Suburban Case Study: Flatlick Branch (Fairfax, VA) Stream Restoration Project

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Department of Public Works and Environmental Services Working for You!



Outline

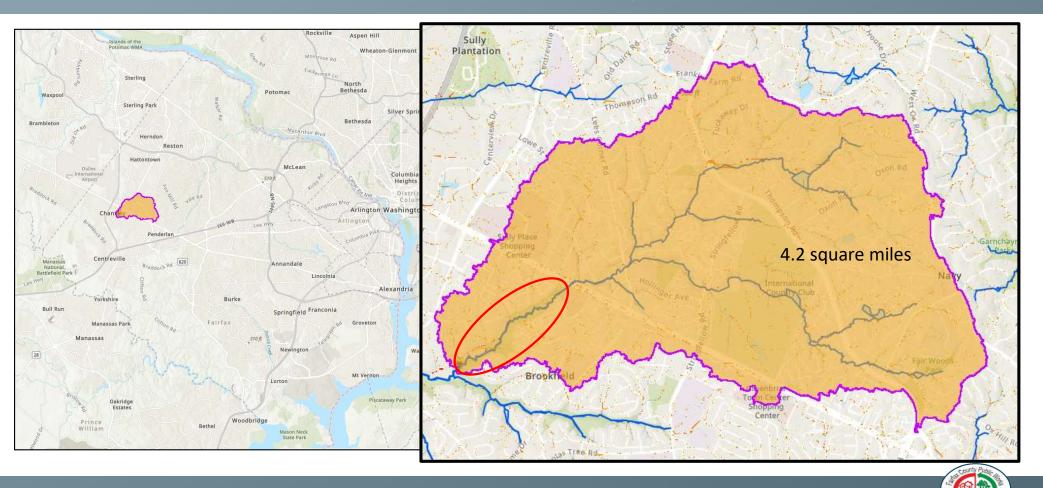
- Landscape setting & impairments
- Regulatory & policy drivers
- Goals
- Design approach / practices used
- Monitoring this is very different from most!
- Outcomes & applicability to future work

Thanks:

- Neely Law (Fairfax County)
- Aaron Porter (USGS)
- Fairfax County ecologists



Flatlick Branch Watershed, Fairfax County, VA



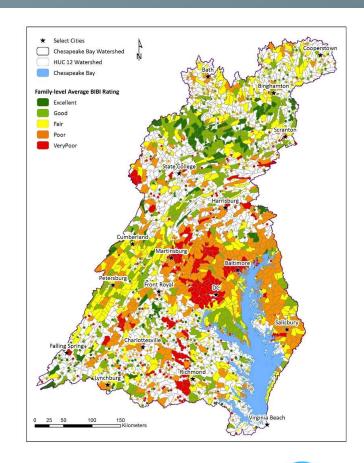
Flatlick Stream Restoration – Post-restoration aerial image



Regulatory Policy & Restoration Drivers

Desired/Regulated Outcomes

- Water quality improvement Ches Bay TMDL
 - Nitrogen, phosphorus and sediment reduction targets
 - Stream restoration is a key management action to reduce nutrient loads in the agricultural and urban land use sectors
- Continually improve stream health and function throughout the watershed.
 - Not explicitly defined
 - Stream health measured and tracked by the "Chessie BIBI" (Biology)





Restoration Goals

- 1. N, P and Sediment (Ches Bay TMDL)
- 2. Stability
- 3. Flood <u>less/more</u> frequently, connect to FP
- 4. Creation of habitat for biological improvement

Unusual for Fairfax County

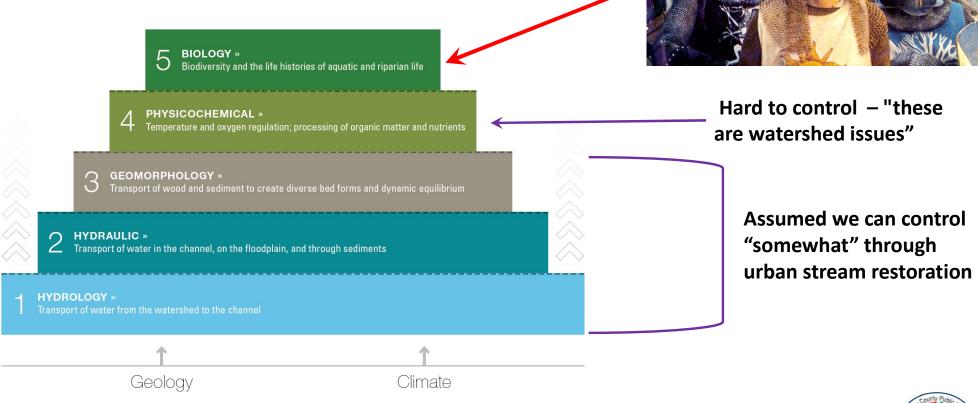
- Longer than most projects
- Larger stream (order/size) than typical







Design Approaches & Practices



What we are looking for...

Flatlick Branch Stream Restoration (Phases 1 & 2)





- Stressors Addressed through design
 - Geomorphology & (Sediment)
 - Flow regime
 - Nutrients
 - Restoration Length
 - Phase 1 1772 If
 - Phase 2 4275 If
 - Phase 1 & 2 are credited with the following reductions (default rate) using Ches Bay Protocols 1 and 2:
 - P 506 lbs/yr
 - N 4,221 lbs/yr
 - Sediment 66.3 tons/yr



Over 1.0 mi

Monitoring

- Ongoing partnership w/ USGS since 2007
- Comprehensive monitoring
 - Continuous temp, flow, stage, pH, DO, SPC, and turbidity
 - Every sampling event (below) temp, pH, DO & SPC
 - Monthly grabs (N, P, TSS, Turbidity)
 - Storm collections (3-6 per year) of N, P, Sediment
 - **Bi-monthly** (Bacteria, Ions)
 - Annual benthic macroinvertebrate surveys
 - **Triennial** (every 3rd year) fish monitoring (started 2016)



USGS Fairfax County, VA Surface Water Monitoring Network

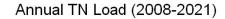


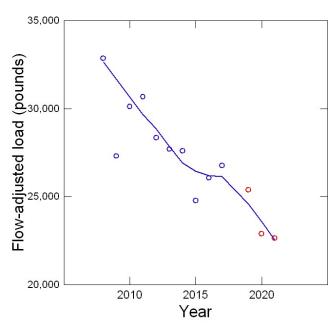




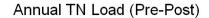
Flatlick Branch, Goal #1, TMDL Reductions (Total Nitrogen)

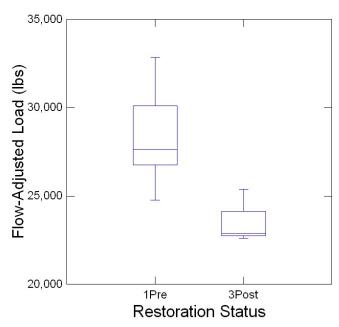
Total Nitrogen = GOAL ACHIEVED





Pre-Restoration / Post-Restoration





Kolmogorov-Smirnov, p <.0001 Mann-Whitney, p = 0.018



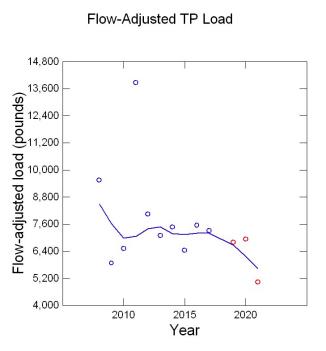
| Annual Nitrogen Reduction | Pounds/Yr |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Gage Measured (Flow-Adjusted Mean) | 4585 |
| TMDL Credited from Restoration | 4221 |
| Excess Removed | 364 |



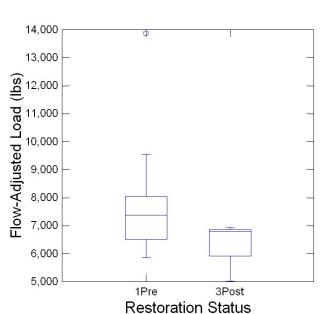
Flatlick Branch – Goal #1, TMDL Reductions (Total Phosphorus)

Annual TP Load (Pre-Post)

Total Phosphorus = GOAL ACHIEVED







Kolmogorov-Smirnov, p = 0.001 Mann-Whitney, p = 0.128



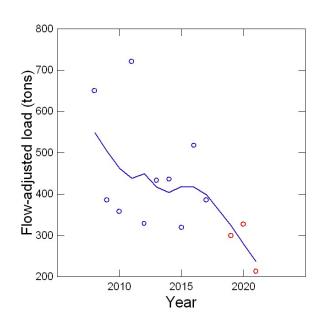
| Annual Phosphorus Reduction | Pounds/Yr |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Gage Measured (Flow-Adjusted Mean) | 1714 |
| TMDL Credited from Restoration | 506 |
| Excess Removed | 1208 |



Flatlick Branch – Goal #1, TMDL Reductions (Total Suspended Sediment)

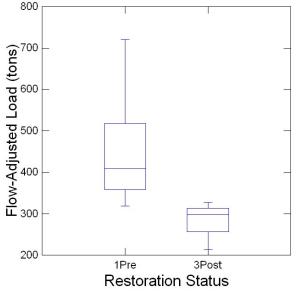
Total Suspended Sediment = GOAL ACHIEVED

Flow-Adjusted Sediment Load



Pre-Restoration / Post-Restoration

Annual Sediment Load (Pre-Post)



Kolmogorov-Smirnov, p = 0.020 Mann-Whitney, p = 0.018



| Annual Sediment Reduction | Tons/Yr |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Gage Measured (Flow-Adjusted Mean) | 174 |
| TMDL Credited from Restoration | 66 |
| Excess Removed | 108 |



Flatlick Branch – Goal #2, Stability

Stability = GOAL ACHIEVED

- 1. Maintain annual credits
- 2. Reduce maintenance / corrective action
- 3. 5-yr inspection cycle









Flatlick Branch – Goal #3 - Floodplain connectivity



Flatlick Branch – Goal #4, Habitat and Biological Improvements

RBP Habitat = GOAL *MAYBE* ACHIEVED?



Modified from EPA's Rapid Bioassessment Protocol (RBP)

10 metrics, 0-20 scale Semi-quantitative

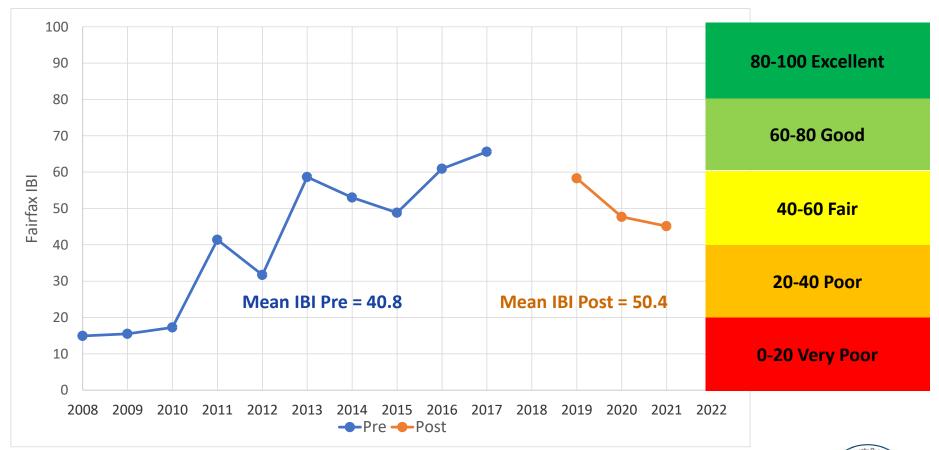
Goal of "improve habitat to support biology" assumes if you build it...

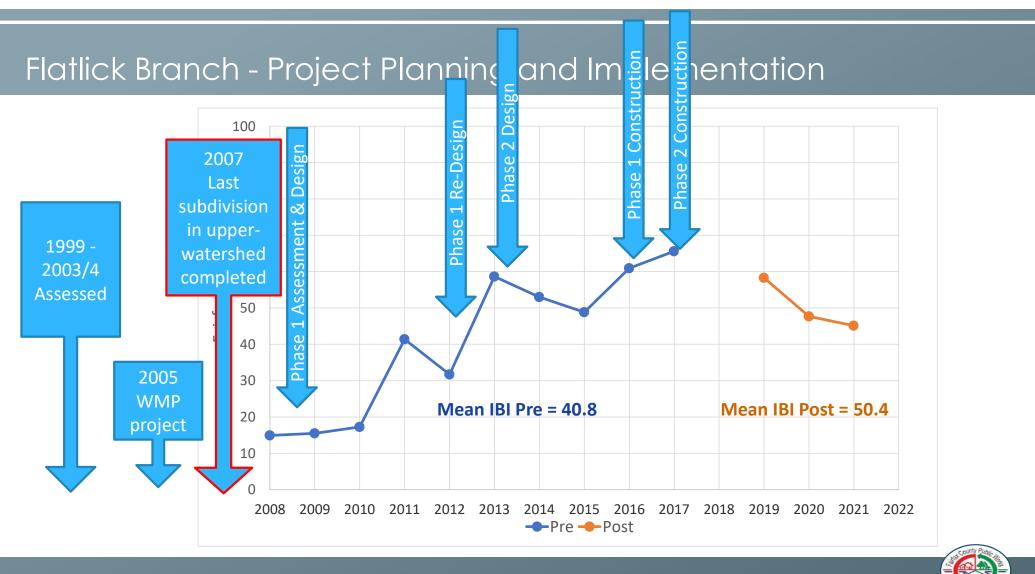


| RBP Metric | Trend |
|--|-------|
| Total Habitat Score | • |
| Epifaunal Substrate / Available Cover | 1 |
| Sedimentation (In-Channel Deposits) | 1 |
| Bank Stability | 1 |
| Channel Alteration (Man-Made Alteration) | • |
| Velocity/Depth Regime (Flow Variability) | • |

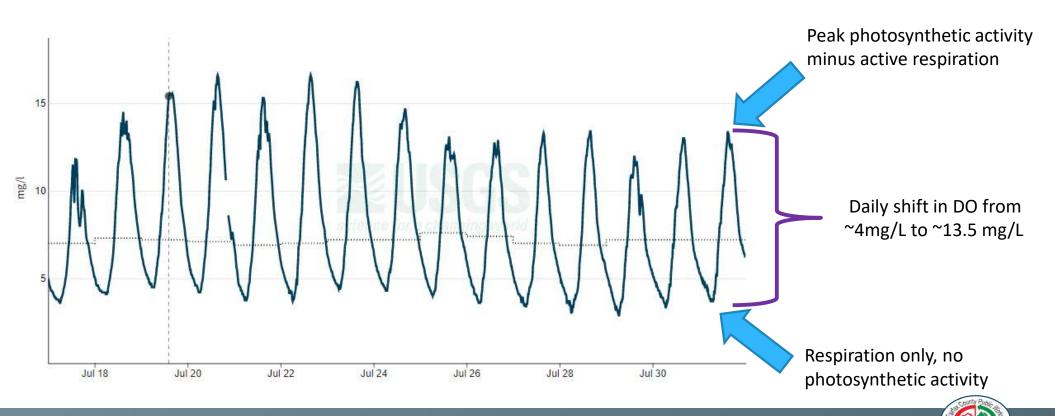


Flatlick Branch – Benthic Macroinvertebrate Assemblage



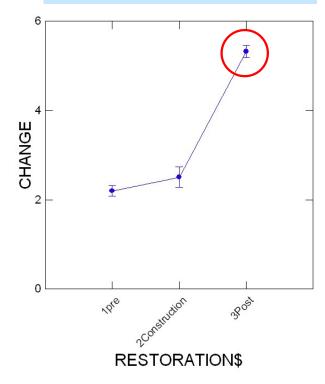


Diurnal cycle of dissolved oxygen

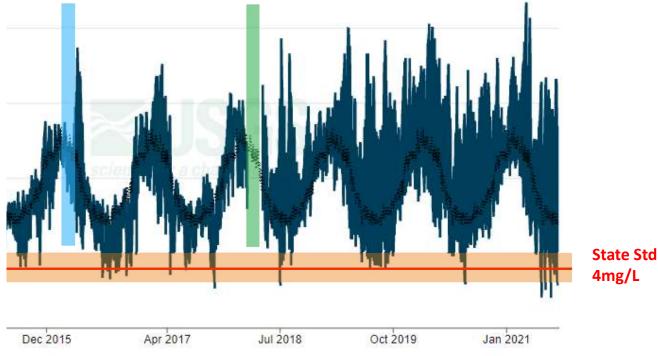


Dissolved Oxygen – large diurnal changes in DO (mg/L)

Significant increase in daily DO fluctuation (ANOVA, p < 0.001)

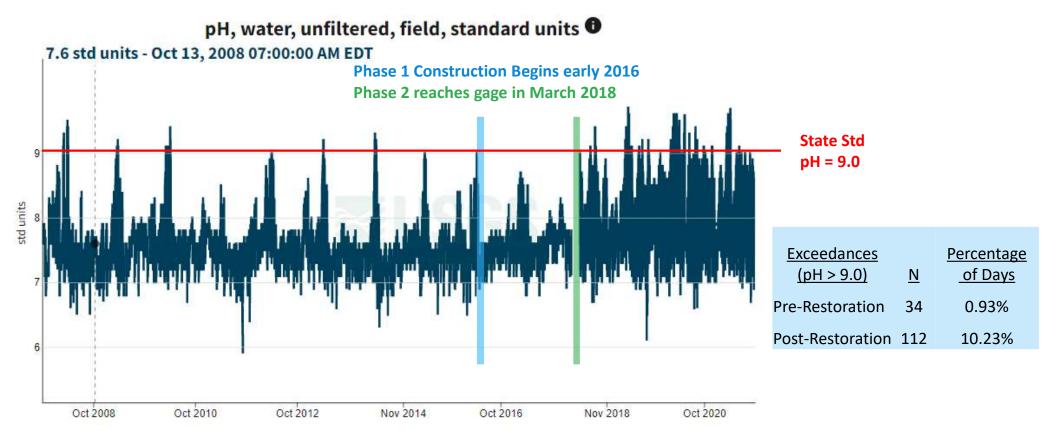


Phase 1 Construction Begins early 2016 Phase 2 reaches gage in March 2018





рН



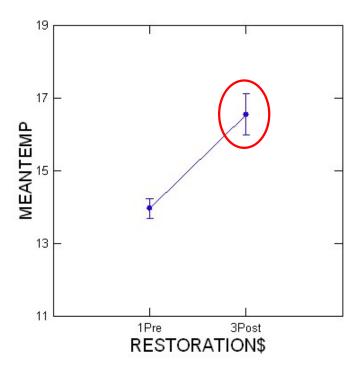


Changes in Stream Temperature (Pre- and Post-Construction)



Dulles Airport mean daily Air Temp increased 0.6 deg C over the same period

Over 2.5 deg C increase in the mean daily stream temperature (ANOVA, p<0.001)





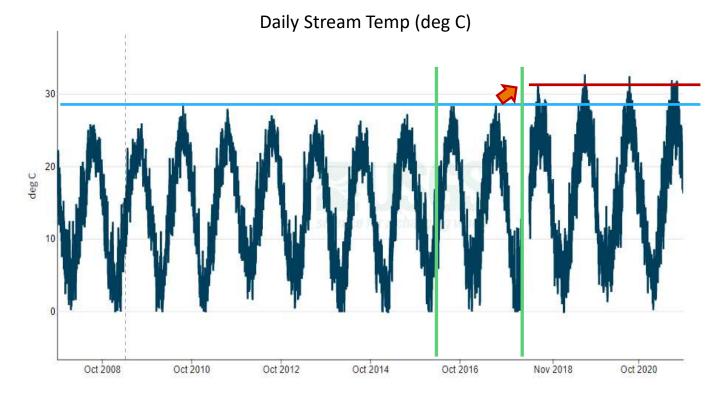
Stream Temperature – Max Temps, shifting baselines

Pre-construction (2007-2017)

- Daily Max Temp: 28.7 deg C
- That's 83.7 Fahrenheit!!!

Post-Construction (2018-Sept 2021)

- Daily Max Temp: 32.7 deg C
 State Std 32 deg C
- Exceeded 28.7 deg C = **105 times**
- Exceeded 30.0 deg C = **41 times**





Stressors - Fish Thermal Tolerance/Restoration Response

Physiochemical Stressors for Fish (measured on most water quality sondes)

- DO
- pH
- Conductivity (TDS)
- Temperature

Each species has different tolerances for each of these stressors These can change with life stage (egg, juvenile, adult, etc.)

Many minnows with a native range in Fairfax, Virginia have thermal tolerance at 28-30 deg C

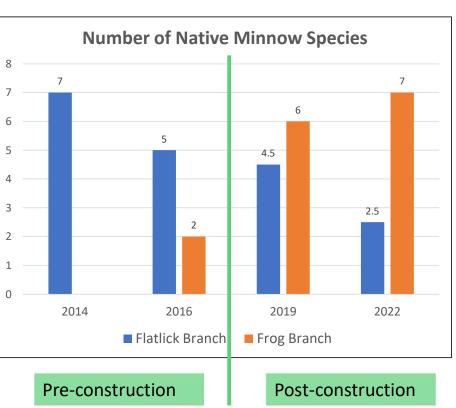






Fish Assemblages (restoration reach and adjacent stream)







Shift in fish assemblage

Median Percent Abundance in Fish Families

| | Centra | Centrarchidae (Sunfishes) | | Cyprinidae (Minnows) | | |
|-----------------|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|-------|
| Stream | Pre | Post | Trend | Pre | Post | Trend |
| Flatlick Branch | 39.0% | 65.4% | 1 | 34.8% | 5.7% | 1 |
| Frog Branch* | 4.7% | 21.3% | 1 | 92.3% | 63.3% | 1 |





Restoration Outcomes

| Restoration Goal | Measurable | Outcomes |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Credits toward Chesapeake Bay TMDL | Nitrogen | 1 |
| | Phosphorus | 1 |
| | Total Suspended Sediment | 1 |
| 2. Stability | repeated visual inspections | 1 |
| 3. Floodplain connectivity | USGS stage data | 1 |
| 4. Habitat for biological recovery | RBP habitat metrics | — |
| Other - Physiochemical | Temperature | • |
| | Conductivity | |
| | рН | • |
| | Dissolved Oxygen | • |
| Other - Biology | Benthic macroinvertebrates | □+ |
| | Fish assemblage | • |



Where we are...

- Lag times from project identification to completion affect outcomes
- Management practices that focus on singular impairments/sources/stressor may limit holistic restoration outcomes
 - Multiple stressors impacting stream health
- Regulatory and non-regulatory drivers of stream restoration impact restoration approach
- Need for robust monitoring, particularly linked expected restoration outcomes
- Modifying stream ecosystems require trade-offs limiting or delaying lift

Next steps

- Add stressors/factors to monitor or add to analyses (suggestions?)
- Investigate specific metrics, indicator species, and community analyses
- Dive into life history data regarding key critters (fish, benthics, others?)



Additional Information

For additional information, please contact

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www.fairfaxcounty.gov/publicworks www.fairfaxcounty.gov/environment-energy-coordination



Reference Site IBIs 2004-2021 (by Physiographic Province)

Reference Site IBI Scores by Physiographic Province

