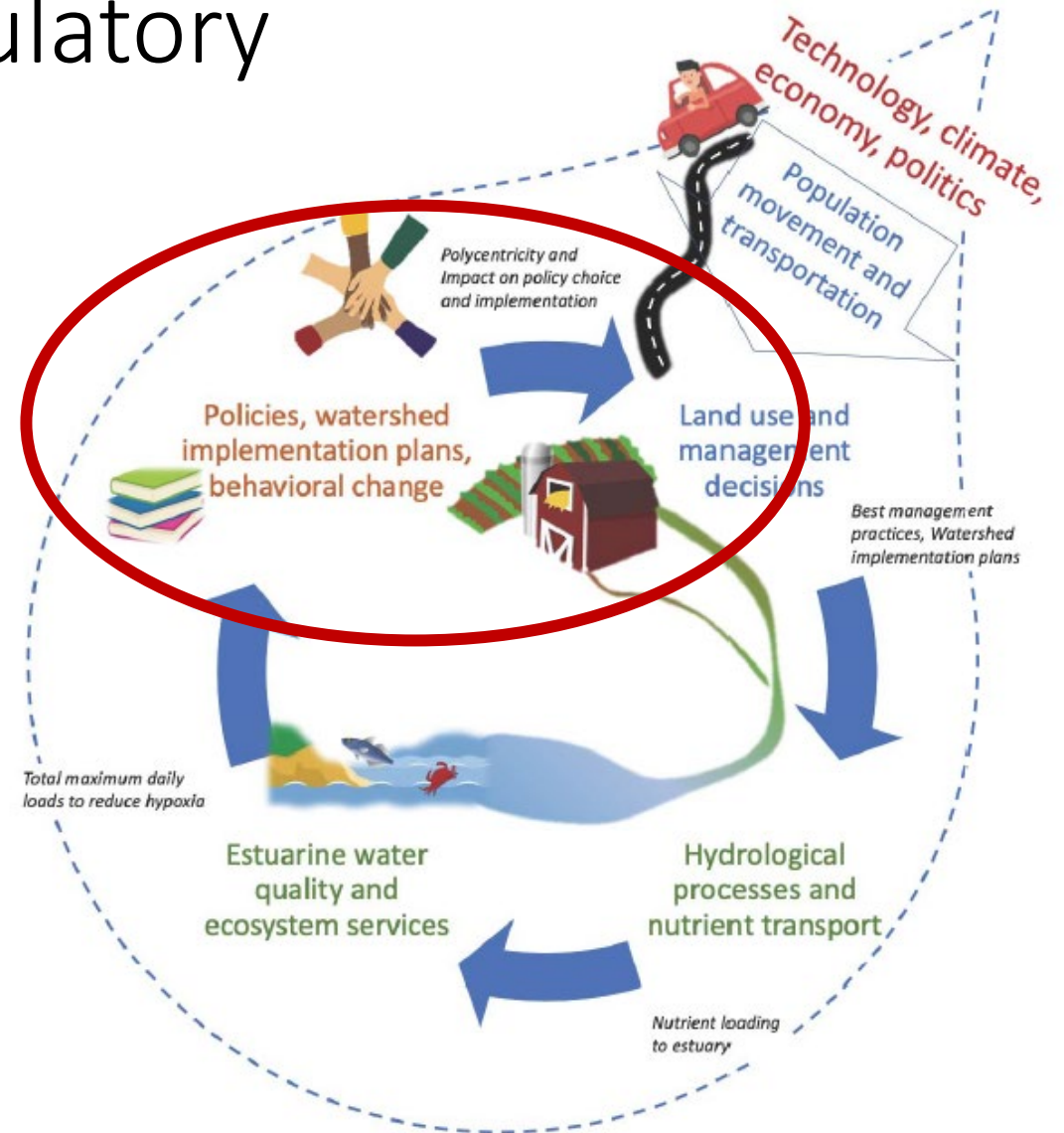


Modeling the dynamics of human and estuarine systems with regulatory feedbacks (NSF #2009248)

Understanding
Connections/Feedbacks

Projecting Future
Scenarios

Leverage Points to
Improve Governance



Big Picture

- Methods/Data
- Effectiveness
- Challenges & Opportunities
- Equity & Legitimacy
- Compare w/ CESR

CESR = GREEN

Funding
Modeling
Lawsuits

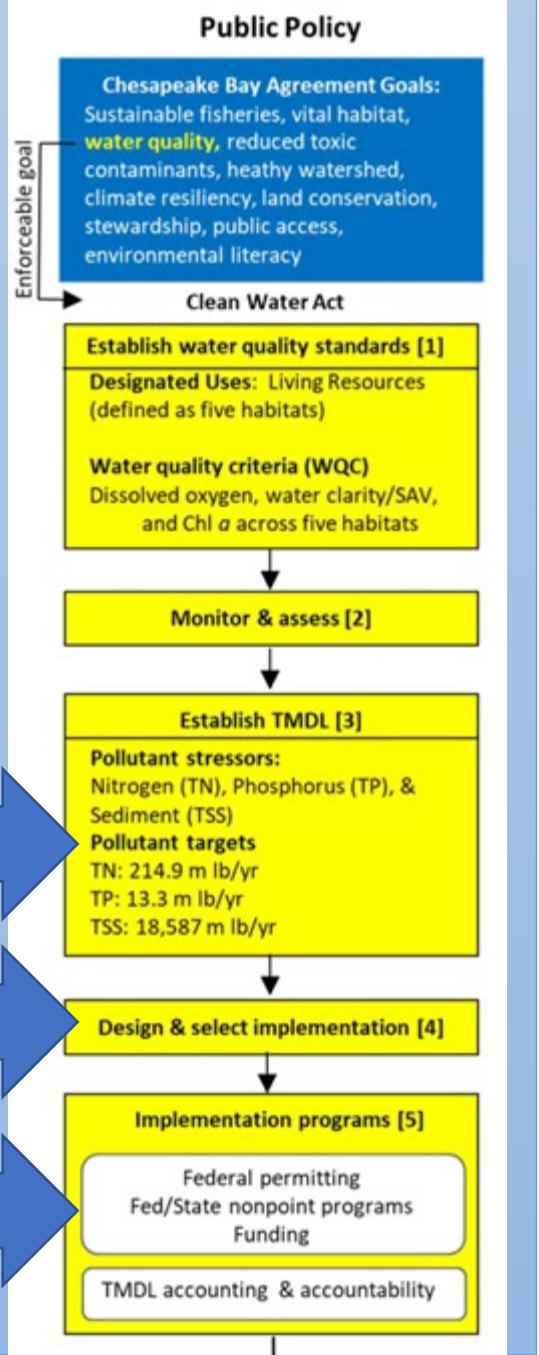
Whole System

History of TMDL/CBP

Pollution Targets
Allocation (State, Local)

WIP Design
General | BMP Selection

Implementation
General | By BMP



Methods/Data

- 59 Open-ended interviews
 - Decision makers in CWS governance
 - Stratified snowball sampling
 - June-December 2021
- Analysis (Atlas.ti)
 - Blocks → Codes
 - Number of Mentions (M)
 - Co-occurrences (CC)

M = 118 for “Effectiveness”

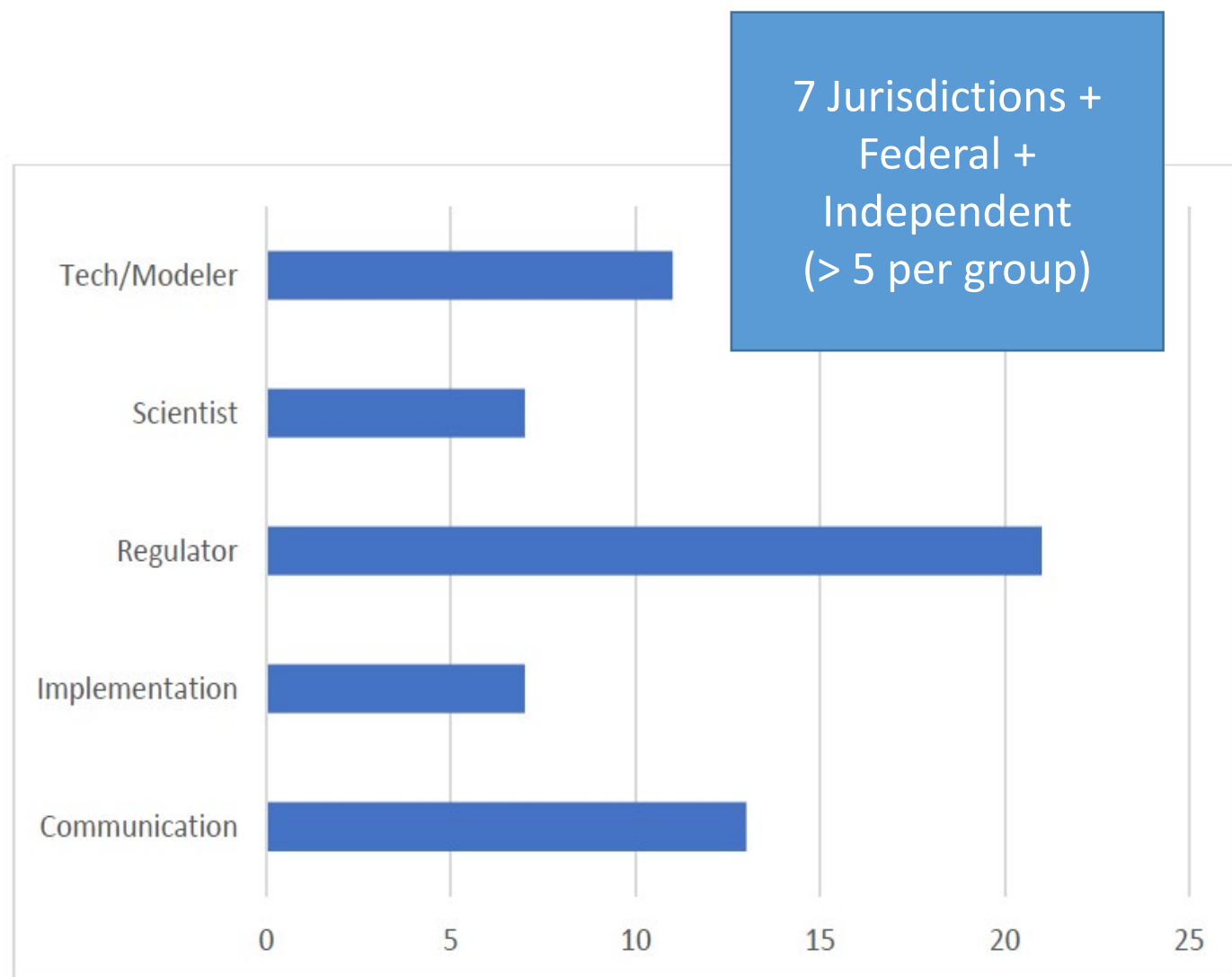
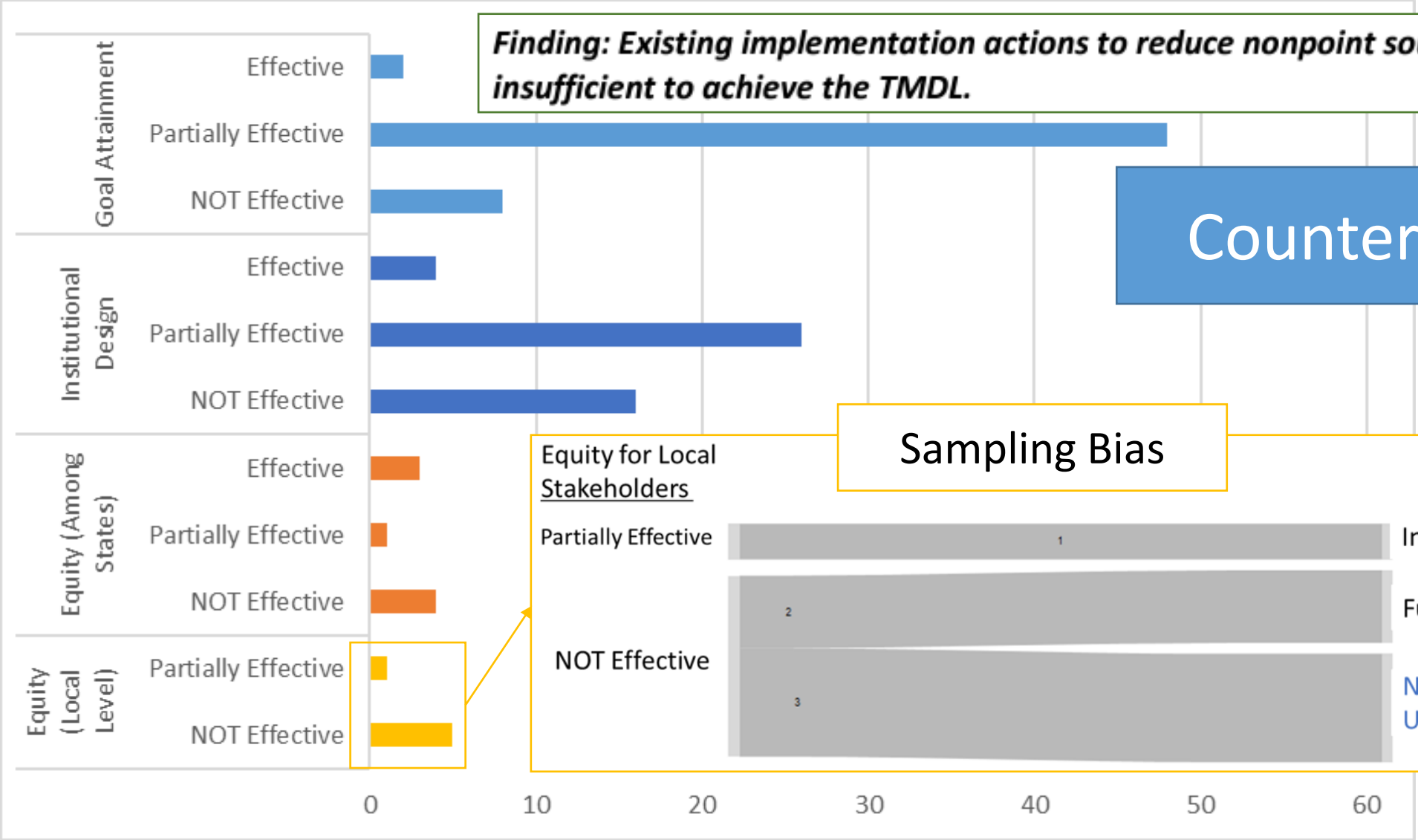


Figure 90: Number of Respondents by their General Roles

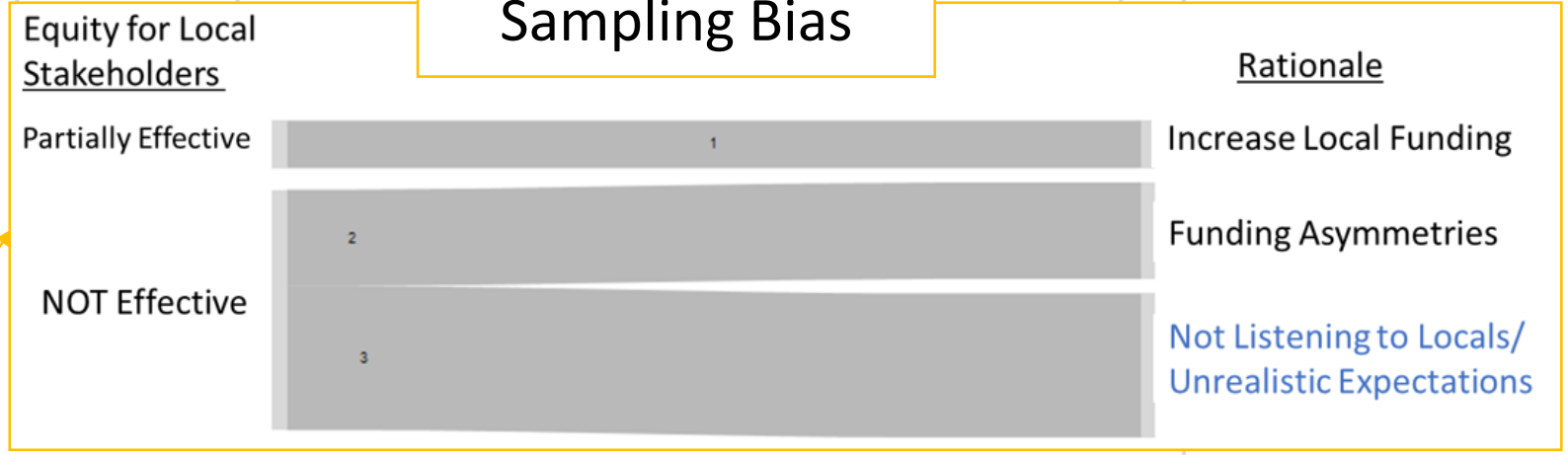
Effectiveness

Finding: Existing implementation actions to reduce nonpoint sources of nutrients are insufficient to achieve the TMDL.

Counterfactuals



Sampling Bias



Institutional Design

NOT Effective

Partially Effective

Effective

Rationale

Not Listening to Locals/
Unrealistic Expectations

Undermined by Politics

Too Much Reliance on
Models/Models Not Accurate

< Other Watersheds

Limited (Personal) Knowledge

Resources too Low to
Meet Goals

> Pre-CBP Institutions

Not Efficient

Weak Accountability Mechanisms

Strong Science/Modeling

Only Collaborate w/ Core Group

Need More Regulatory Authority

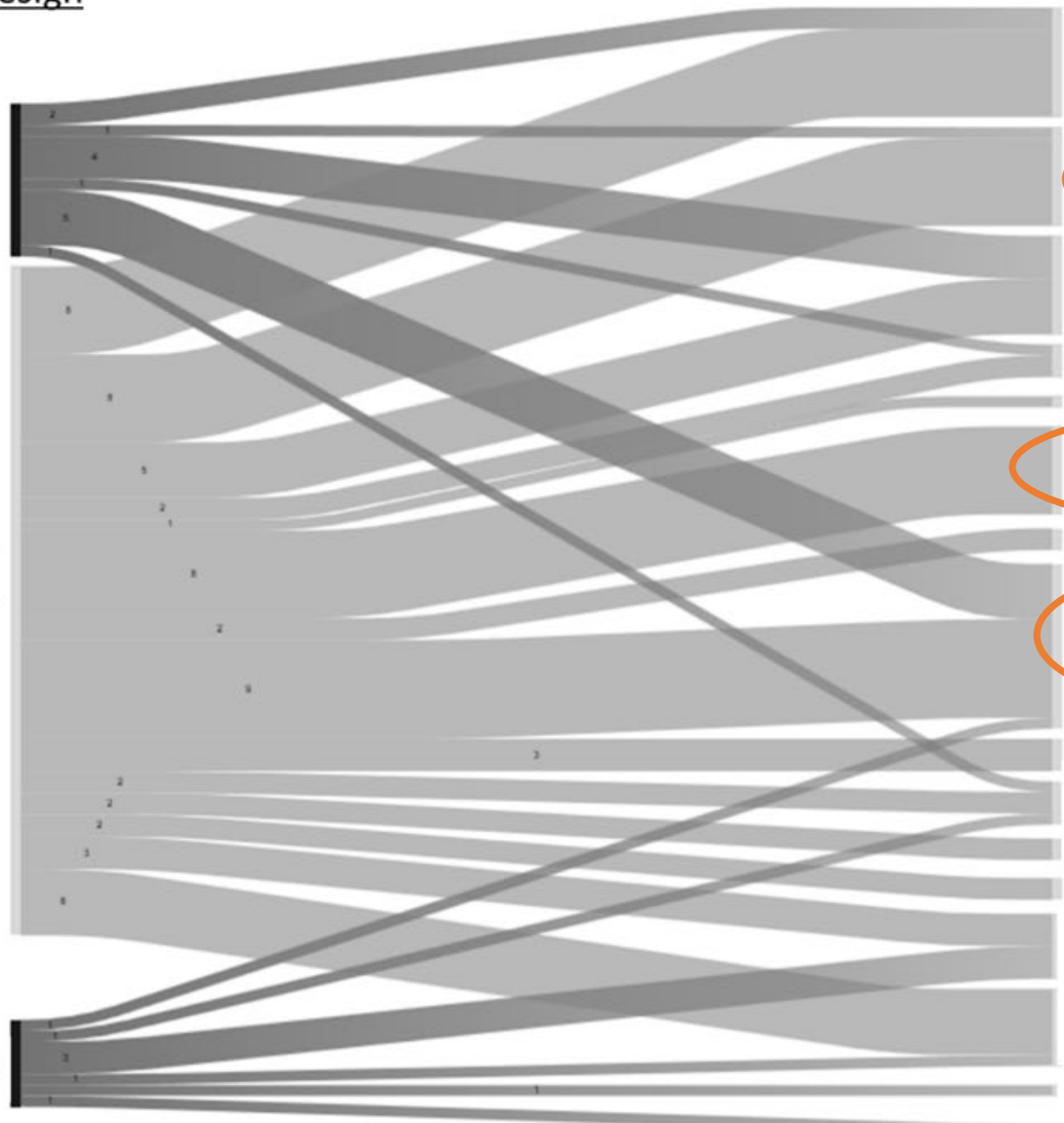
Best w/in Constraints

Collaborative @ Large Scale

Strong Accountability Mechanisms

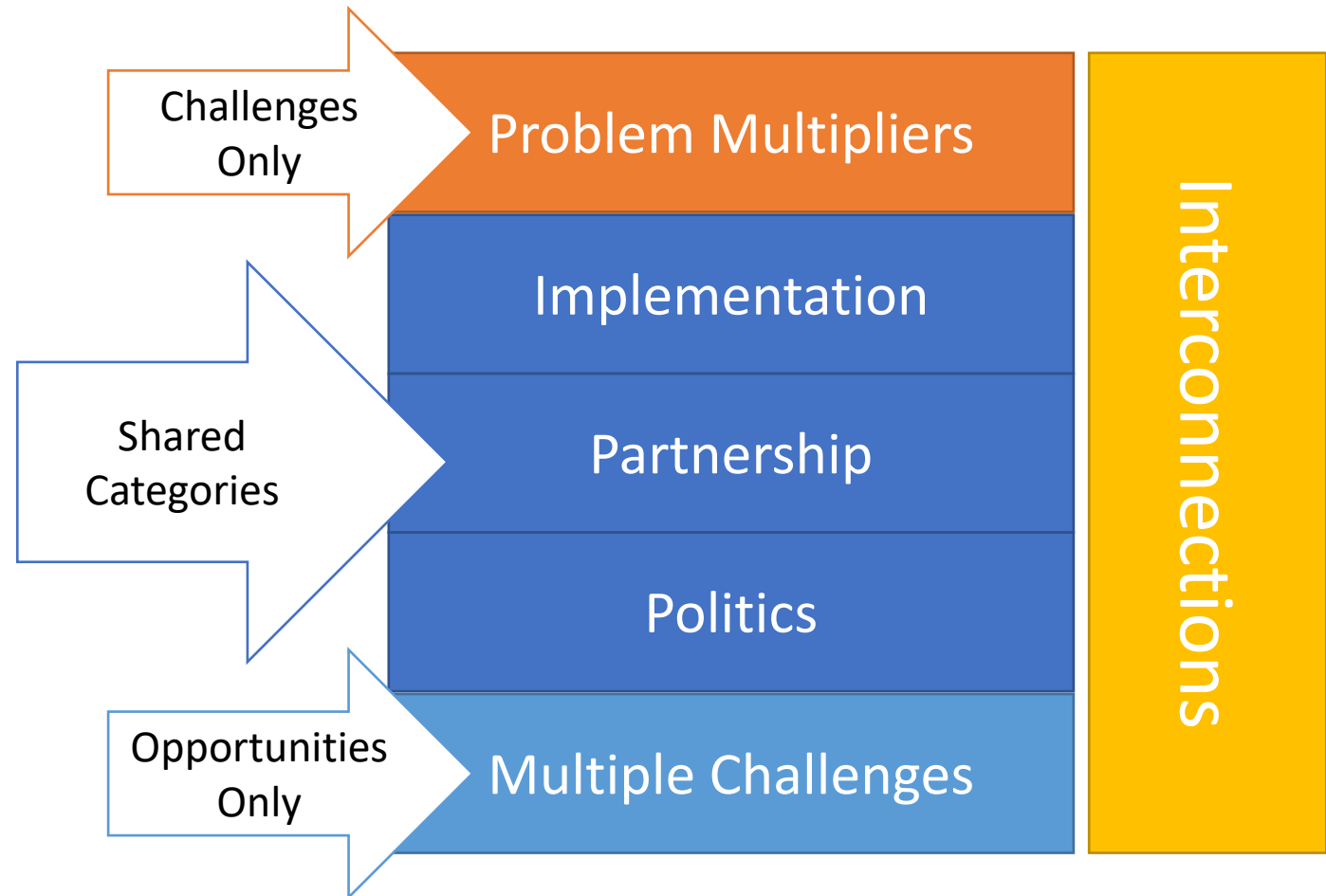
> Other Watersheds

More
Inclusive
Processes



Challenges and Opportunities

- Challenges
 - 114 detailed →
 - 42 types →
 - 4 categories
- Opportunities
 - 77 detailed →
 - 26 types →
 - 4 categories



Top Challenges

Top Opportunities

Climate Change

Climate Change

Accounting for N,P

Improve Leadership

Changing Stakeholder Behavior

CBP Design

Lack of Funding/ Other Resources

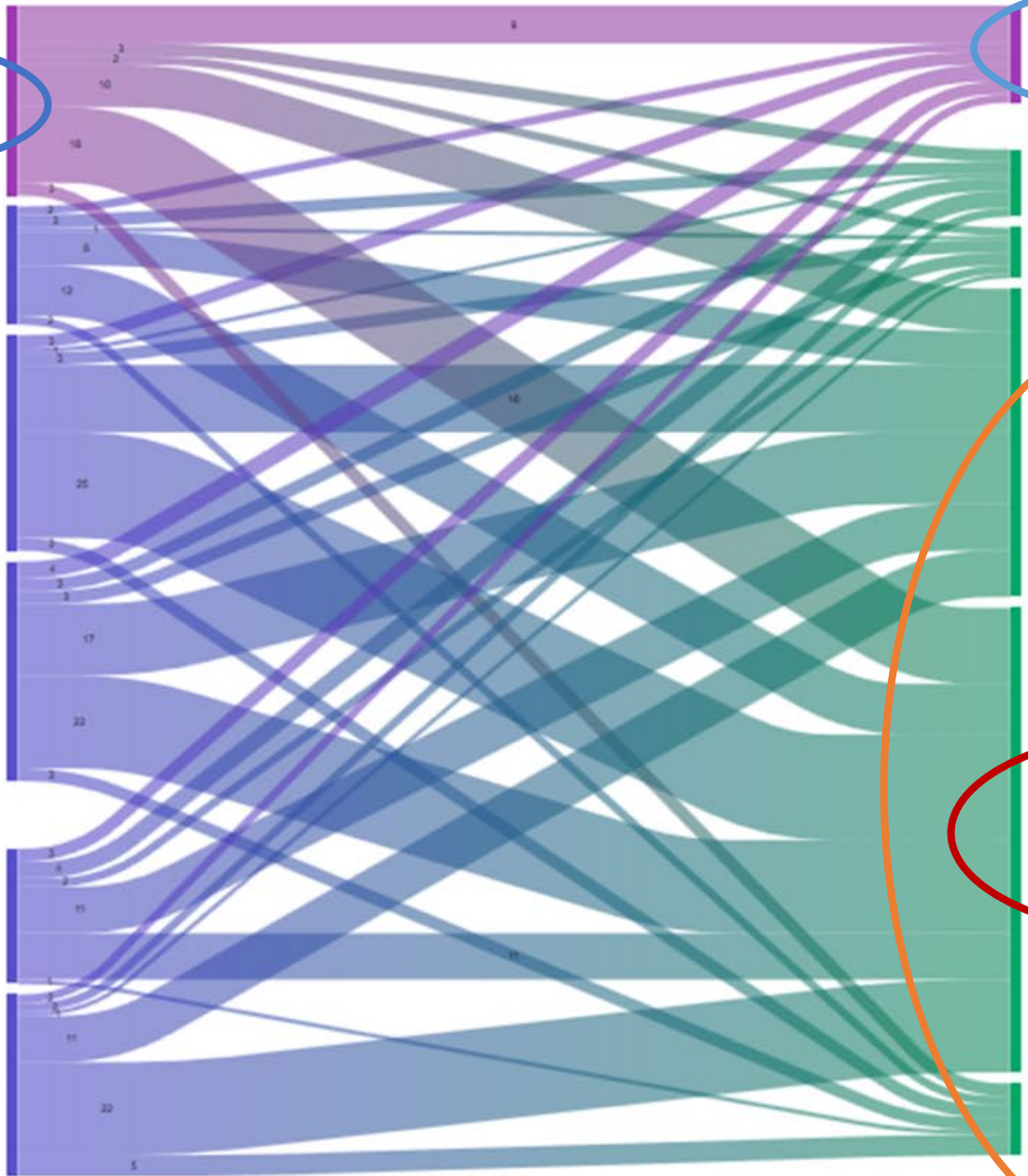
Engagement/ Outreach

Lack of Human Resources

Emphasize Co-benefits

Lack of Political Will

Increase Political Will



Top 3 Co-Benefits

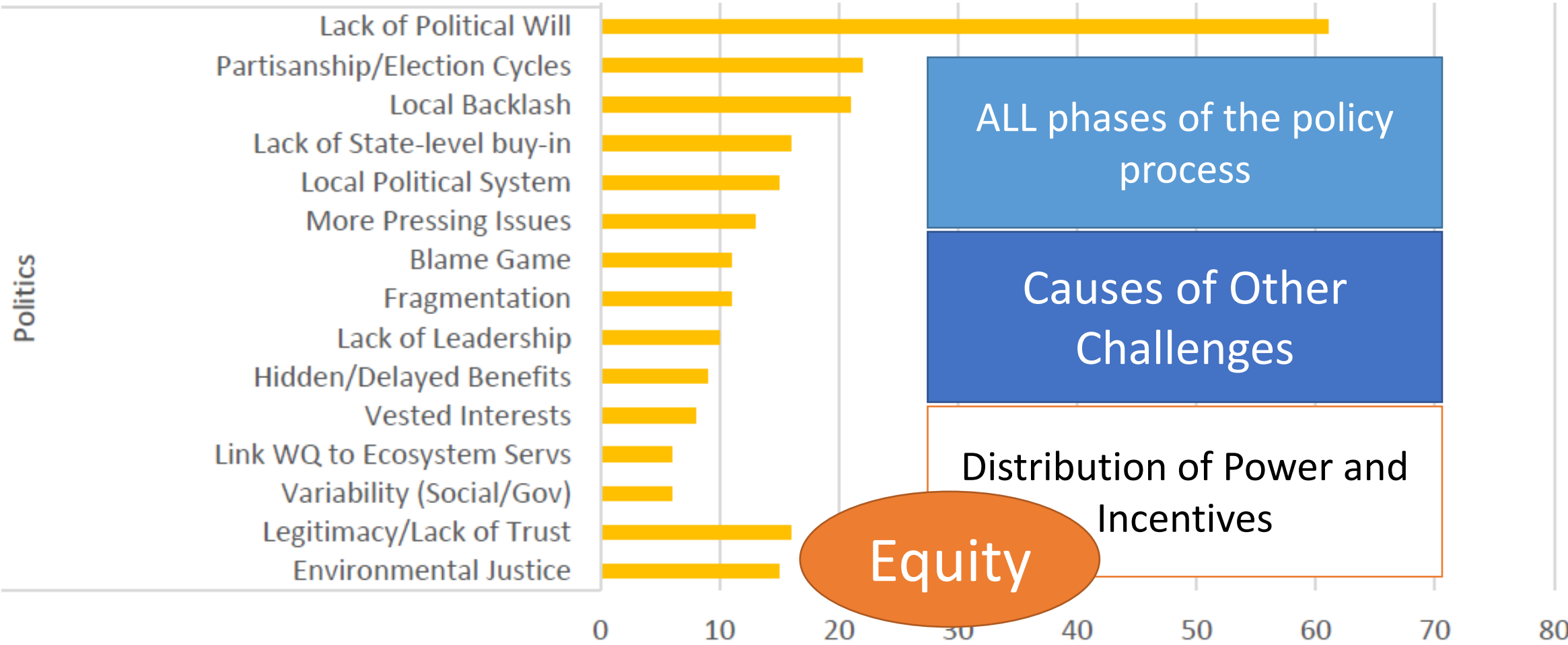
From 15 Types of Co-benefits

- Reduce flooding
- Improve local water quality
- Increase profits for agriculture

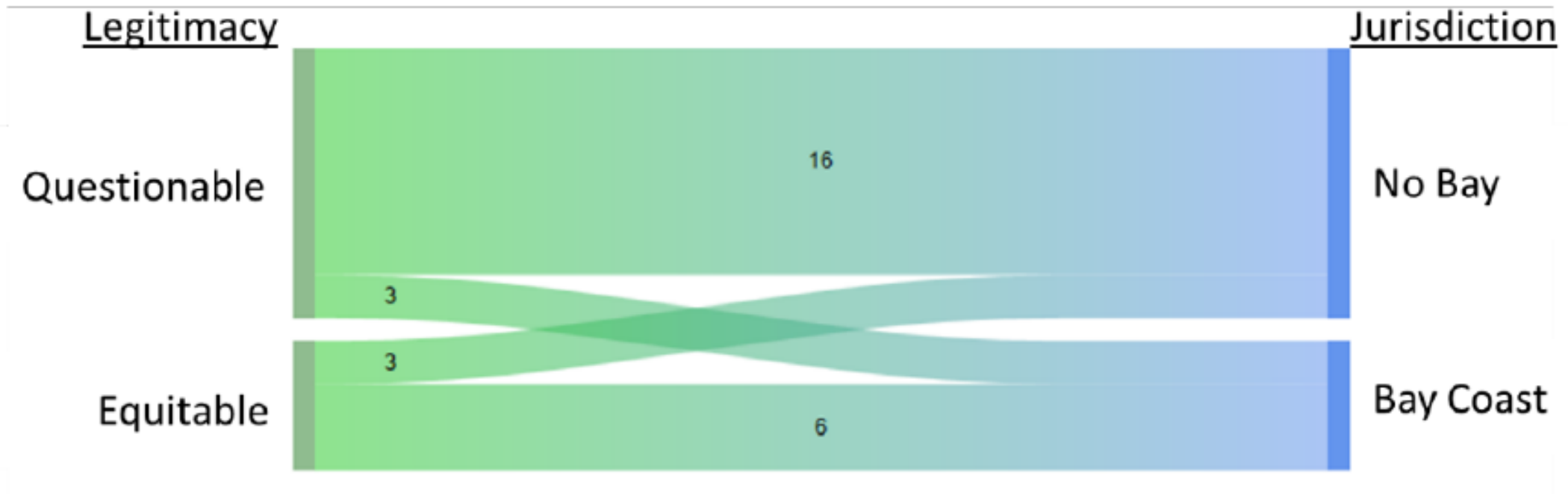
Species/Ecosystems are
on the list, but not at
the top



Political Challenges

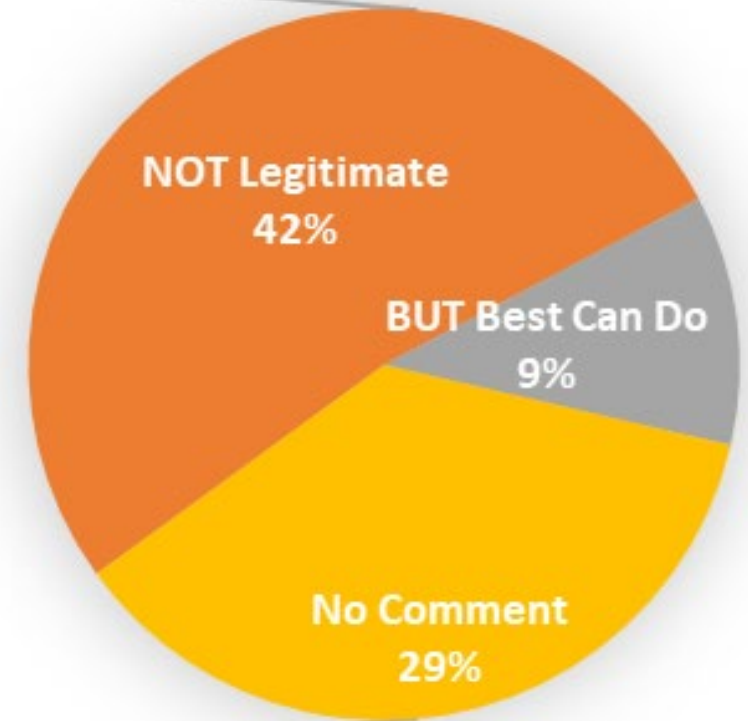
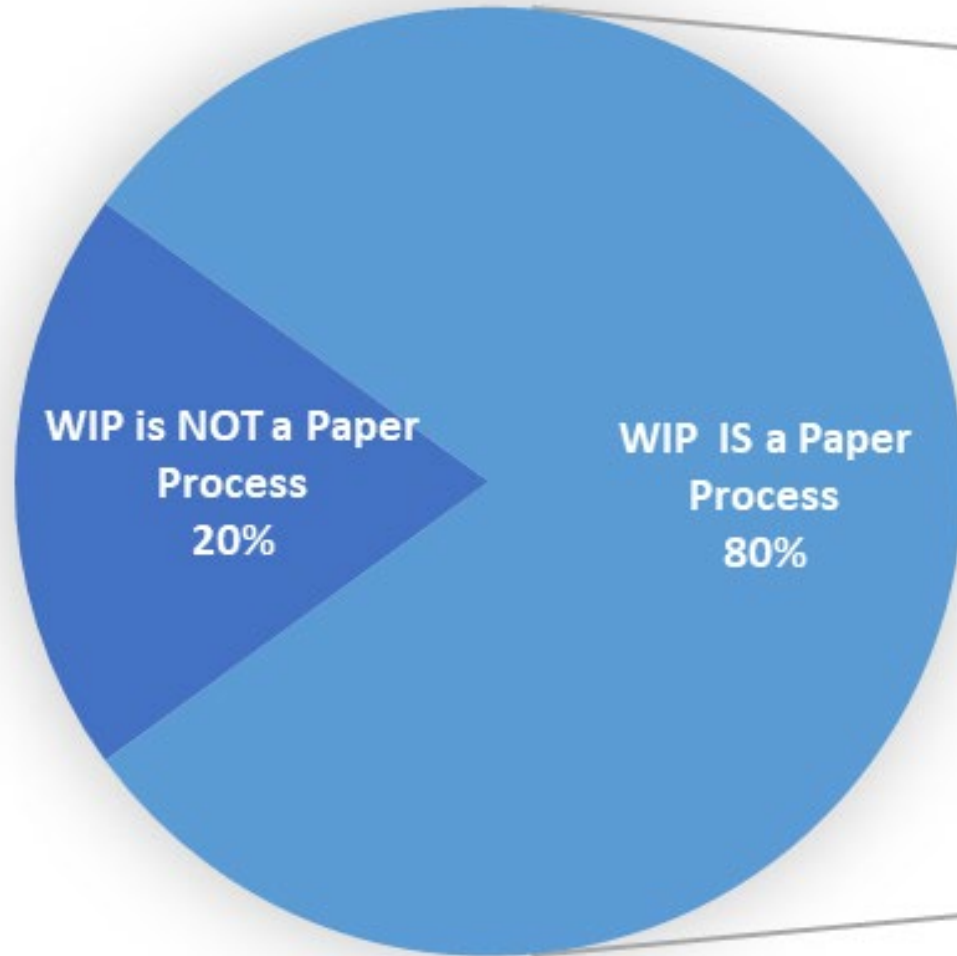


Legitimacy: State-Level Equity

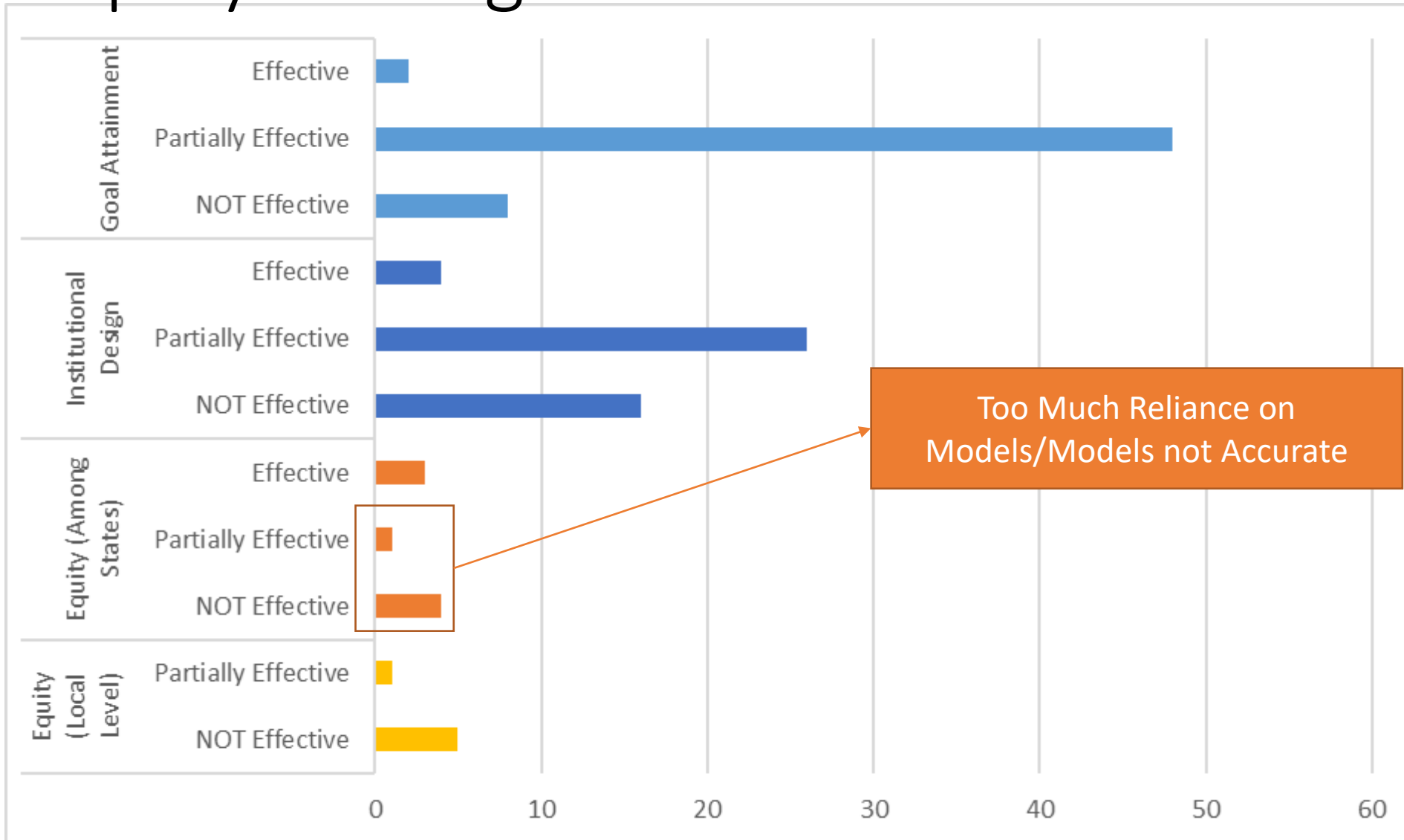


Legitimacy: WIP Design (M = 44)

Change Accounting
Process



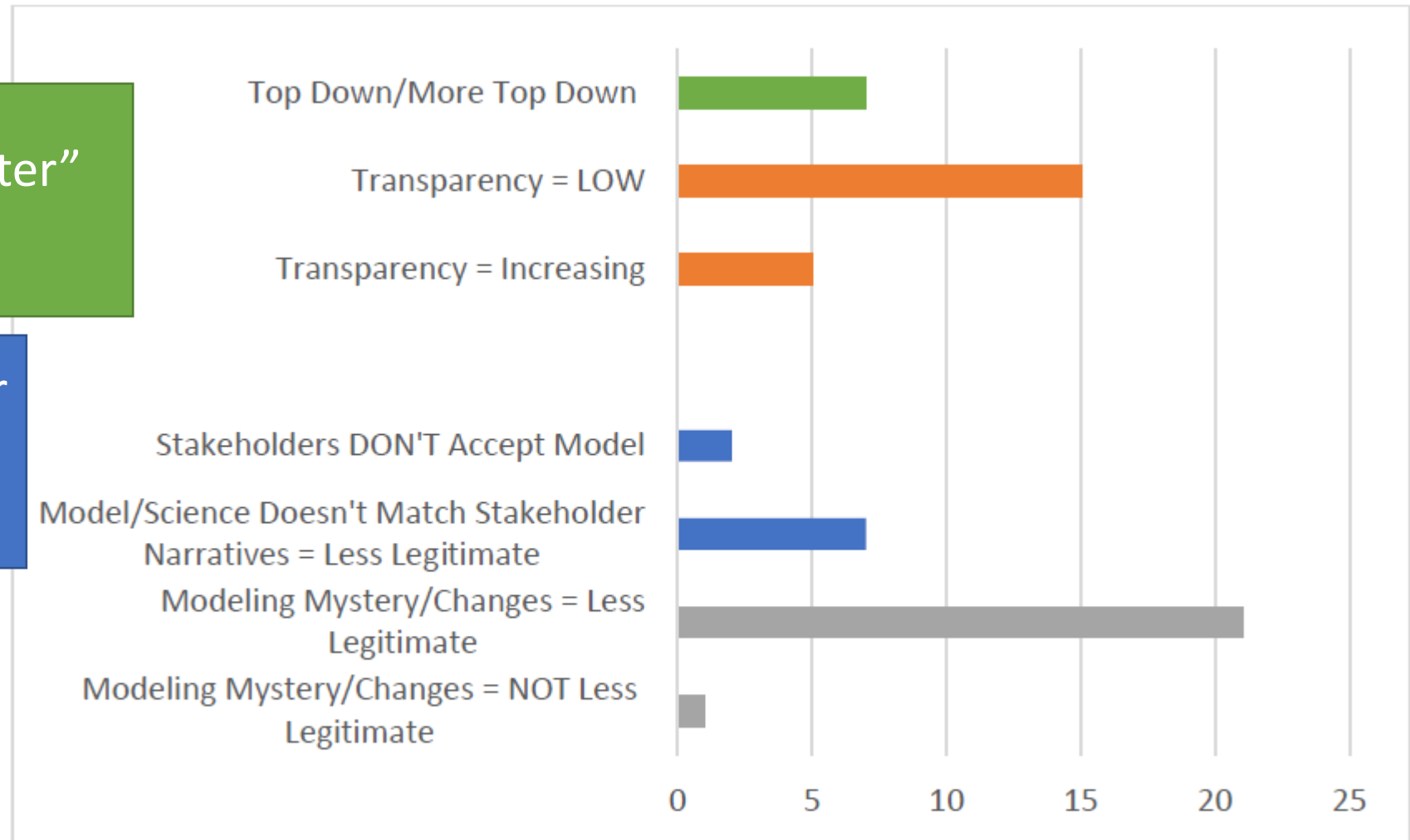
Equity Among States and Models



Legitimacy: Models

More AND “Better”
Models

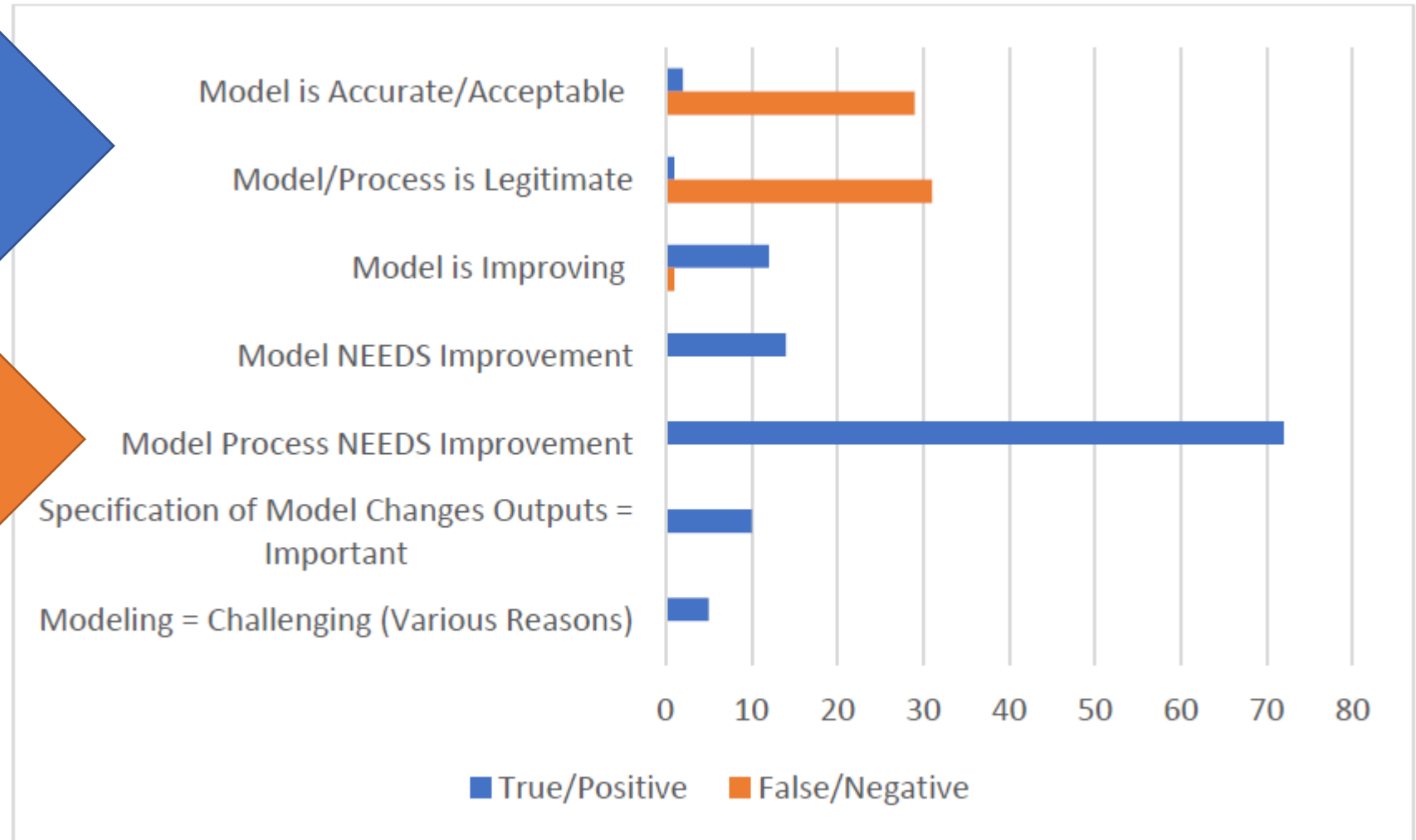
Technically better
vs.
Politically better



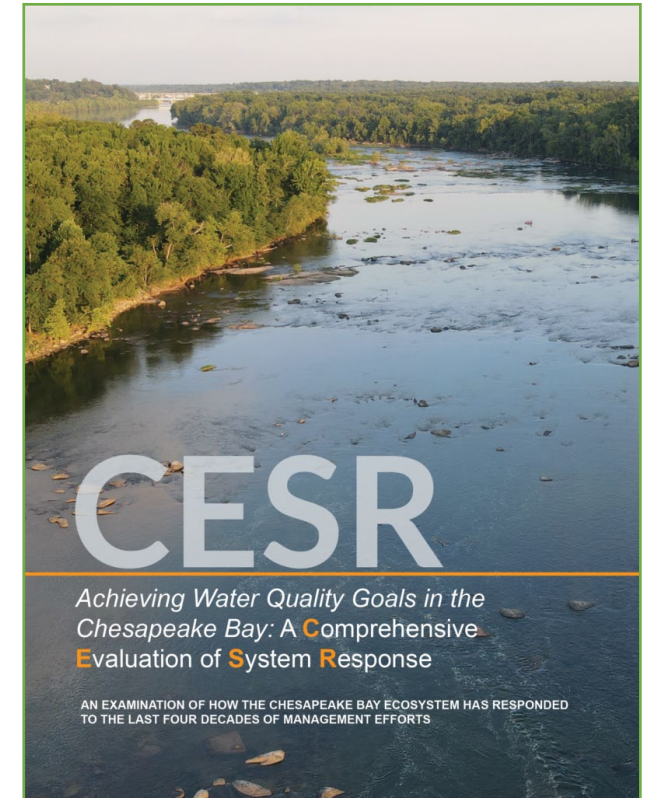
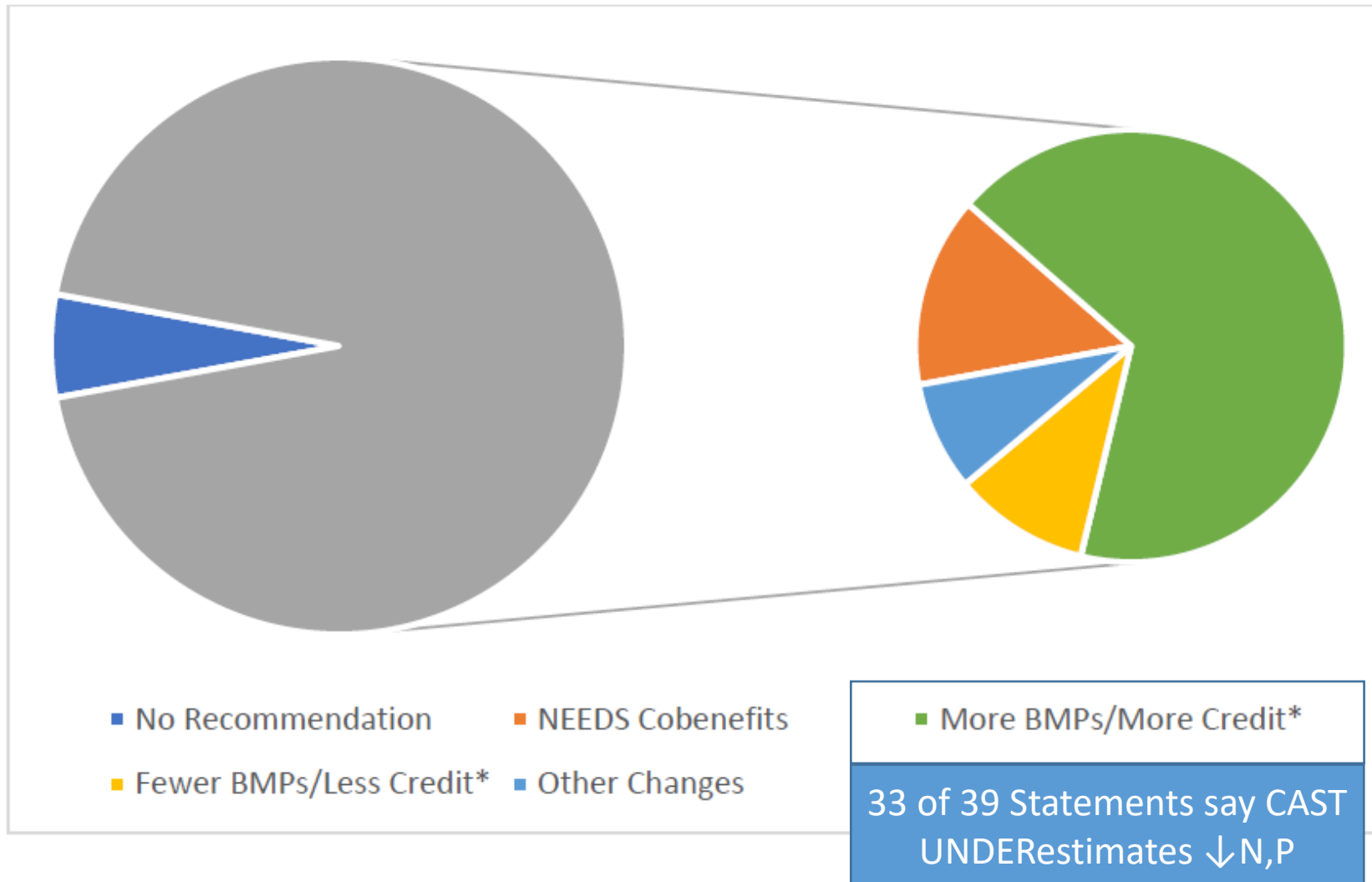
Models vs. Modeling Process

More negative than positive for both

PROCESS improvements mentioned more than MODEL improvements



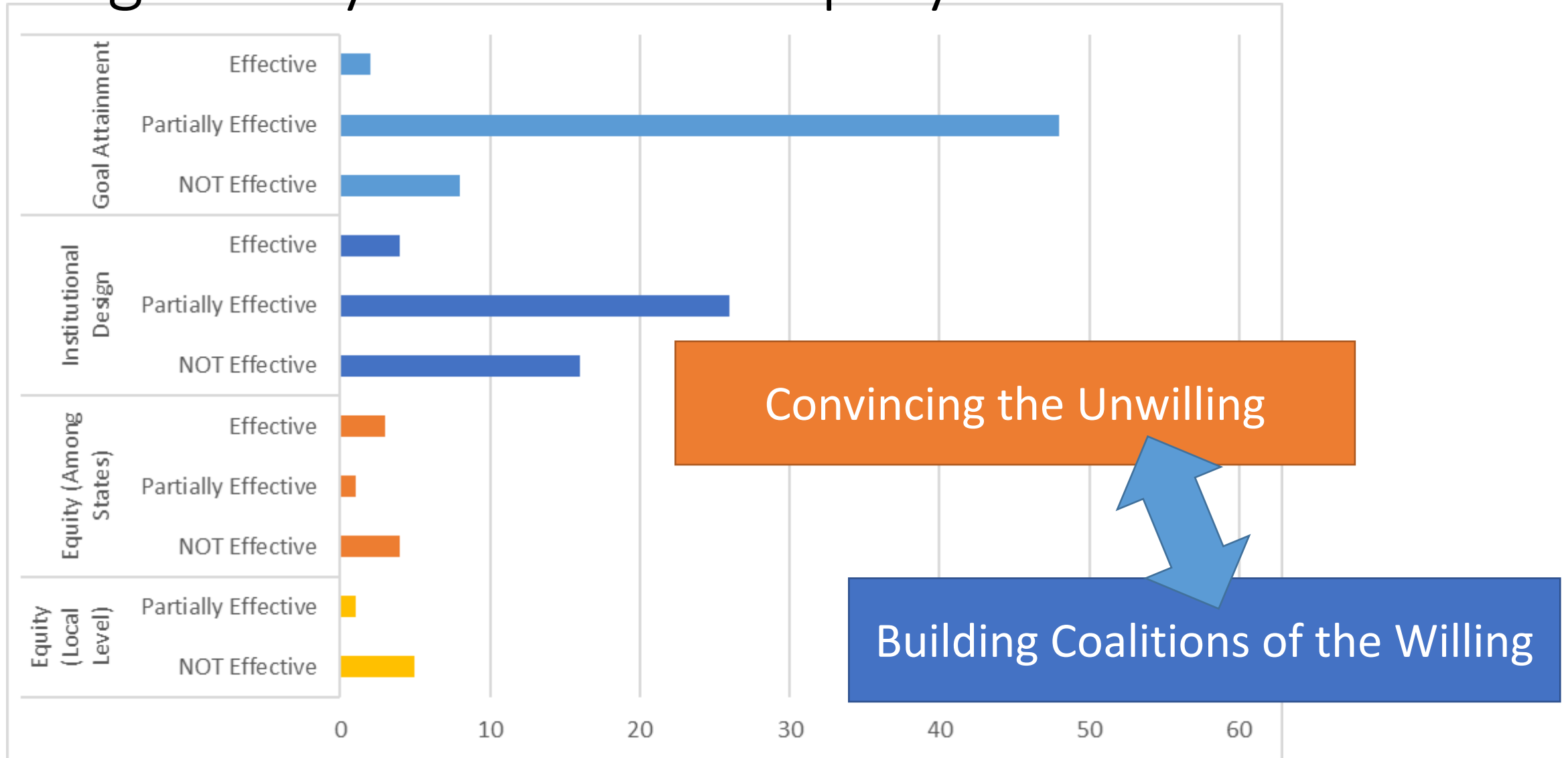
Proposed Changes to Model(s)



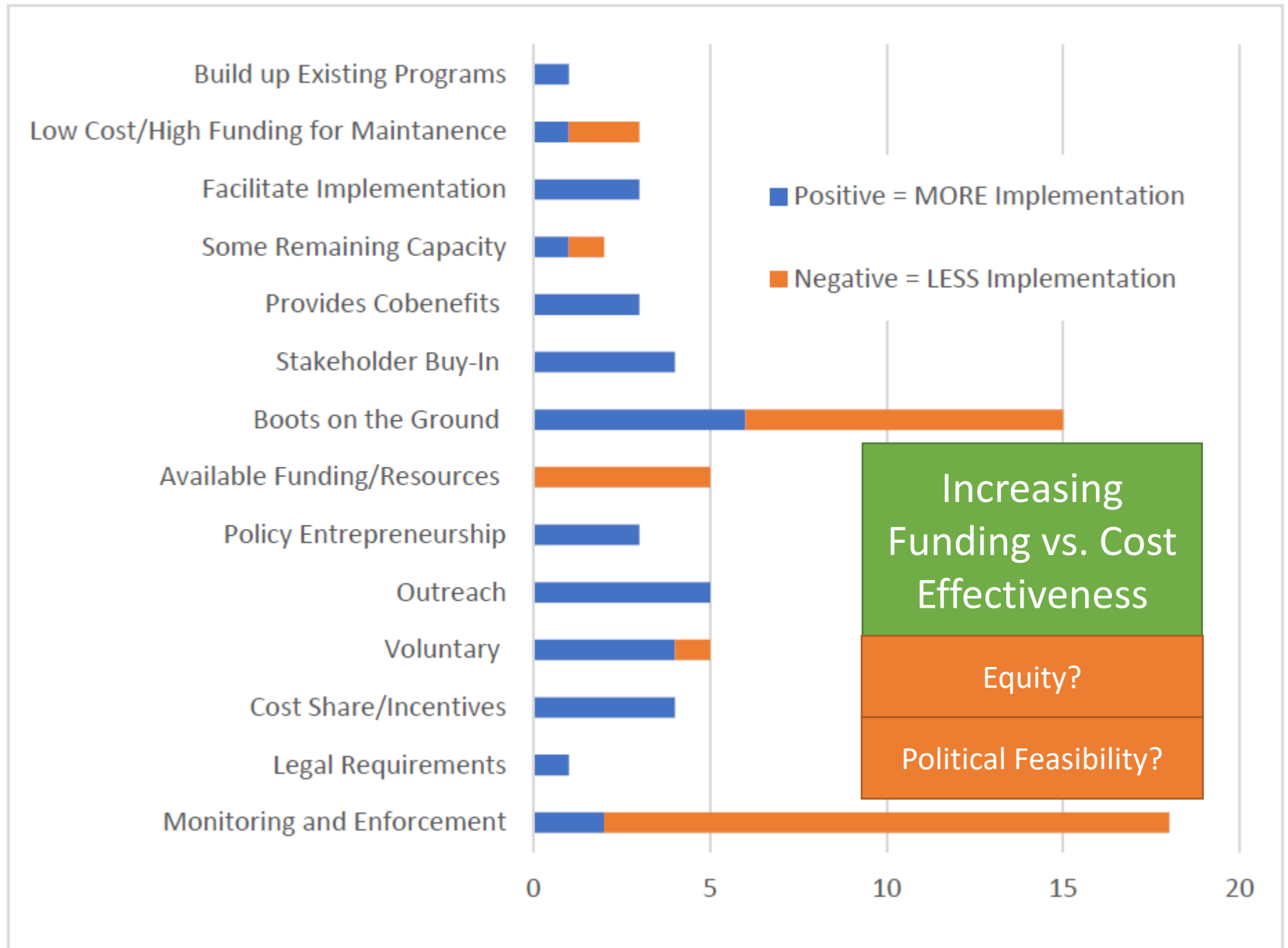
Response Gap

Implementation Gap

Legitimacy: Local-level Equity



Factors Affecting Implementation (General)



Acknowledgements



CNH2-L # 2009248

Colleagues who started the
snowball sample

59 People who
answered my
questions!