

CBP Ammonia Data 101

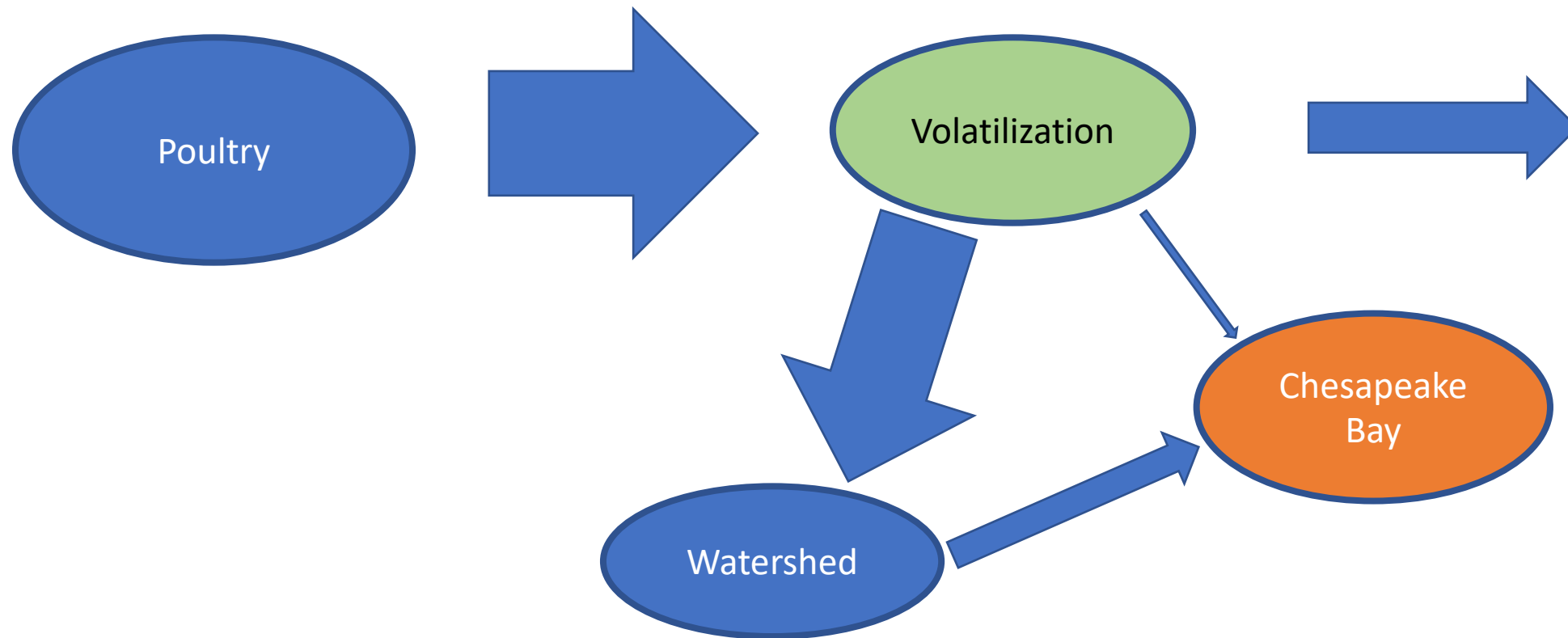
Gary Shenk – CBPO

5/4/2022

STAC workshop

Improving Modeling and Mitigation Strategies for Poultry Ammonia Emissions
Across the Chesapeake Bay Watershed

The Chesapeake Bay Poultry Ammonia Issue

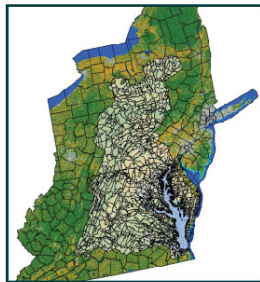


...along with other forms of nitrogen from ag, other sources of nitrogen, plus phosphorus and sediment

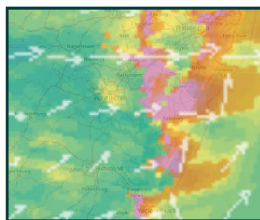
CBP Watershed Model

Data and Model Inputs

Pollution Control Data
Land Use Data
Point Sources Data
Septic Data
U.S. Census Data
Agricultural Data



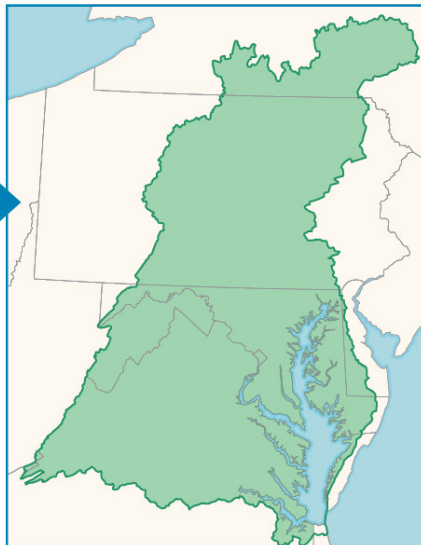
Land Use
Change
Model



Airshed
Model

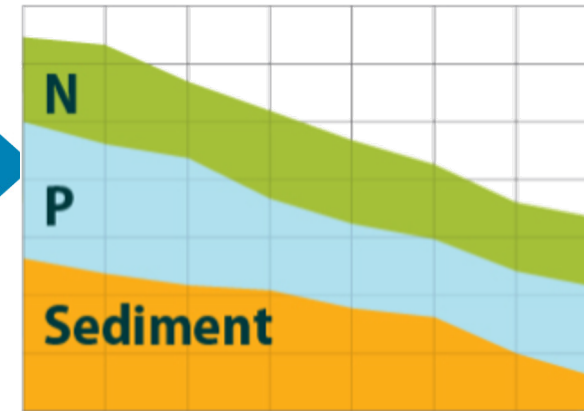
Precipitation Data
Meteorological Data
Elevation Data
Soil Data

What are the
load changes
due to land
use, BMPS,
Wastewater



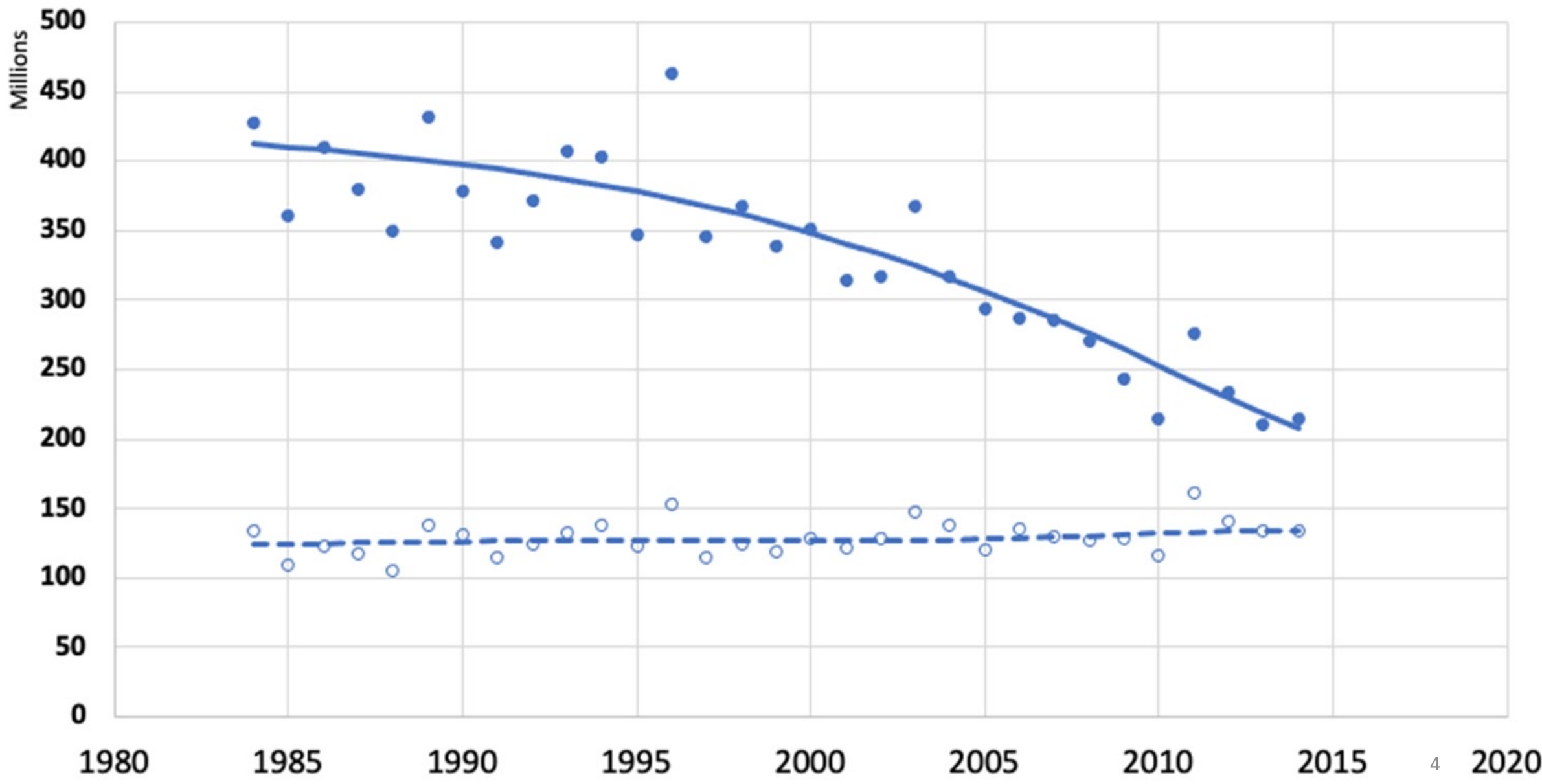
CAST

Nitrogen
Phosphorus
Sediment

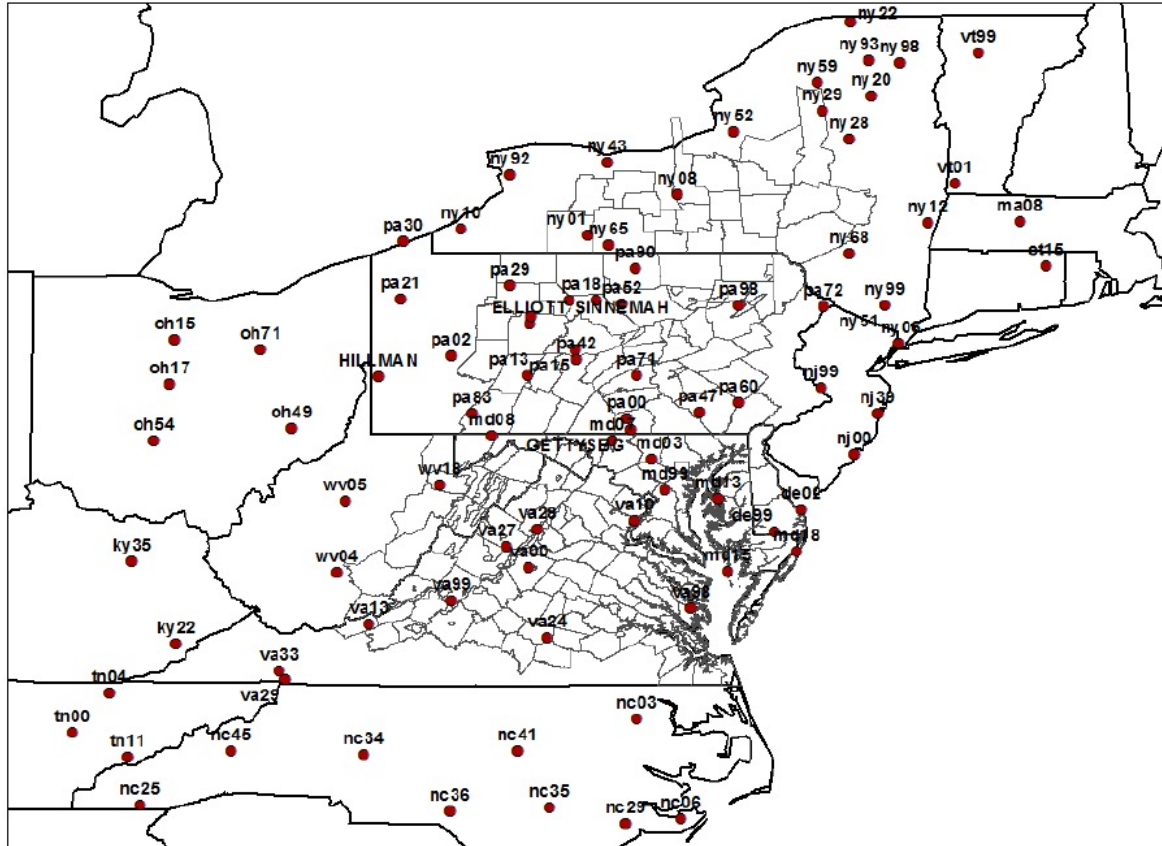


● Nitrate (NOx) ○ Ammonium (NHx) — NOx Detrended - - - NHx Detrended

Atmospheric N-Deposition



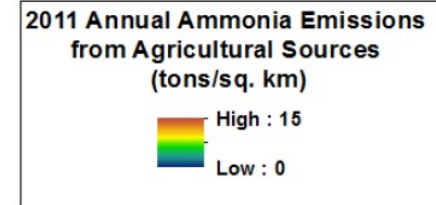
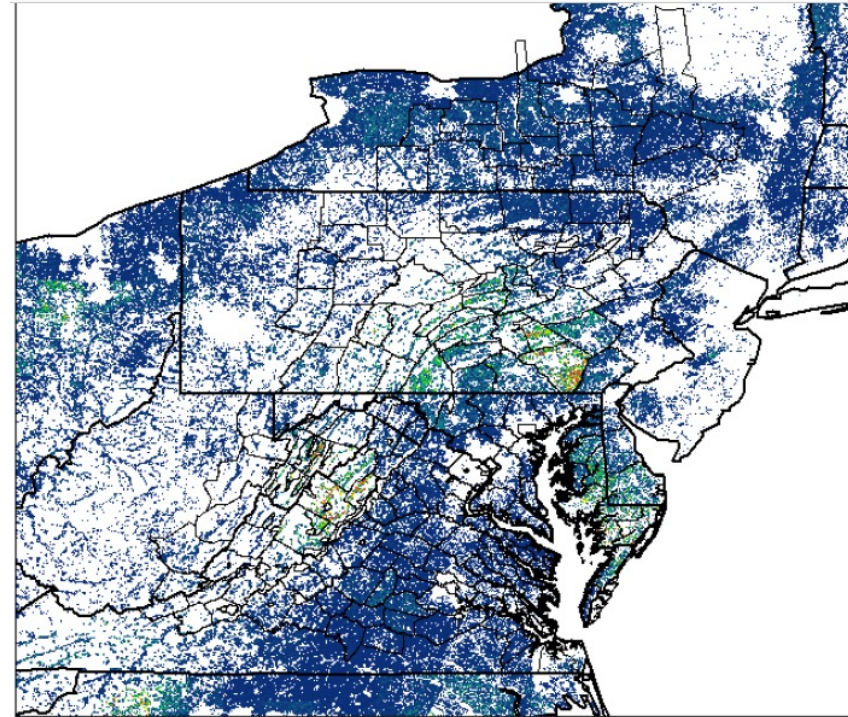
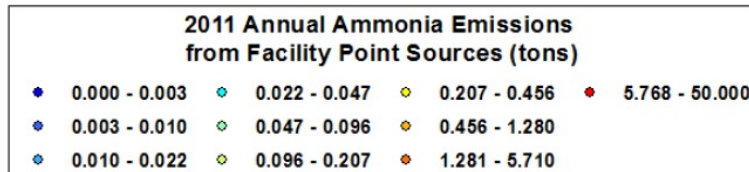
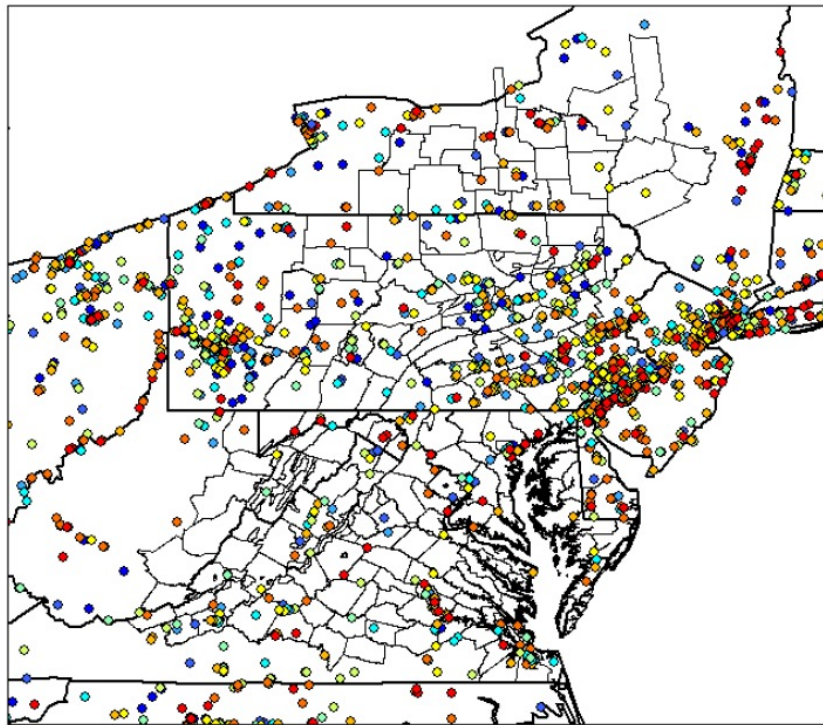
How does the CBP calculate deposition?



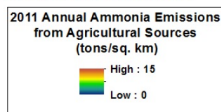
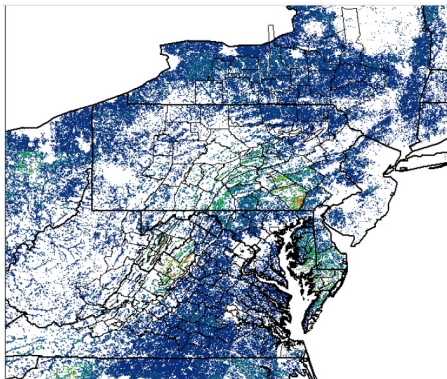
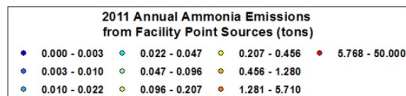
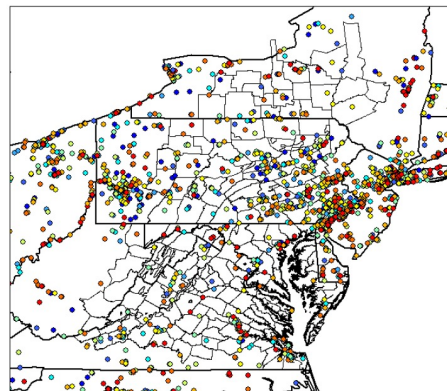
- Monitoring sites

How does the CBP calculate deposition?

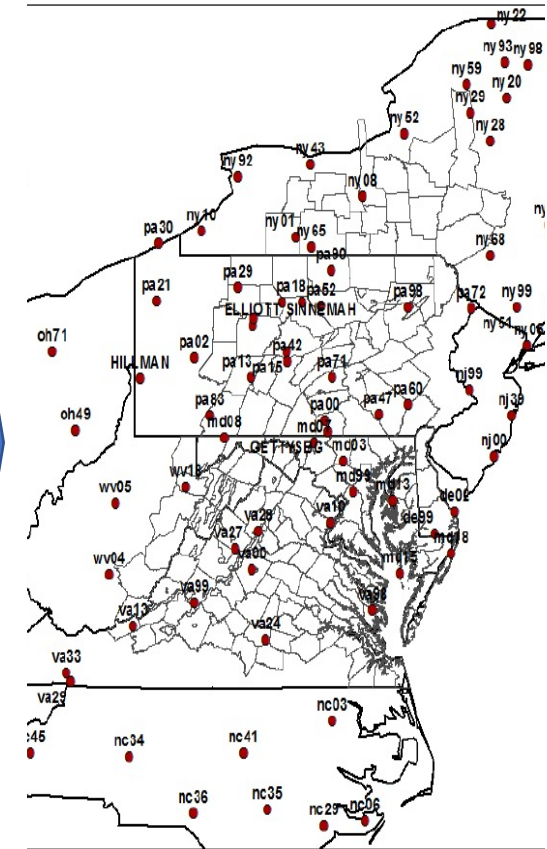
- Emission sources



How do we calculate deposition?



- Deposition in Rainfall
 - Statistical modeling
 - Sources
 - Rainfall
 - Wind direction
- Dry-weather deposition
 - CMAQ
- Future change in deposition
 - CMAQ



Phase 6 Manure Conceptual Model

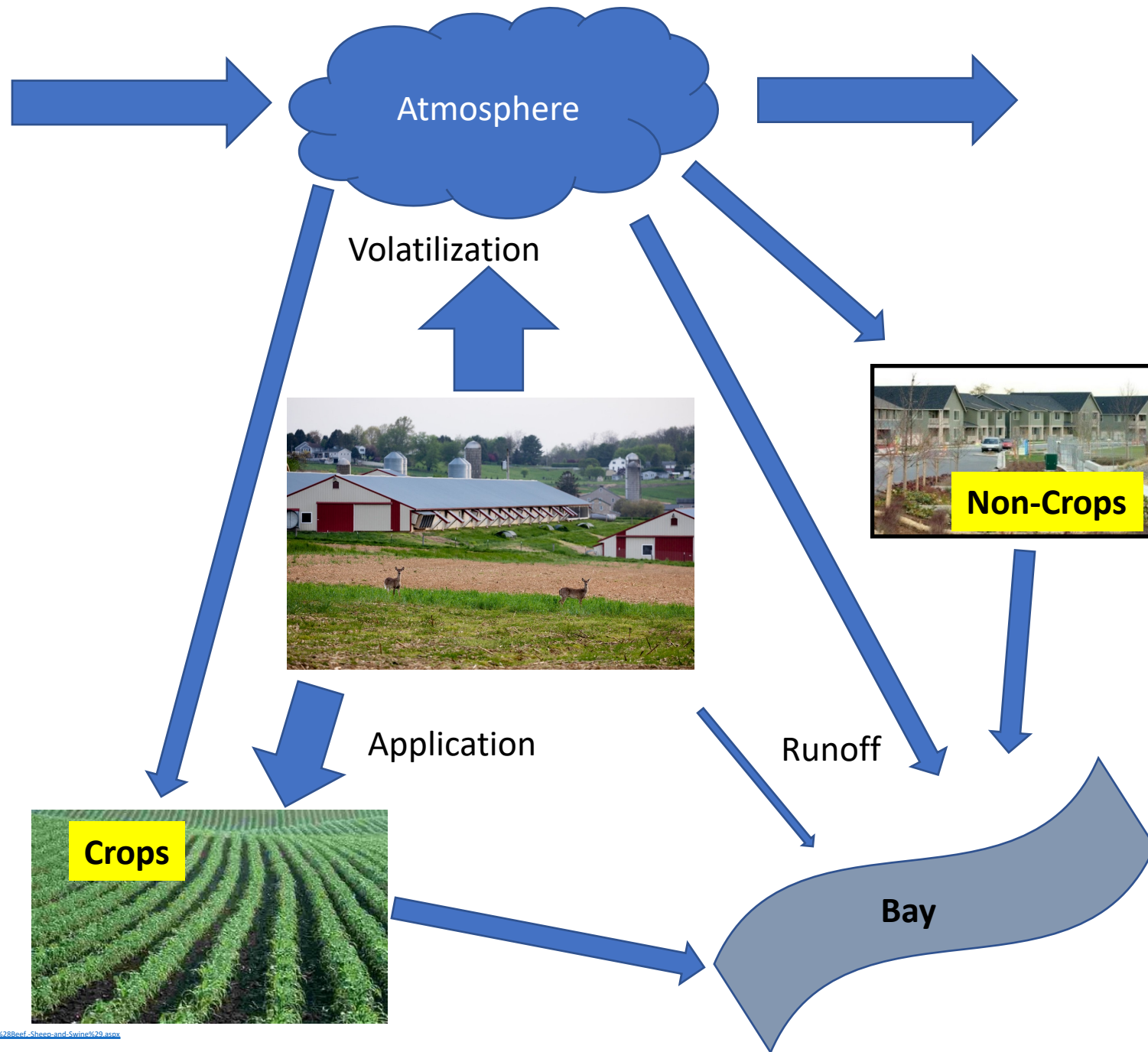
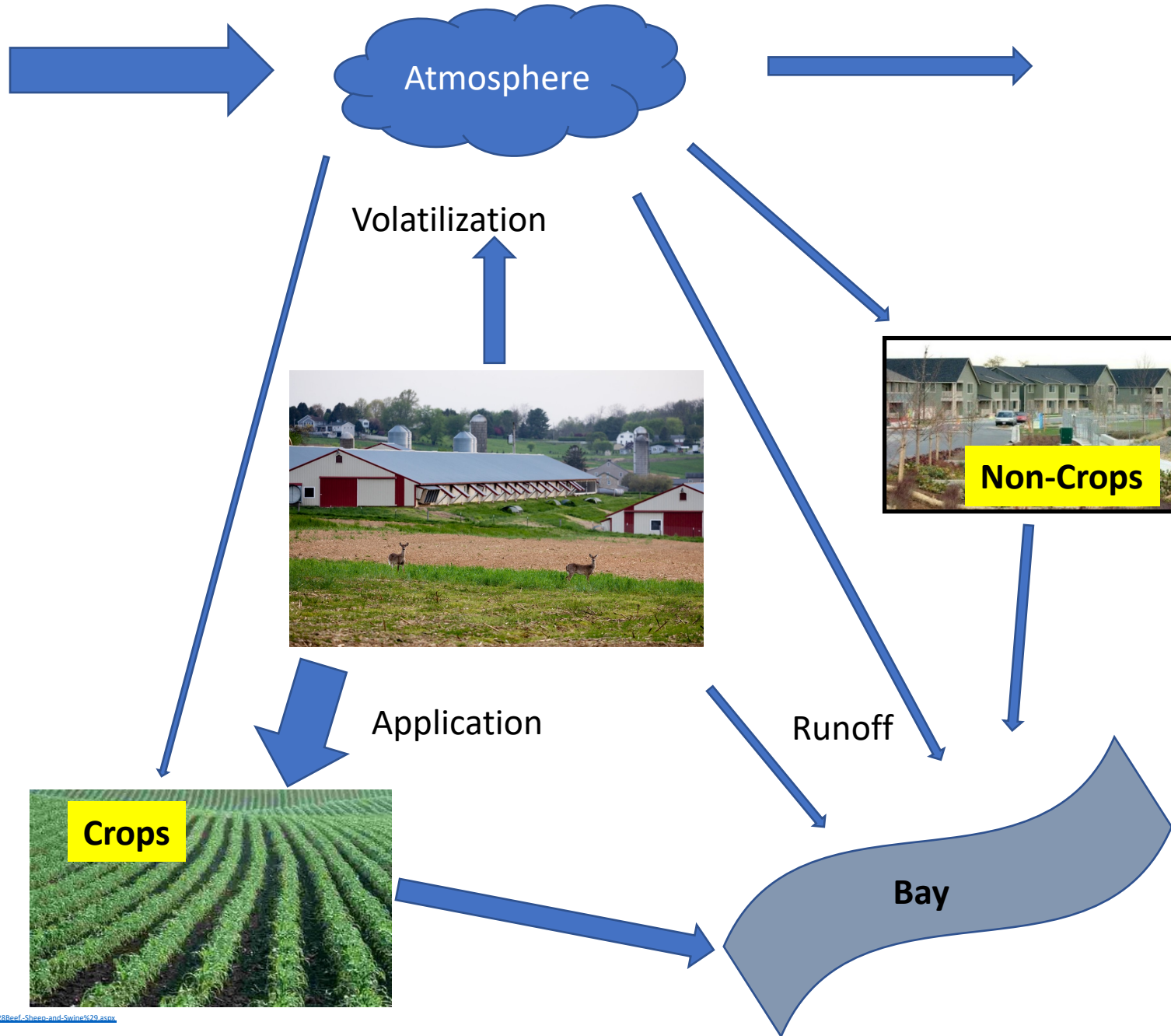


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<http://pubs.ext.vt.edu/417/417-308/417-308.html>
http://nh.water.usgs.gov/omisc1/chemolien_bmp/eg.htm

Phase 6 Manure Conceptual Model

Add volatilization *filtering* practices

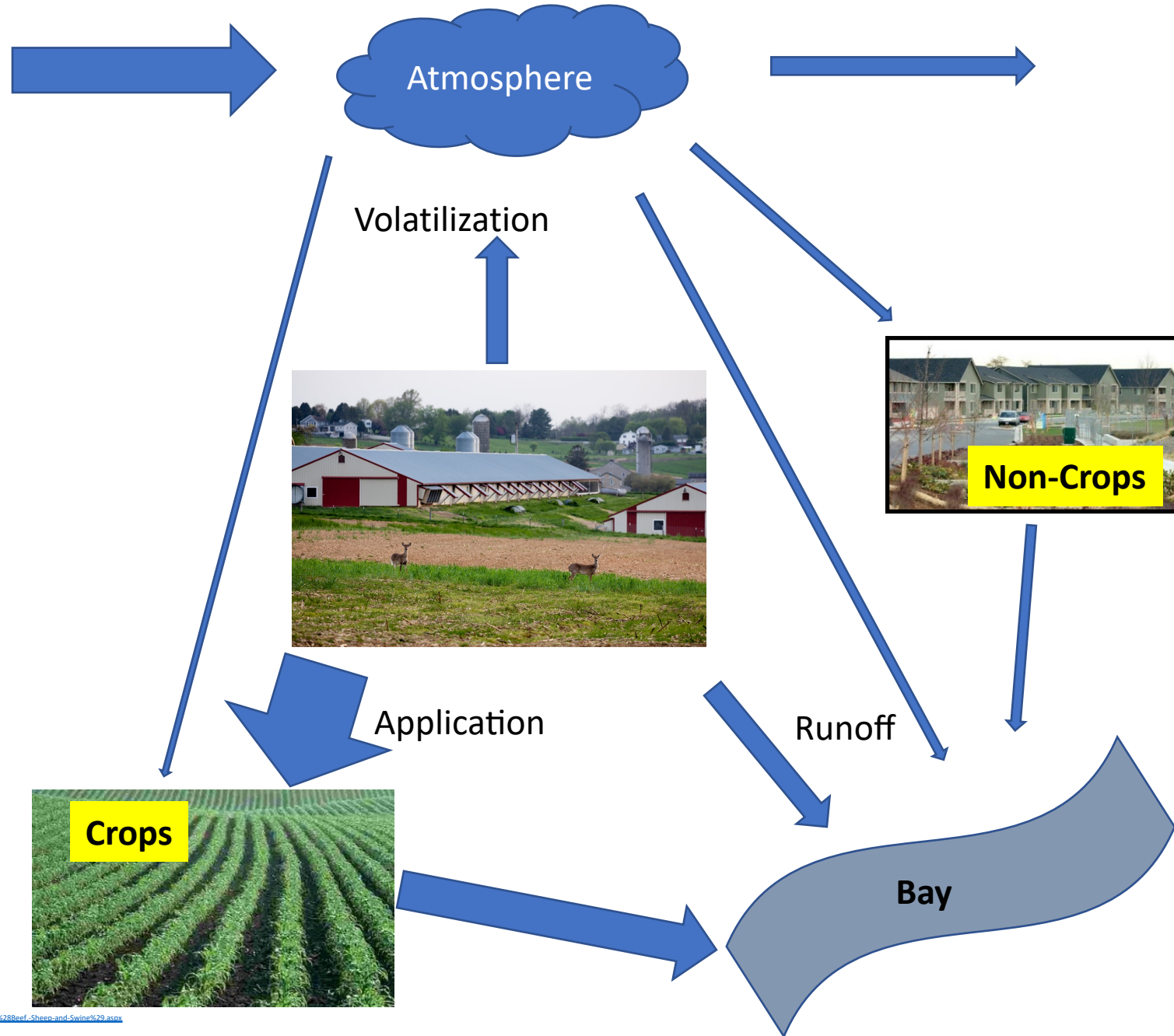
Effect exaggerated



Phase 6 Manure Conceptual Model

Add volatilization *restriction* practices

Effect exaggerated



Atmospheric path is not efficient

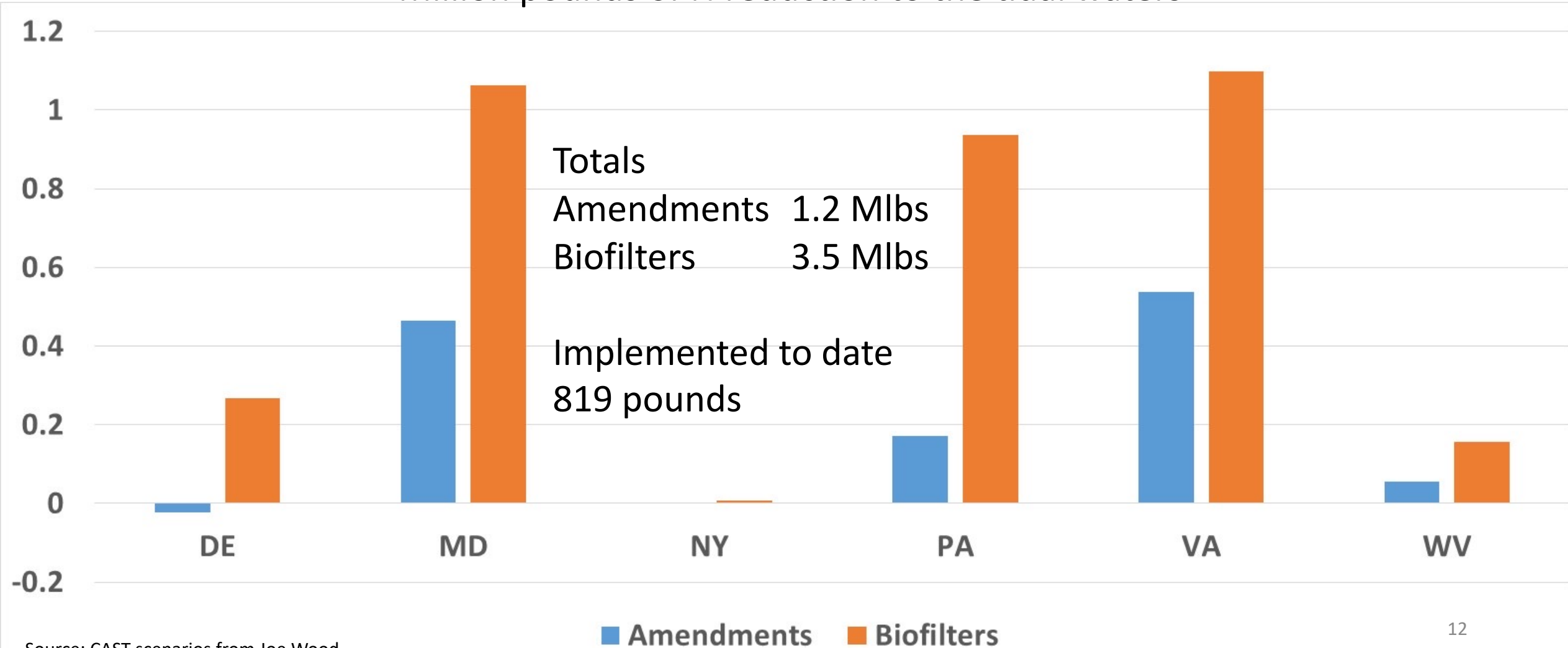
Reduced nitrogen: Ammonia

	Emitter	Emitter	Emitter	Emitter	Emitter	Emitter
	DE	MD	NY	PA	VA	WV
To Watershed	24.0%	49.6%	13.7%	34.1%	41.8%	25.7%
Delivered	3.2%	6.8%	1.8%	5.1%	4.6%	3.2%
To Bay	2.0%	4.4%	0.6%	1.6%	4.4%	1.7%
Total Delivered	5.3%	11.2%	2.4%	6.7%	8.9%	5.0%

Source: Phase 6 documentation

Potential Reductions currently available in CAST

Million pounds of N reduction to the tidal waters



Note: known issue with low estimate of Maryland poultry emissions

Source Apportionment to Chesapeake Bay Watershed

Total Reduced N Deposition

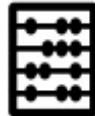
Source Regions	Emission Streams						Total
	Animal	CMV	EGU	Mobile	Nonroad	Poultry	
Central	35%	0%	1%	4%	0%	14%	10%
Central East	7%	0%	0%	2%	0%	1%	1%
Central West	4%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	11%
Delmarva	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	2%
Northeast	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%
Northwest	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	7%
Other	10%	0%	0%	1%	0%	2%	13%
South	3%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	5%
Southwest	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%



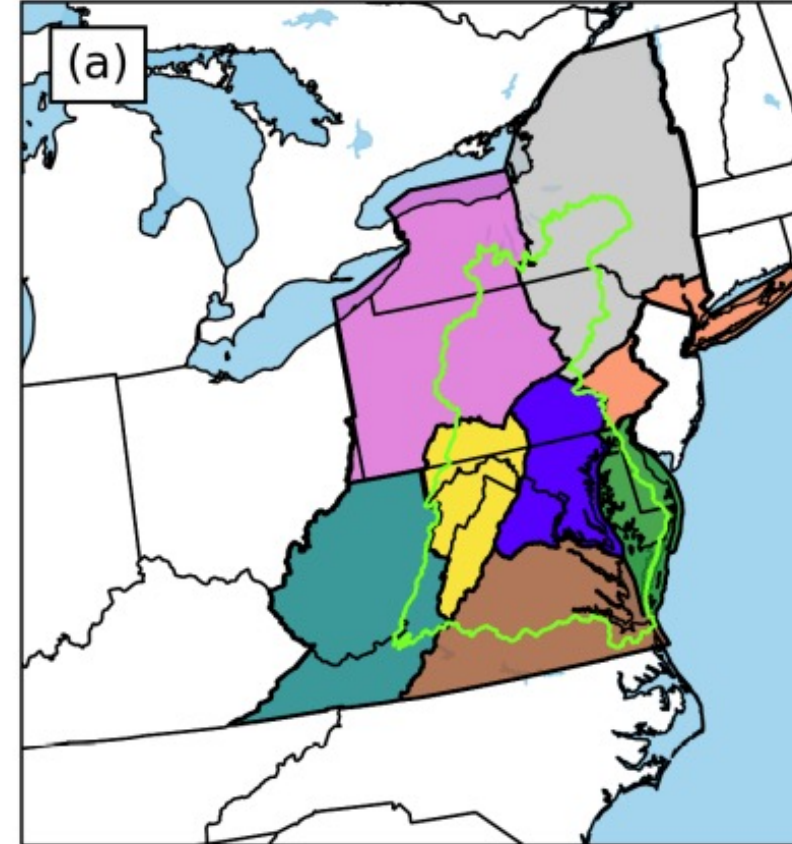
25%



14%



8%



Summary

- The CBP estimates total atmospheric deposition load
- The CBP estimates reductions in load to the Chesapeake from changes in volatilization
 - It's complicated
- Using the current model, almost 5 million pounds of reduction are available, but little used
- Improved transport estimates are on the way