

Citizen Science and Nontraditional Partner Monitoring MOU Update

Peter Tango – USGS@CBPO

Emily Bialowas - Izaak Walton League

Liz Chudoba – Alliance for the Chesapeake Bay

September 11, 2018

CBP STAC Meeting



Outline



- Data Needs, Citizen Science and links to Chesapeake Bay Agreement Goals and Outcomes
- The Memorandum and the Chesapeake Monitoring Cooperative
- Active program integration and developing opportunities
- Memorandum of Understanding Commitments
- Path to approval by the CBP



Water Quality Standards Attainment and Monitoring Outcome

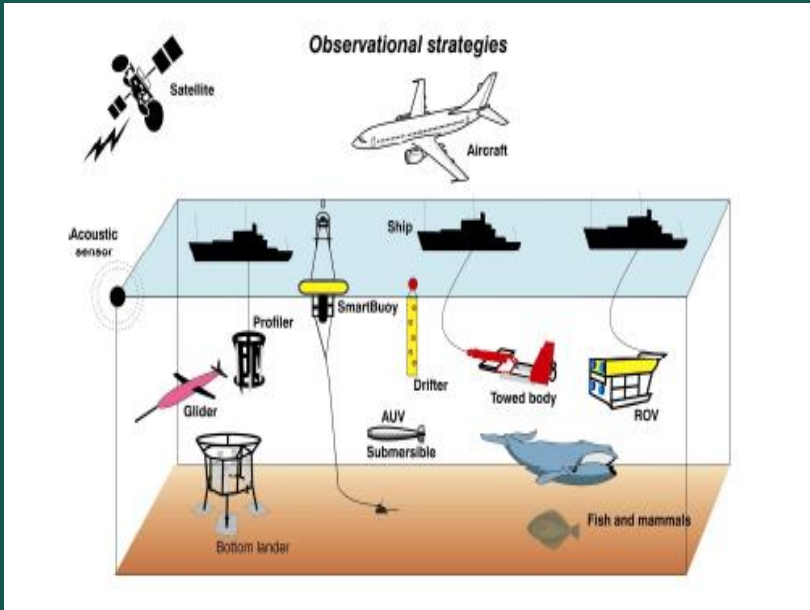
Peter Tango

USGS@CBPO

Chair - Criteria Assessment Protocol WG

STAR Coordinator

Through the 2014 Chesapeake Bay Watershed Agreement, the Chesapeake Bay Program has committed to...



Goal: *Reduce pollutants to achieve the water quality necessary to support the aquatic living resources of the Bay and its tributaries and protect human health.*

Outcome:

Continually improve the capacity to monitoring and assess the effects of management actions being understand to implement the TMDL and improve water quality. Use the monitoring results to report annually to the public on progress made in attaining established water quality standards and trends in reducing nutrients and sediment in the watershed.



What is our progress?

Our capacity to Monitor
Watershed loads and trends: Adequate

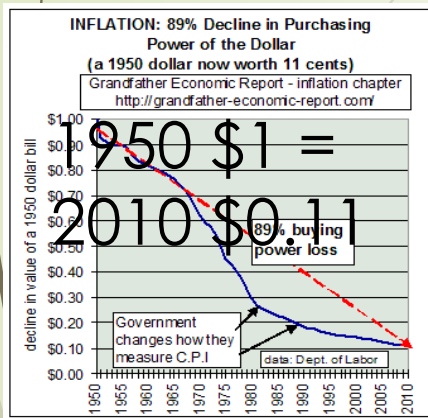
Bay Water Quality Standards Attainment:
Marginal

Under present support, both program elements show that we are experiencing erosion and decline.

Capacity to Monitor
(USEPA 2003 scale):

1. Recommended
2. Adequate
3. Marginal

What is our progress?

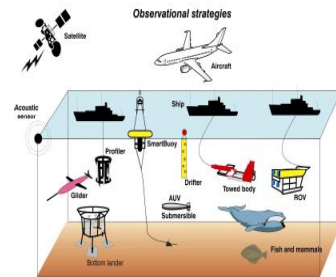


➤ (-) Inflation impacts with level funding

➤ (-) Aging out of the infrastructure

➤ (-) Lost monitoring partnerships

Creative Program Management for Sustaining and Growing Capacity To Fill Gaps



➤ (+) Use of Citizen-based and nontraditional partner data.

➤ (+) Updated assessment protocols (USEPA 2017)

➤ (+) Partnership adapting of existing monitoring resources

Quarterly Progress Meeting - August 2018



Monitoring & Assessment, Adaptation Outcomes

*Climate Resiliency Working Group
Mark Bennett, USGS
Co-Chair*



What We Want



To have the Management Board support our efforts in:

- Addressing recommendations for BMP Siting and Design data/research needs
- **Developing a prioritized list of specific data needs for use by Citizen Science Programs**
- Promoting utilization of the Chesapeake Bay Program Climate Smart Framework & Decision-Support Tool
- Incorporating climate change into the Phase III WIPs



Connecting to Chesapeake Bay Agreement Goals

Bay Agreement Goal	Outcomes
Stewardship Goal	Citizen Stewardship Outcome
Water Quality Goal	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 2017 WIP Outcome• 2025 WIP Outcome• Water Quality Standards Attainment and Monitoring Outcome
Healthy Watersheds Goal	Healthy Watersheds Outcome
Vital Habitats Goal	Stream Health Outcome

Memorandum of Understanding

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

AMONG

The State of Delaware, the District of Columbia, the State of Maryland, the State of New York, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the Commonwealth of Virginia, the State of West Virginia, the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin, the Susquehanna River Basin Commission, the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the United States Geological Survey, and the Chesapeake Bay Commission.

REGARDING

Using Citizen and Non-traditional Partner Monitoring Data to Assess Water Quality and Living Resource Status and Our Progress Toward Restoration of a Healthy Chesapeake Bay and Watershed

WHEREAS, the health of the Chesapeake Bay and its watershed depends on individual and community-based stewardship by the more than 18 million people who call this watershed home;

WHEREAS, the Chesapeake Bay Program is a leader in leveraging resources through a partnership approach;

WHEREAS, individuals, watershed groups, schools, local governments, and other organizations volunteer their time and talents by participating in environmental monitoring programs; and this *citizen science* represents a unique opportunity for advancing our knowledge while supporting education and community service;

WHEREAS, the cost of monitoring and assessment of tidal and non-tidal waters as well as other ecosystems in the Chesapeake Bay watershed exceeds the capabilities of individual partners and surpasses current funding within the jurisdictions, it is essential that all data sources of known quality be integrated into our monitoring networks;

WHEREAS, data resulting from volunteer and nontraditional partner monitoring, and citizen science efforts can inform impact assessments of local conservation actions as well as decisions that support targeting of management practices that will restore and sustain the health of habitats, living resources and communities across the Bay watershed;

WHEREAS, the Chesapeake Monitoring Cooperative (CMC) has created a framework to facilitate the collection and integration of volunteer and nontraditional partner monitoring efforts into the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Chesapeake Bay Program that represents a unique

collaboration and network of monitoring groups across all six states and the District of Columbia;

NOW, THEREFORE, we, the undersigned representatives of the District, state, interstate, and federal entities with responsibility for monitoring the waters and resources of the Chesapeake Bay and its watershed agree that we will:

- Work cooperatively with the CMC and the Chesapeake Bay Program partnership to support and sustain a network of citizen science and non-traditional monitoring partners.
- Work to support an open-access clearinghouse of quality-assured environmental data generated by citizen scientists and nontraditional partners integrate this data into monitoring networks for educational, management, targeting and regulatory assessment applications.
- Promote the collection of water quality, benthic macroinvertebrate, and other monitoring data by non-traditional partners, such as, local and regional organizations, agencies, and/or educational institutions.
- Develop and adopt methods for data integration into regional monitoring and assessment strategies.
- Collaborate with the CMC in training of volunteer and non-traditional partner monitoring efforts.
- Support and actively contribute to the review and implementation of standard protocols and quality assurance programs to produce data of known and documented quality across all seven watershed jurisdictions.

Goal

- Use of data of known quality and the Chesapeake Data Explorer

Tools

- Tiered framework
- Standardized QAPPs and monitoring protocols
- Training



CMC
Chesapeake Monitoring
Cooperative

Citizen and Nontraditional Monitoring
ACB CB96334901
Management Board Presentation
June 14, 2018

Chesapeake Monitoring Cooperative

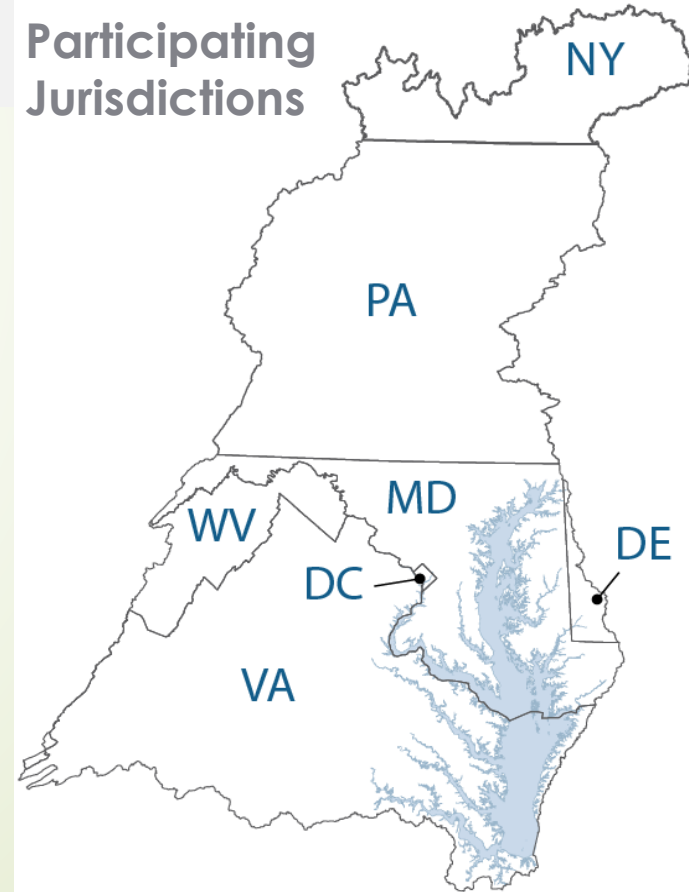
A partnership that aims to provide **technical, logistical, and outreach support** for the integration of volunteer-based and nontraditional water quality and benthic macroinvertebrate monitoring data into the Chesapeake Bay Program (CBP) partnership.

Cooperative Agreement: CMC development team partners & service providers



University of Maryland
CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

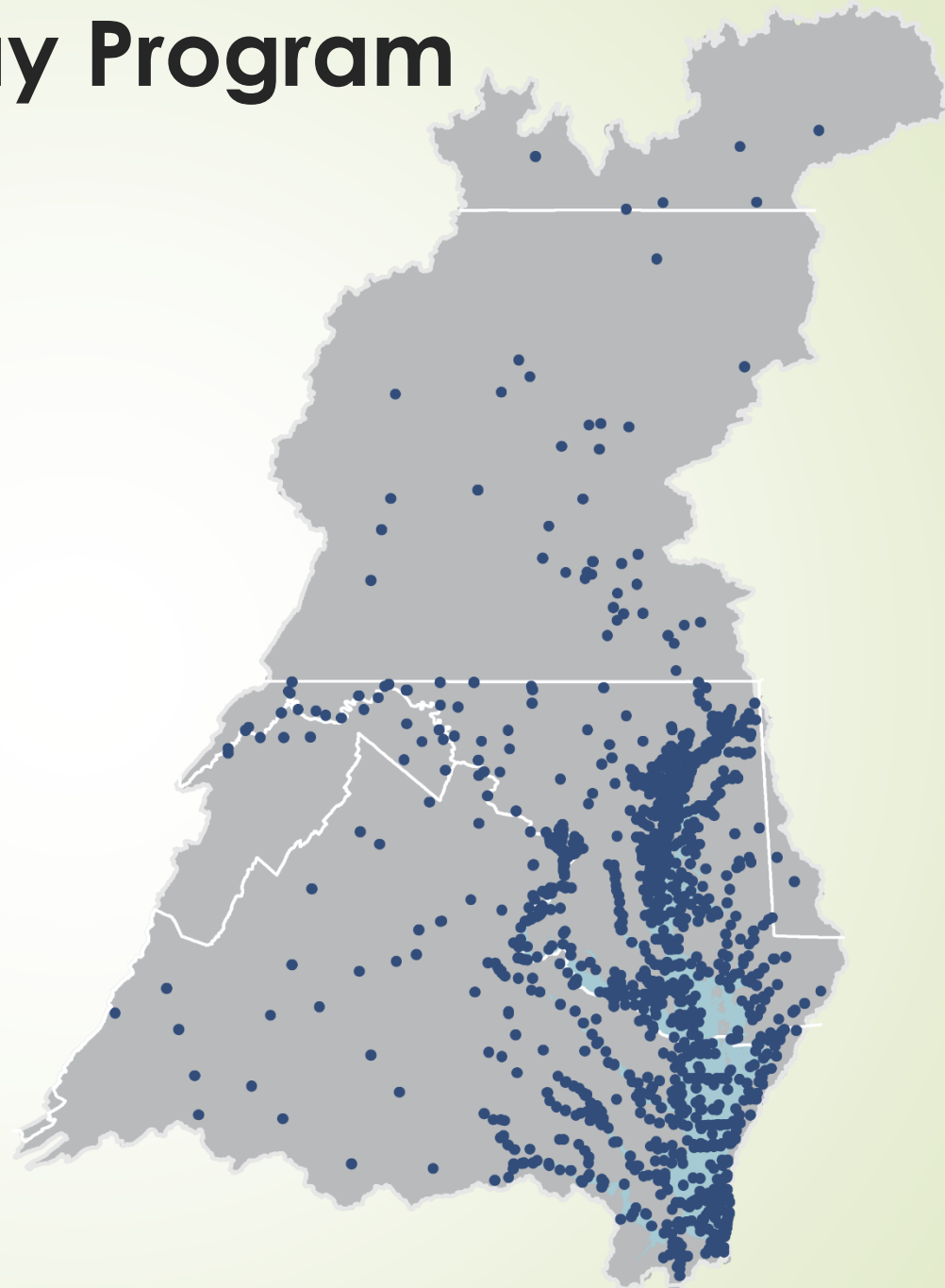
Participating Jurisdictions



Chesapeake Bay Program Monitoring Sites

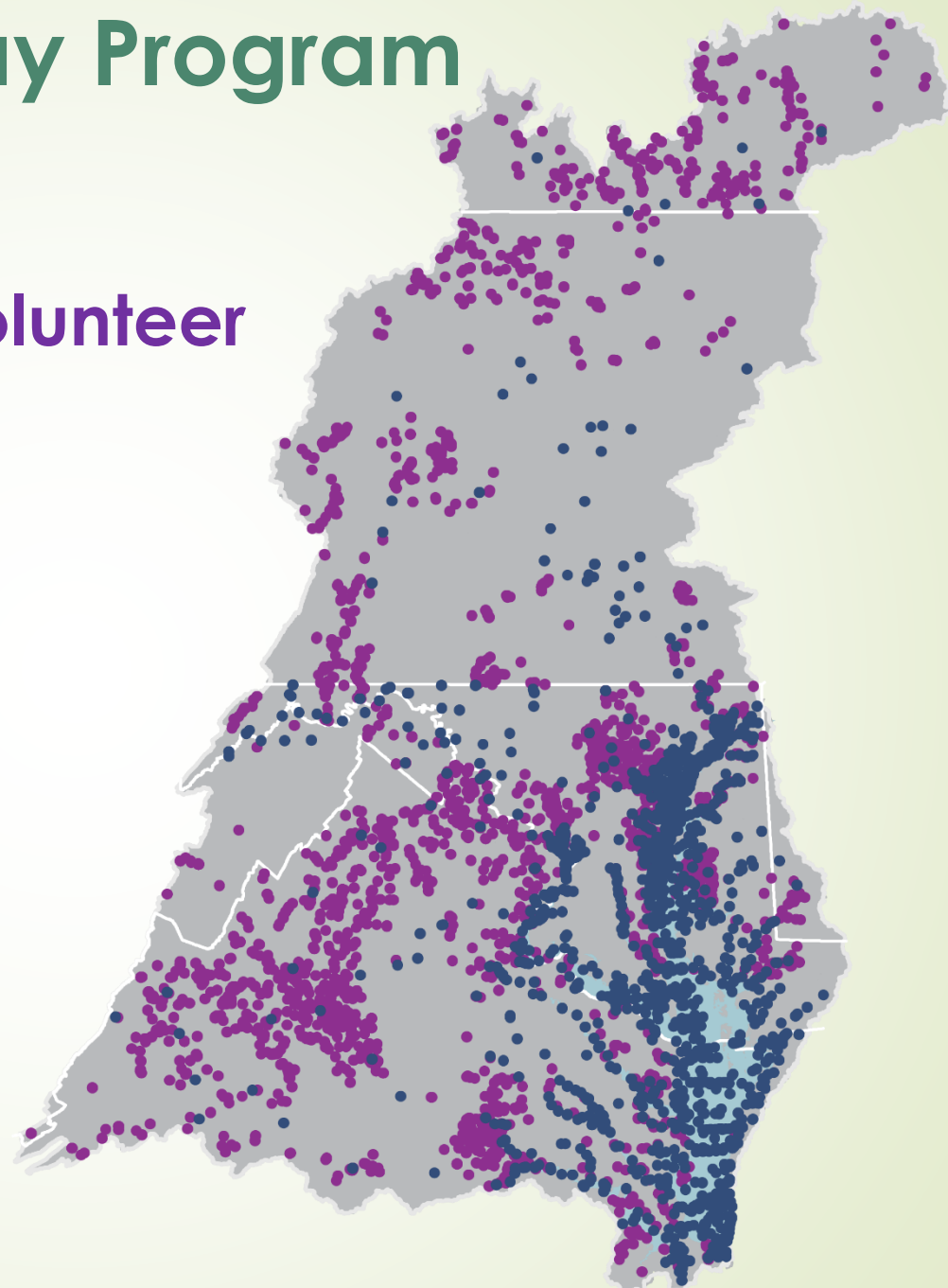
Coverage Includes

- Tidal water quality
- Benthic
- Non-tidal network



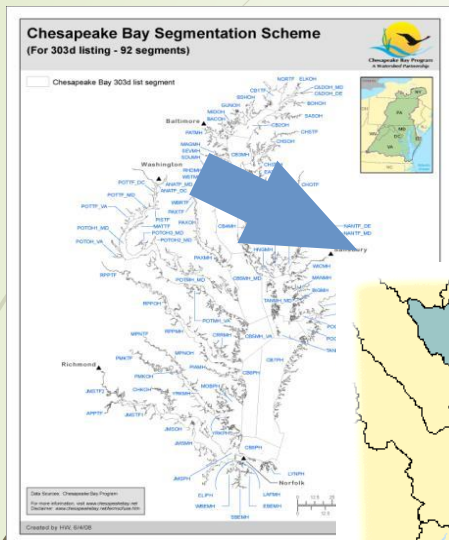
Chesapeake Bay Program Monitoring Sites

Chesapeake Bay Volunteer and Nontraditional Monitoring Sites

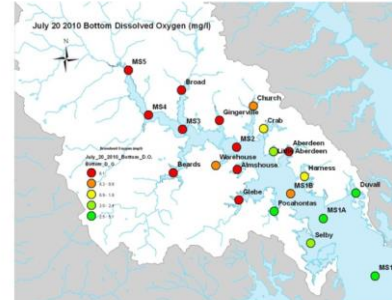
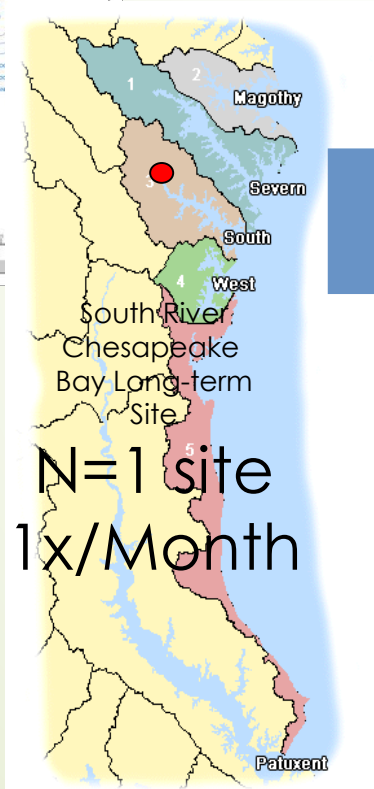


Data Examples

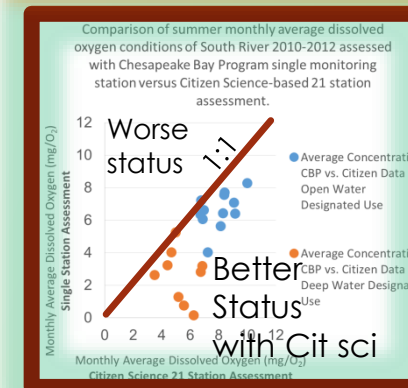
South River Federation



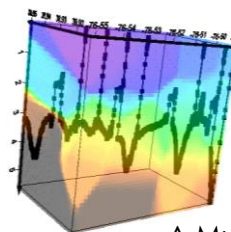
South River Federation



Results comparison shows **better** conditions with 21 sites than 1 site



Increasing resolution
Reducing uncertainty



A Muller. USN

Putting the Band Together: Citizen Scientists are the Rock Stars of the Monitoring World



Beth Wasden, Volunteer and Outreach Coordinator, Naticoke Watershed Alliance



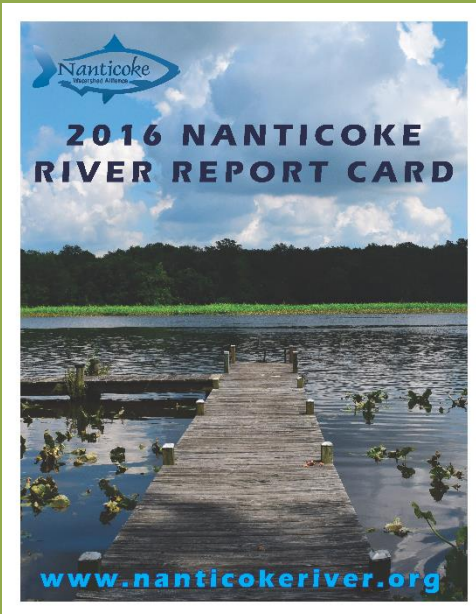
Nanticoke Creekwatchers Program

Field:

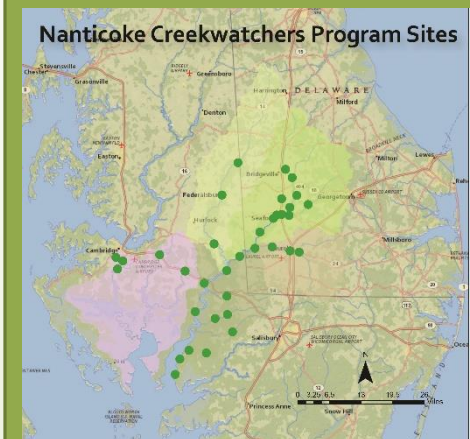
DO, Secchi depth
and total water
depth, salinity, and
water temp

Lab:

TP, TN, chlorophyll a,
and bacteria



- 2017=tenth year
- Volunteer-driven program that obtains scientifically-credible, long-term data
- EPA-approved QAPP | Tier 3 (Tidal)
- 36 sites
- 40 Creekwatchers/ over 1,000 hours annually



I want to volunteer all night, and Creekwatch every day!



The ROCKSTAR Method

- **R** Realize the program vision
- **O** rganize effectively
- **C** ommunicate
- **K** ick it off right!
- **S** upport
- **T** rain, train, and train again
- **A** ssess and adapt
- **R** etain your volunteers!

Data Examples

VA Save our Streams

Monitoring Goals

- ▶ Get volunteers to be the “eyes and ears” for their stream
- ▶ Document changes in stream health over time
- ▶ Pass data to VADEQ for decision-making

TIER	Methodology
1	Macroinvertebrates



Data Examples

VA Save our Streams

DEQ uses VA SOS to

- ▶ Prioritize follow up monitoring by state biologists
- ▶ Identify potentially impaired streams
- ▶ Educate the public on stream health



Data Examples

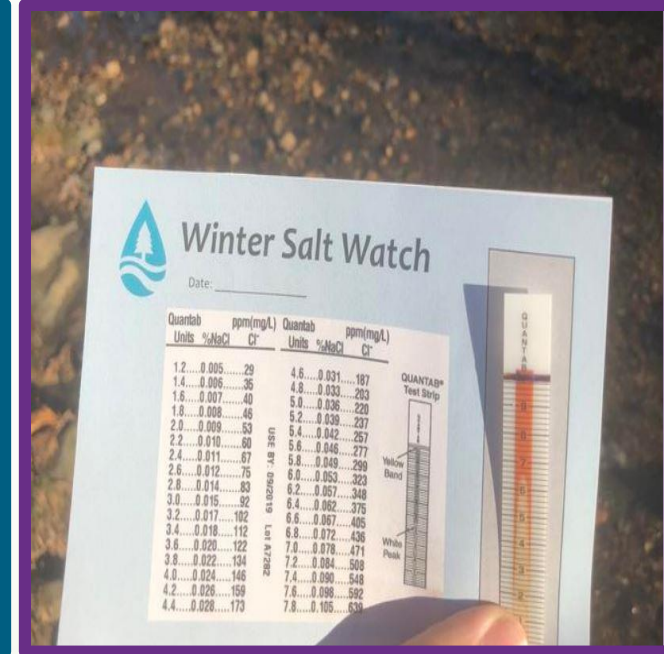
Winter Salt Watch

Issues of Emerging Concern



WINTER
SALT WATCH

IZAAK WALTON LEAGUE OF AMERICA



Data Examples

Winter Salt Watch



- ▶ Toxic to aquatic life
- ▶ Linked to corrosion in water distribution systems \$36B annually nation wide



Corrosion in water distribution systems


- Expensive.
- Linked to metal contamination of drinking water.
- Primary concern in Lead and Copper Rule.





Memorandum of Understanding

Commitments

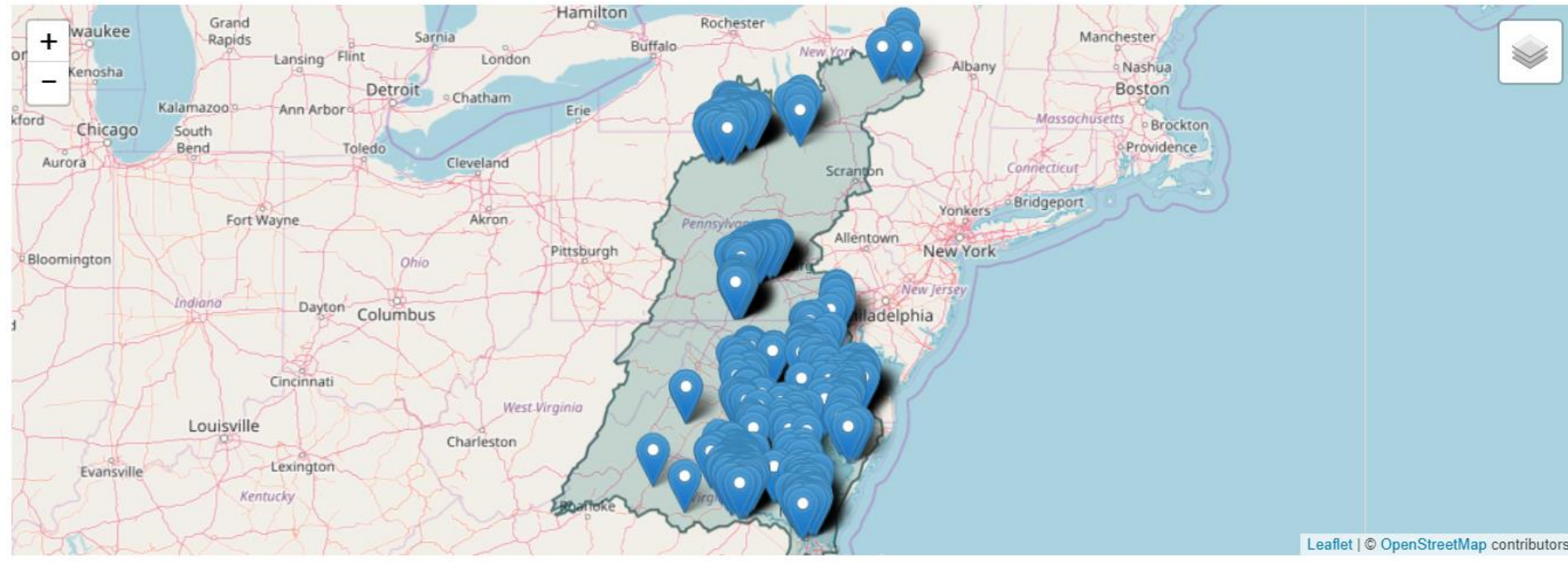
- ▶ Work cooperatively with the CMC and Chesapeake Bay Program partnership to support and sustain a network of citizen science and non-traditional partners.
 - ▶ Work to support an open-access clearinghouse of quality-assured environmental data generated by citizen scientists and non-traditional partners and integrate this data into monitoring networks for educational, management, targeting and regulatory assessment applications.
- 

Chesapeake Data Explorer

Consolidate Data

Welcome to the Chesapeake Data Explorer!

This is your gateway into data collected by a Chesapeake Basin-wide network of monitors. Use the map below to explore the efforts of our monitoring community

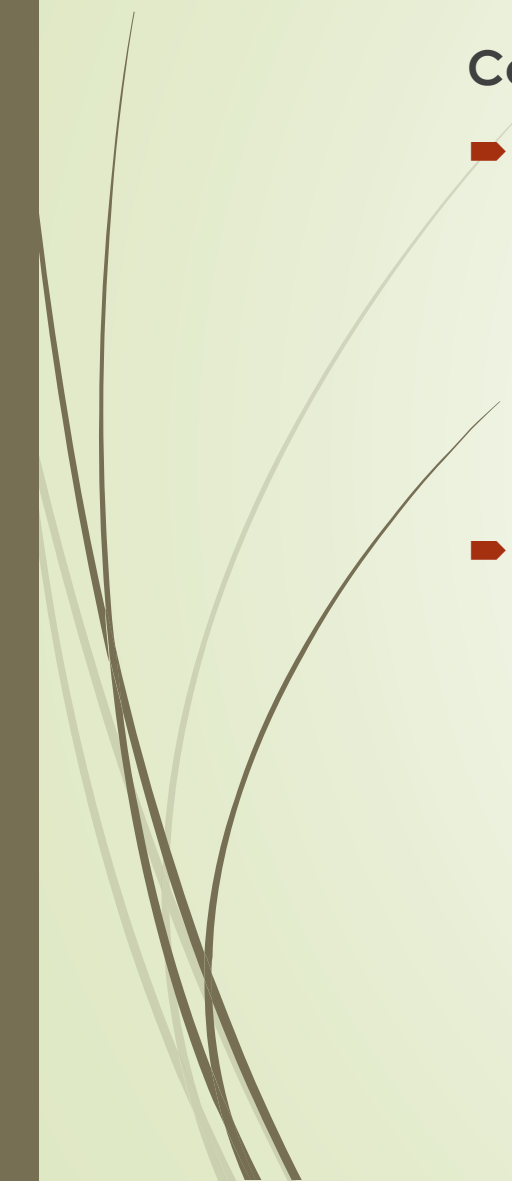


<https://cmc.vims.edu>



Memorandum of Understanding

Commitments

- ▶ Promote the collection of water quality, benthic macroinvertebrate, and other monitoring data that can inform the Bay Program to adaptively manage and track progress toward the Watershed Agreement by non-traditional partners, such as, local and regional organizations, agencies, and/or educational institutions.
 - ▶ Develop and adopt methods for data integration into regional monitoring and assessment strategies.
- 

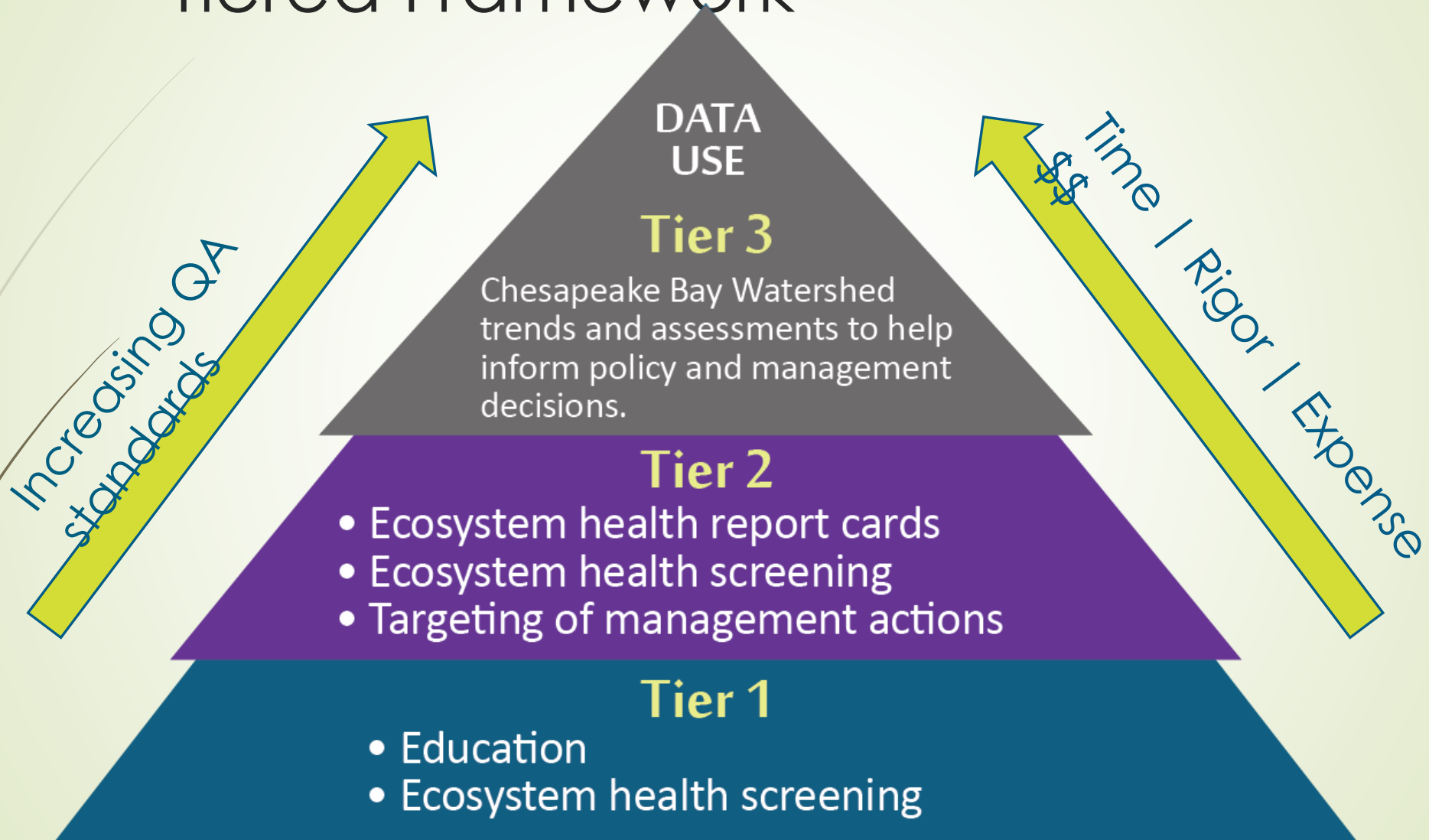


Memorandum of Understanding

Commitments

- ▶ Collaborate with the CMC in training with diverse, equitable and inclusive volunteer and non-traditional partner base for monitoring efforts.
- ▶ Support and actively contribute to the review and implementation of standard protocols and quality assurance programs to produce data of known and documented quality across all seven watershed jurisdictions.

Tiered Framework





Path to CBP Approval of the MOU

- ▶ MOU Drafted in 2017
- ▶ 2017-spring 2018: Chesapeake Monitoring Cooperative presented MOU to, and reviewed by, STAR Workgroups, STAR, Advisory Committees and WQGIT
- ▶ May 2018: WQGIT Outcomes. SRS Review Request to Management Board for support of the MOU
- ▶ June 2018: Management Board MOU presentation and initial comments
- ▶ July 2018: Updated MOU shared with Management Board for final comment period leading to August approval request
- ▶ August 2018: Final comments received and MOU updated for approval copy
- ▶ Requests to Advisory Committees for letters of support to the PSC
- ▶ August 2018: Management Board Approved content. Work remains on finalizing signatories on the MOU.
- ▶ October 18, 2018. PSC approval

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- Recognizes the breadth of opportunity for enhanced data collection in space and time.
- Supports capacity expansion
- Promotes availability and use of the data to fill gaps in the decision-support needs of the community (*Data Explorer website release slated for November 2018*)

Thank you for your support!





WHAT are the pieces of our program?



Volunteers
(Data Collectors)

Chesapeake
Monitoring
Cooperative

(Data Harvesters
Trainers)

GITs
(Monitoring Information
Needs – Gap Analysis Guide)



We Need Project Directions (i.e., RECIPES) to make the pieces fit together

Volunteers
(Data Collectors)

- Project Instructions
- What data to collect
 - How to collect it
 - Where to collect it
 - When to collect it
 - How often to collect
 - Duration of data collections

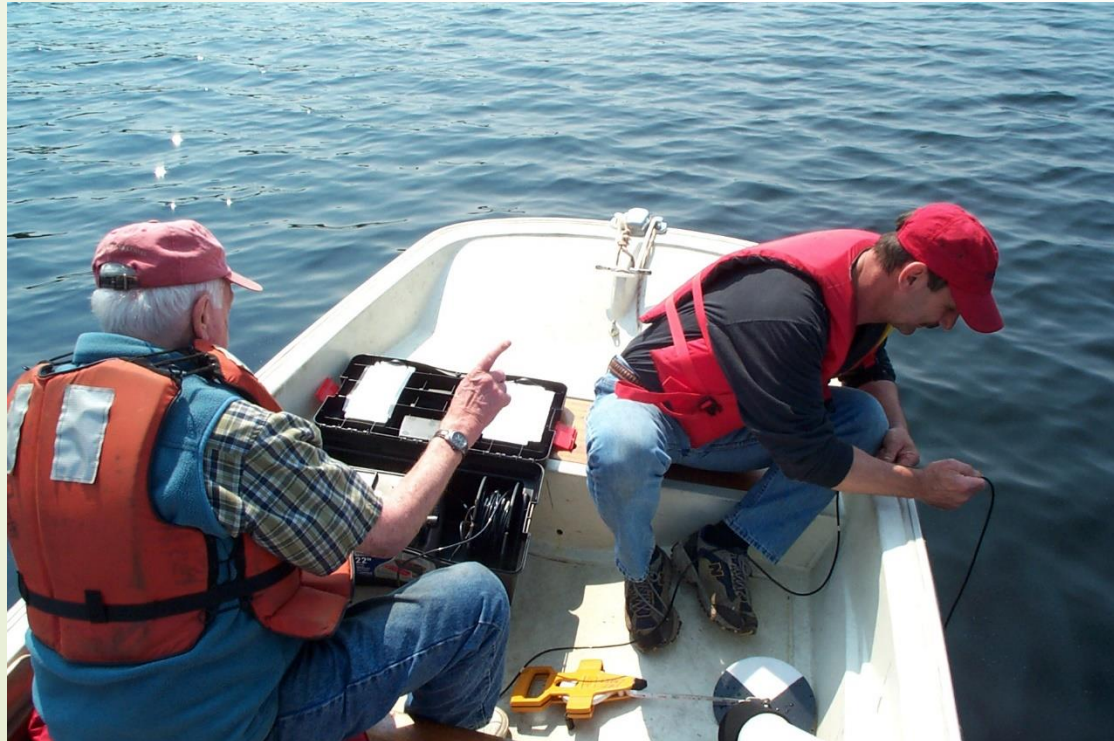
GITs
(Monitoring Information
Needs – Gap Analysis Guide)

Chesapeake
Monitoring
Cooperative

(Data Harvesters
Trainers
QA)

Website: We need a project page.

- First Project: Dissolved Oxygen Profiles are needed!



Exciting?

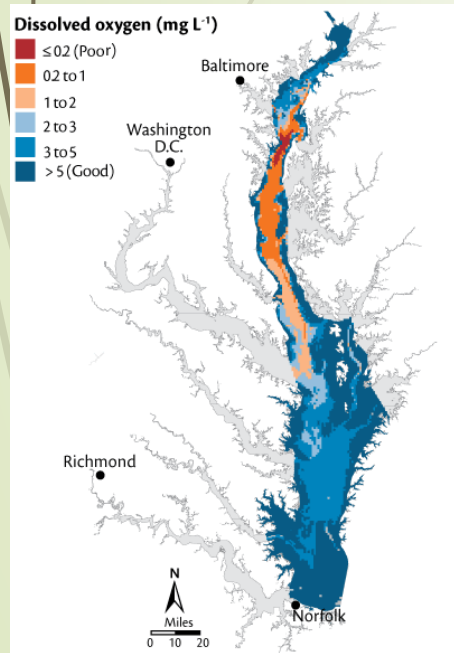


Maybe not so much... but...

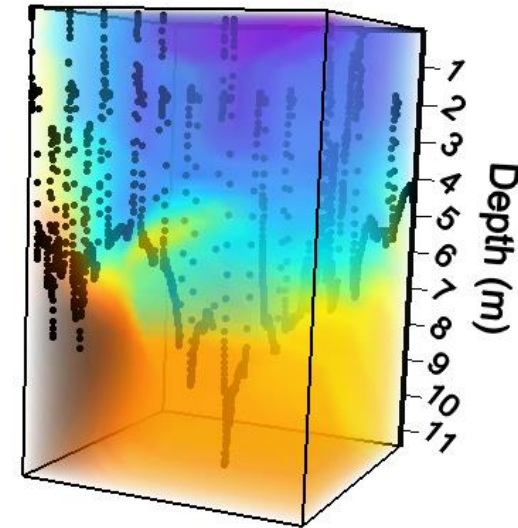
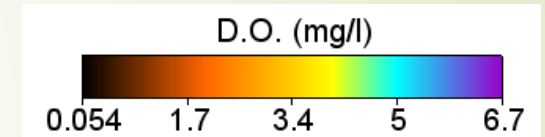
We need some creative project development and marketing!

➤ First Project: Dissolved Oxygen Profiles are needed!

➤ **The Dead Zone Hunters Club! Discover dead zones in your tributary!**



Chesapeake Dead Zone



Severn River Dead Zone!

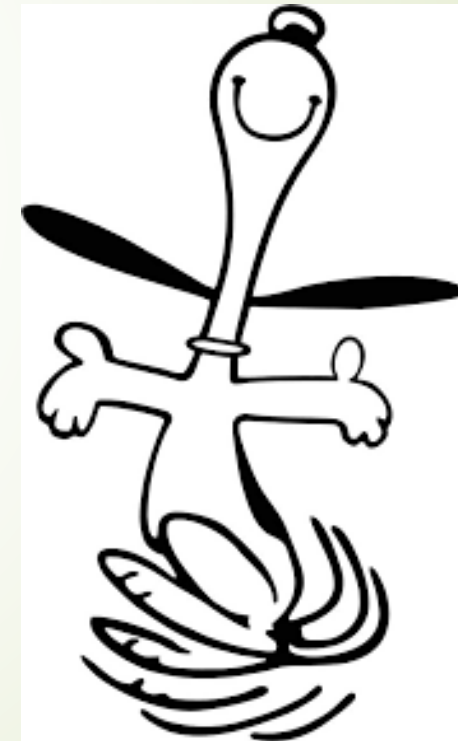
Website: We need a project page.

- Second Project: Fixed Site Macroinvertebrate Trend sites are needed.

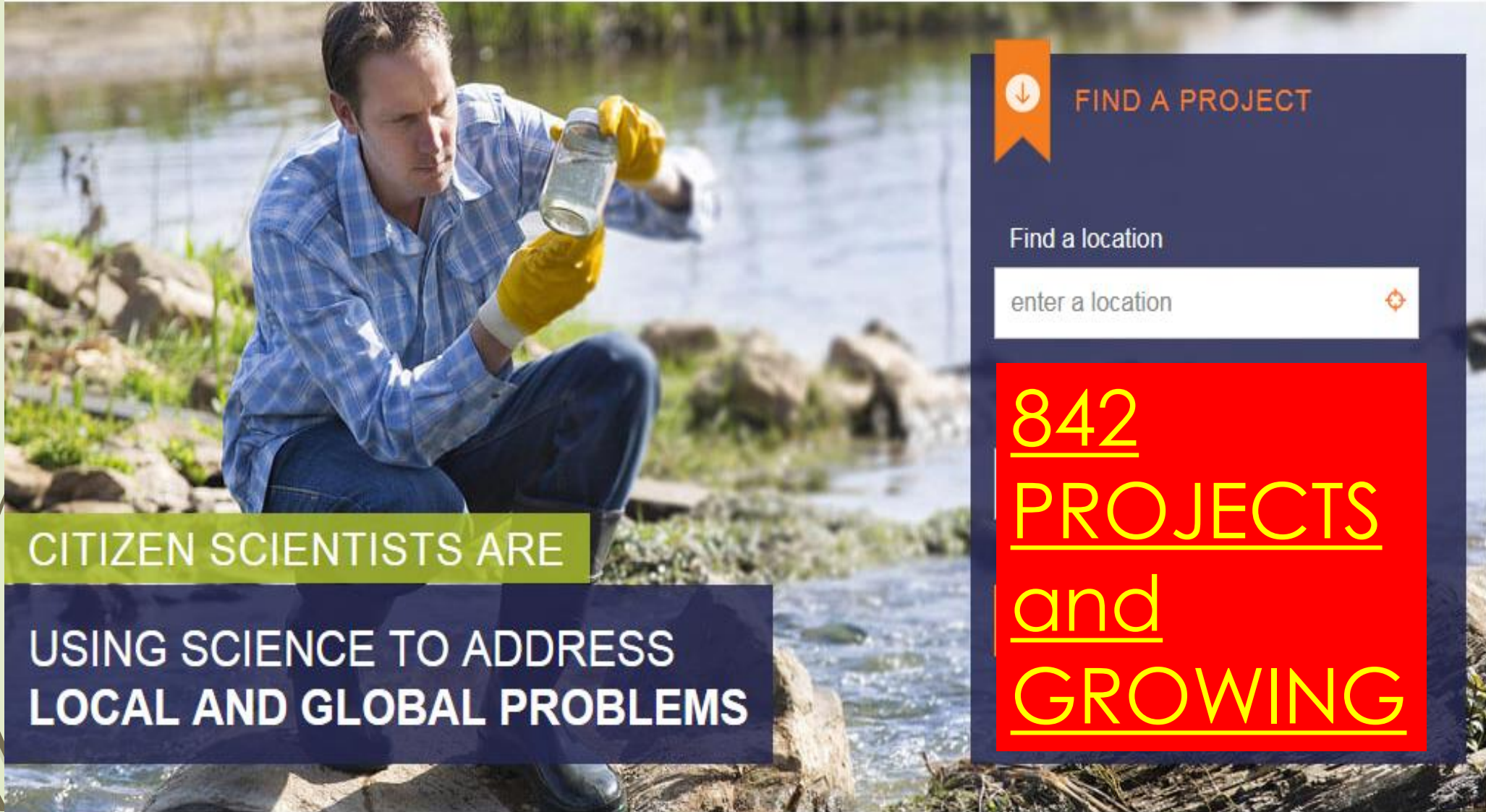


Website: We need a project page.

- Second Project: Chesapeake's Annual Bug Bioblitz!



YAYYYYYYYYYY!



CITIZEN SCIENTISTS ARE

USING SCIENCE TO ADDRESS
LOCAL AND GLOBAL PROBLEMS



FIND A PROJECT

Find a location

enter a location



842
PROJECTS
and
GROWING

Blue Catfish Watch

Chesapeake Bay



SquirrelMapper



Lionfish Watch

Chesapeake Bay Parasite Project – mud crabs

**Bat tracker
(Norfolk, VA)**

Bay 100 BMP Monitoring Project
Choptank River, Delaware

Plant Census at Smithsonian's Global Change
Research Wetland

Weather Change in Bellefonte, PA

Blue Ridge Biodiversity Mapping

DC/Baltimore Cricket Crawl

Maine Guidance for Reducing Homeless Cats –
monitor cat management on unowned cat populations

Sparrow Swap –
active bird management

Florida Microplastic Awareness Project

Crabwatch –
monitoring crabs and
track climate change



Backyard Bark Beetles

Presented By University of Florida/IFAS
Goal Monitor bark & ambrosia beetles
Task Trap & send beetles for ID. See what you caught on a live map!
Where Global, anywhere on the planet



TreeKIT – measure/map
urban forests

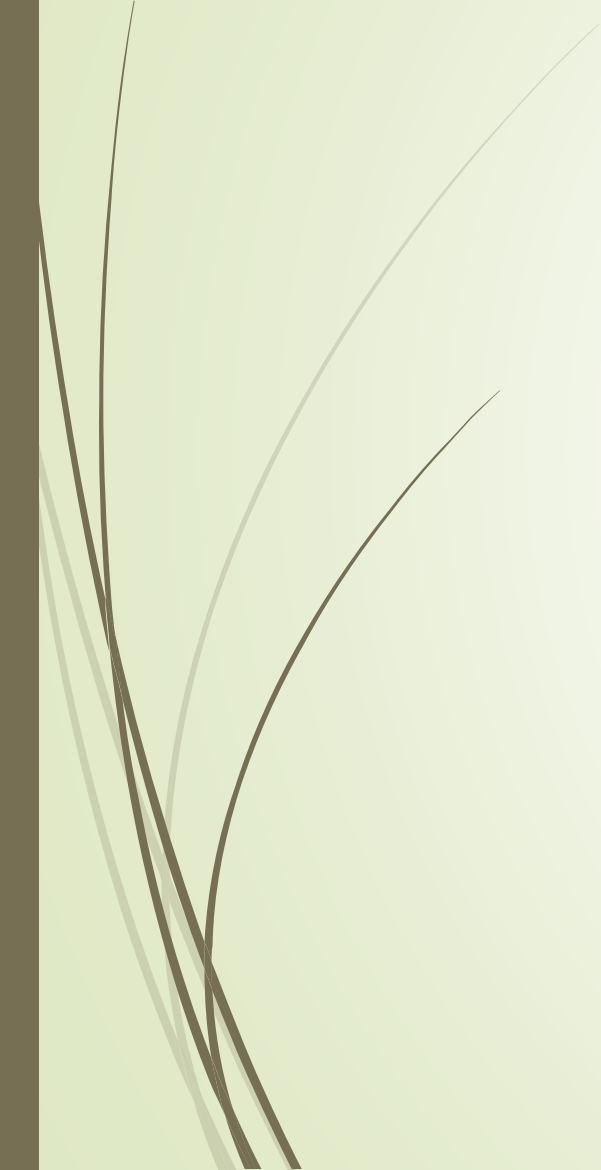
Landscape Watch –
track landscape change

West Oakland Environmental Indicators Project

Goal Collect hydrological data for modelling
Task Collect water levels, stream flow data and soil moisture
Where Global, anywhere on the planet

Goal Achieve healthy homes, jobs, and neighborhoods in West Oakland.
Task Walk and collect air quality data with a wearable sensor

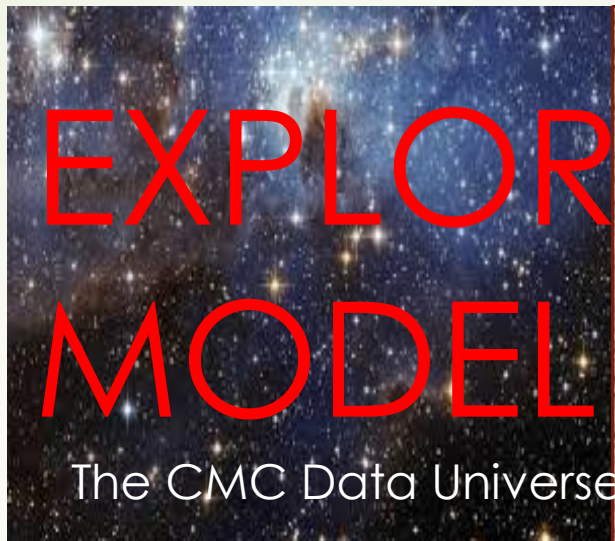




Present Model



The Data Vortex

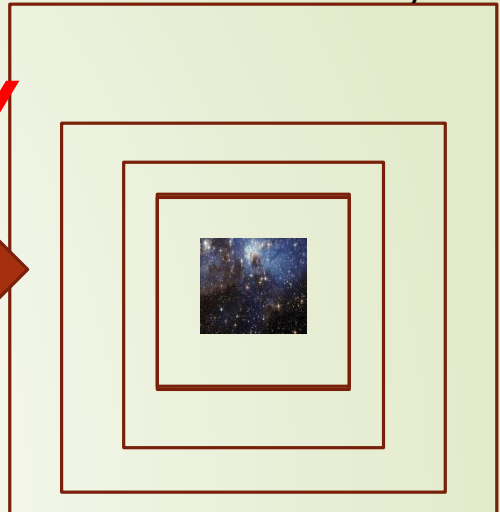


The Data Filter



Filtered Data Set

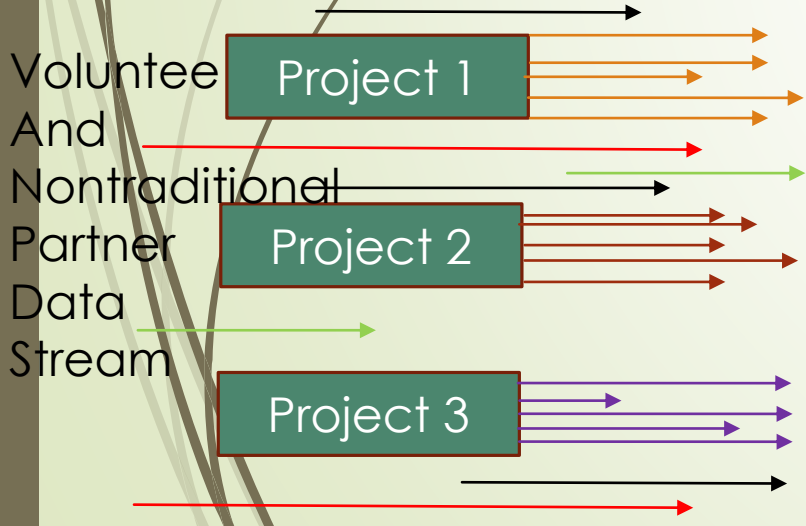
Size depends on how well
the data meet analyst needs



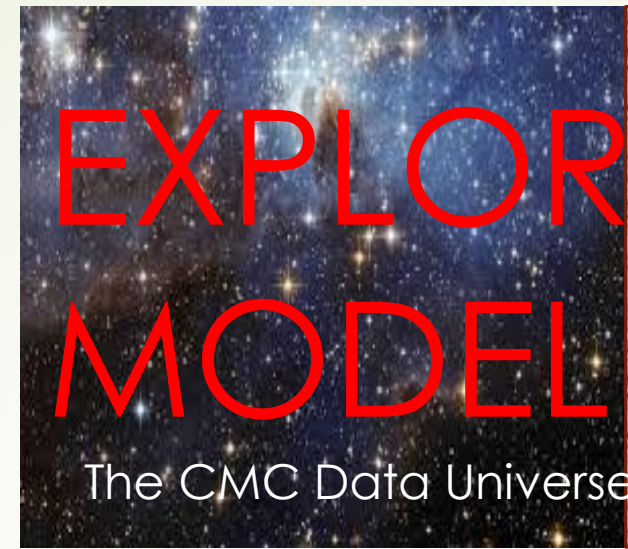
Present Model



Built Out Model Watershed-wide Projects



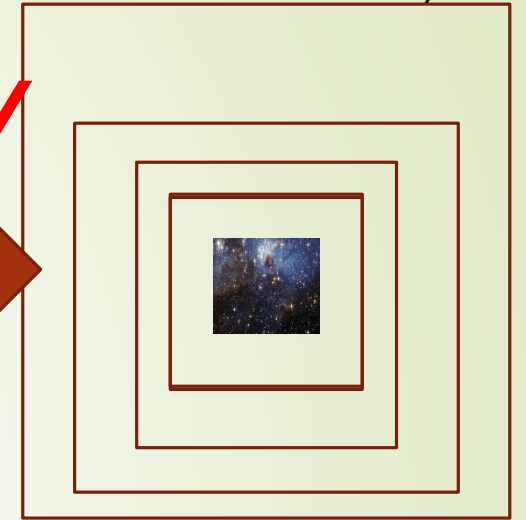
The Data Vortex



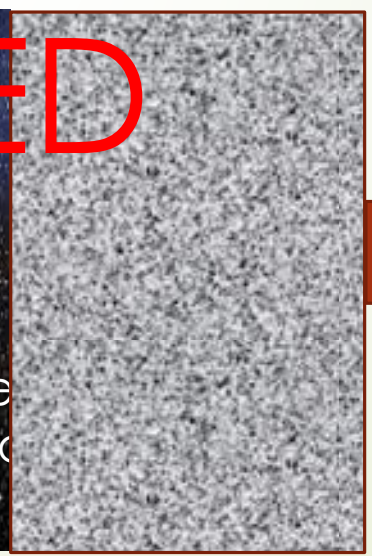
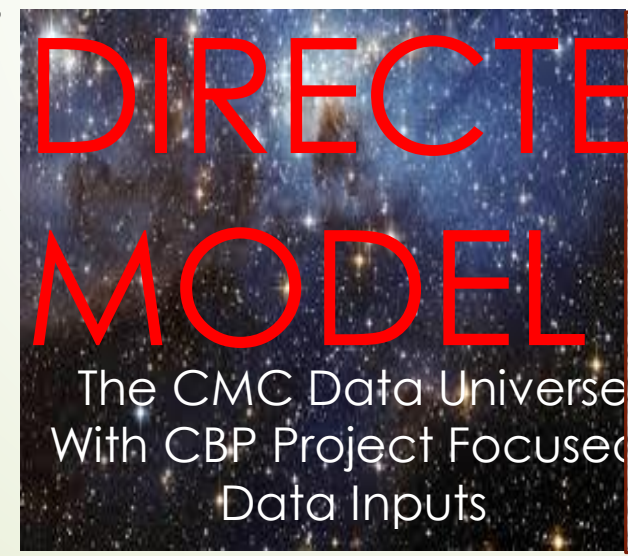
The Data Filter



Filtered Data Set
Size depends on how well
the data meet analyst needs



DIRECTED MODEL



Filtered Data Set
Project specific protocols
Data meets analyst needs





North Carolina King Tides Project

Main Project Information

Goal

Task

Where

Description

How to Join

Website

Social Media

Ideal Age Group

Ideal Frequency

Spend the Time

Type of Activity

Training Materials

Class Materials

Media Mentions and Publications

Tags

Project Updated

Globally recognized template – Don't recreate the wheel.

Documenting high water events in North Carolina

Photograph high water and flooding events

North Carolina, United States of America

The North Carolina King Tides Project is an initiative to photo-document nuisance flooding events. We are looking for photos of high water levels driven by forces such as heavy rains, storms, wind, and king tides. These photos are valuable in helping communities understand vulnerabilities to coastal flooding, and can help us visualize what a future of sea-level rise may look like. This data will inform community planning and spread awareness of local flooding impacts. Remember to be careful - your safety is more important to us than any photo!

[Read More](#)

Interested participants can visit our website and simply submit a photo:

<http://nckingtides.web.unc.edu/how-to-participate/taking-photos/>

<http://nckingtides.web.unc.edu/>

- [Facebook](#)
- [Blog](#)

[Elementary school \(6 - 10 years\)](#), [Middle school \(11 - 13 years\)](#), [High school \(14 - 17 years\)](#), [College](#), [Graduate students](#), [Adults](#), [Families](#), [Seniors](#)

Per month

outdoors

[In oceans, streams, rivers, lakes](#), [While fishing](#), [On a hike](#), [At the beach](#), [On a walk, run](#), [On a lunch break](#)

<http://nckingtides.web.unc.edu/plan-your-photo-shoot/>

<http://nckingtides.web.unc.edu/motions-of-the-ocean-lesson-plan/>

- [Public Invited to Help Document King Tides](#)

[aquatic](#), [coast](#), [flooding](#), [hurricanes](#), [king tides](#), [ocean](#), [photos](#), [sea level rise](#), [storm surge](#), [tides](#), [water level](#)

06/06/2017

July 2018.

Next steps

STAR Workgroups (IMN WG and DIWG) will be developing a project template

- STAR Workgroups developing 1-3 examples of projects.
- STAR and its workgroups will continue coordination with the CMC on implementing projects for directed, watershed-wide data collections.
- STAR working with STAC on cross-GIT integrated management questions to guide prioritization of project development.
- GITs and their Workgroups are continuing efforts on workshops to define indicators, metrics and parameters that monitoring capacity will be needed.
- GITs should consider in their RFP funding requests to have funding for support in developing study designs that address existing capacity and highlight spatial/temporal gaps. This design information can then be used to derive projects that volunteers/citizen scientists/nontraditional partners can make contributions to

Chesapeake Data Explorer

Consolidate Data

Functions

- ▶ Data inputs
- ▶ Data management
- ▶ Data access
- ▶ Data visualization

Number of Data Points			
Parameter	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
Dissolved Oxygen	1086	3969	10
Temperature	1153	3397	6
Salinity	91	0	5

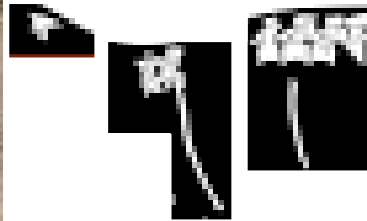


What We Want



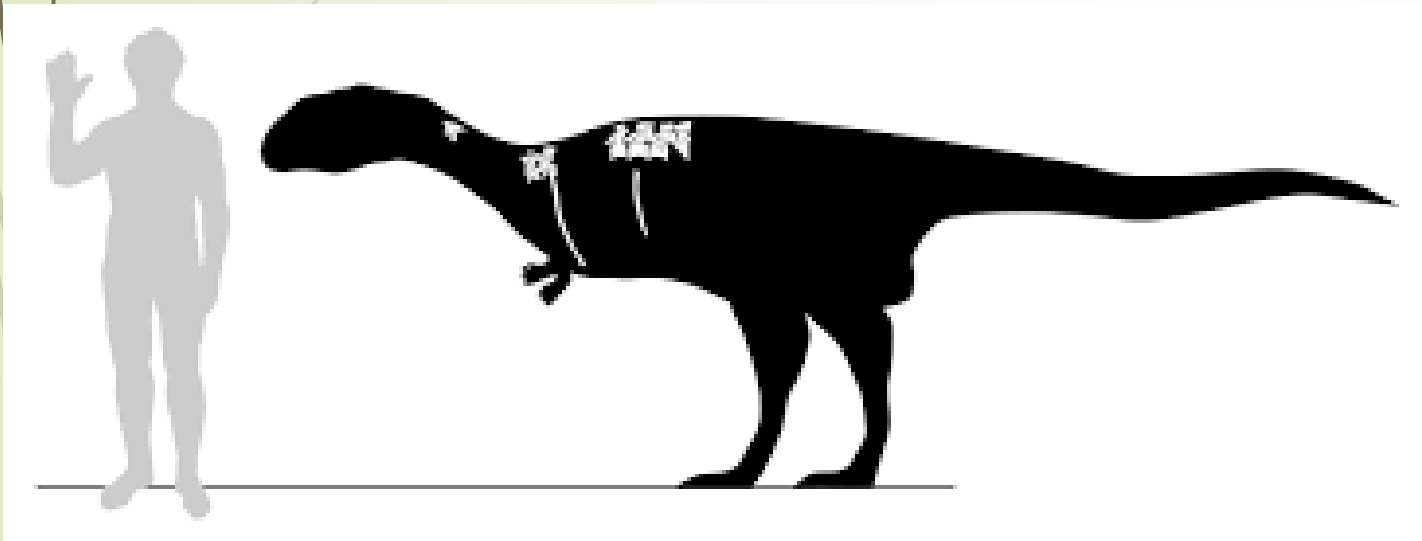
1. **Accept and promote the Citizen science and nontraditional partner MOU that support enhanced data assessments.**
2. **Charge STAR with further analyses for understanding comparisons of observed and expected trends in water quality in the bay and watershed.**

Activity: Dinosaur fossil hunting...what did we find?



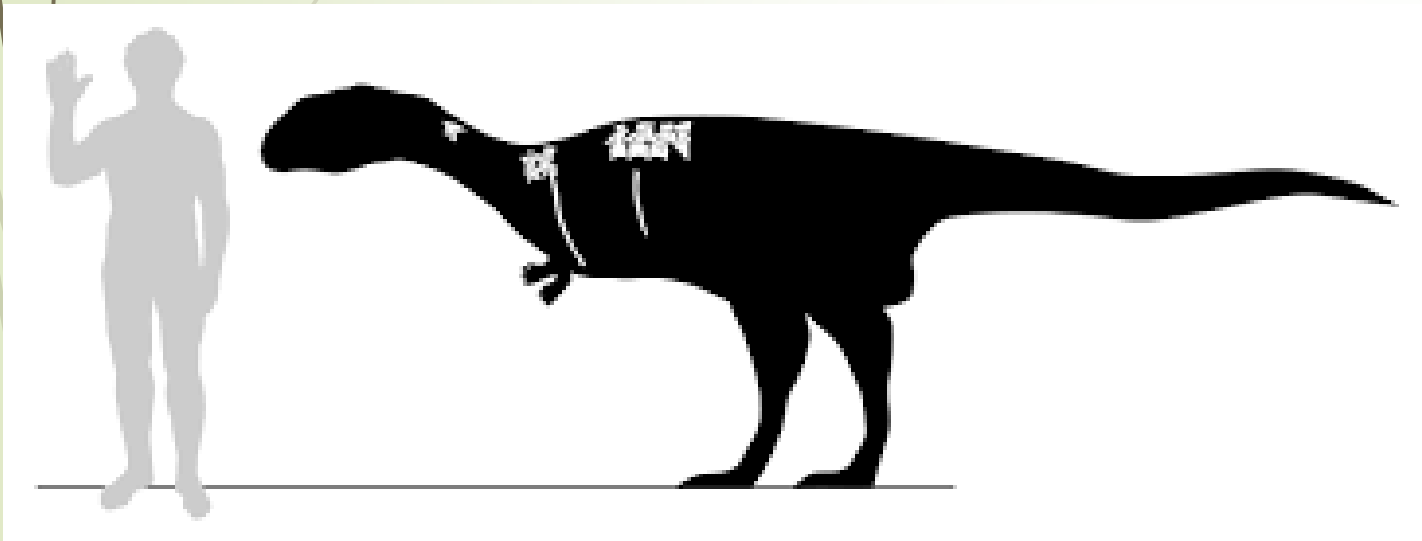
A few bones of some dinosaur. What does it look like

Which dinosaur picture has less uncertainty and more accuracy?

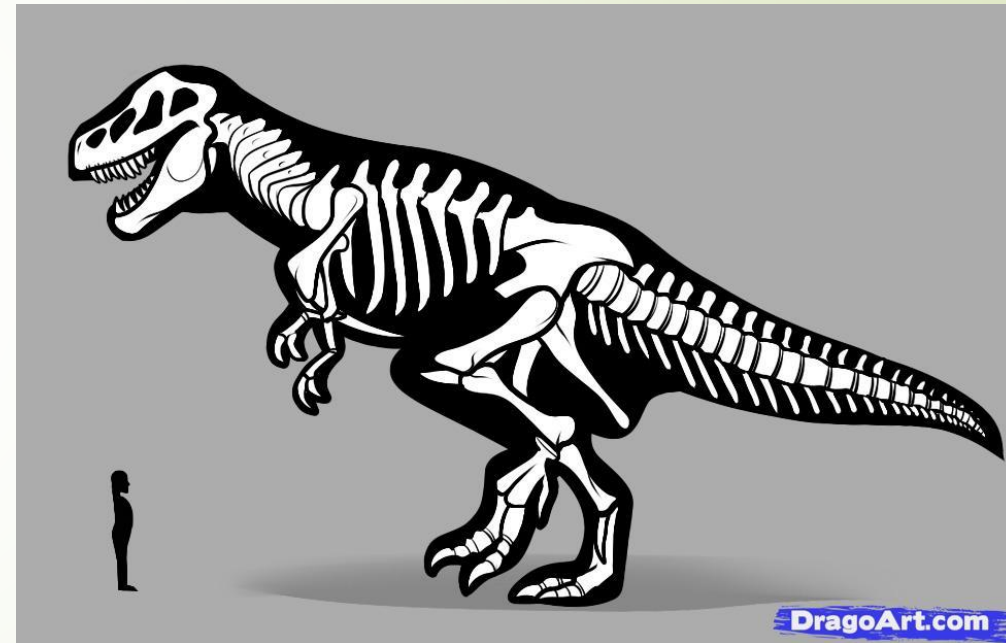


Marginal information

Which dinosaur picture has less uncertainty and more accuracy?



Marginal information

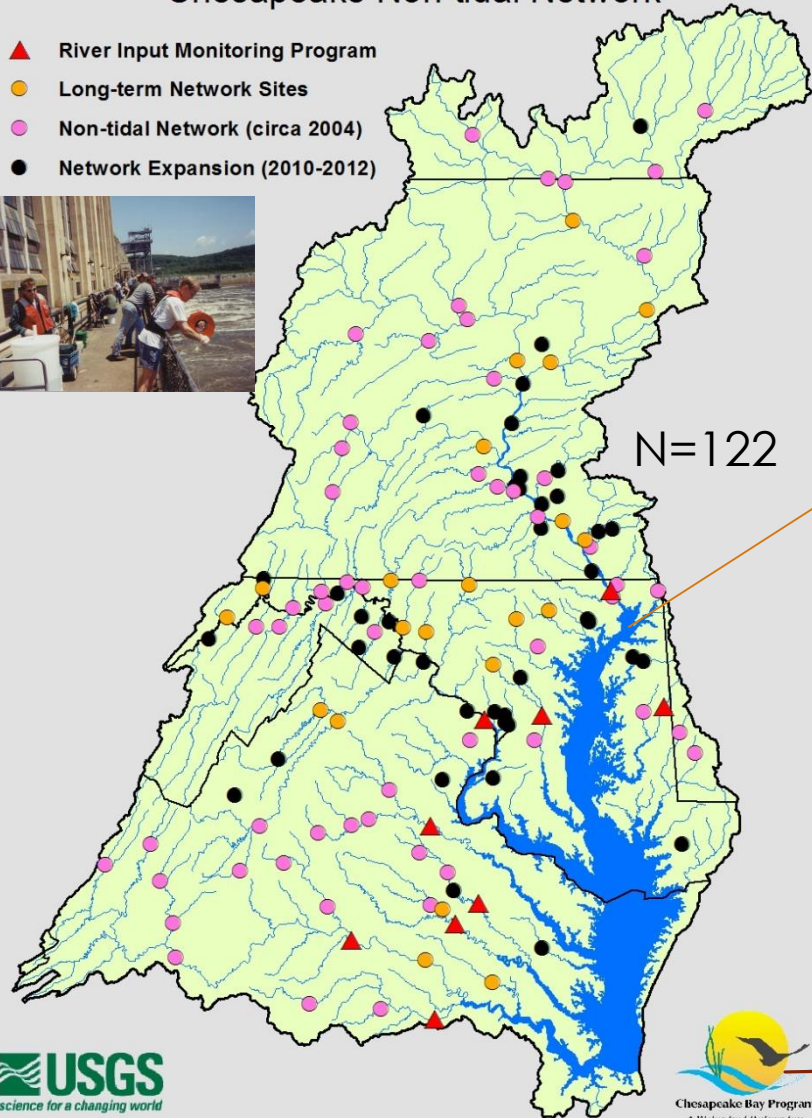


Adequate to full information

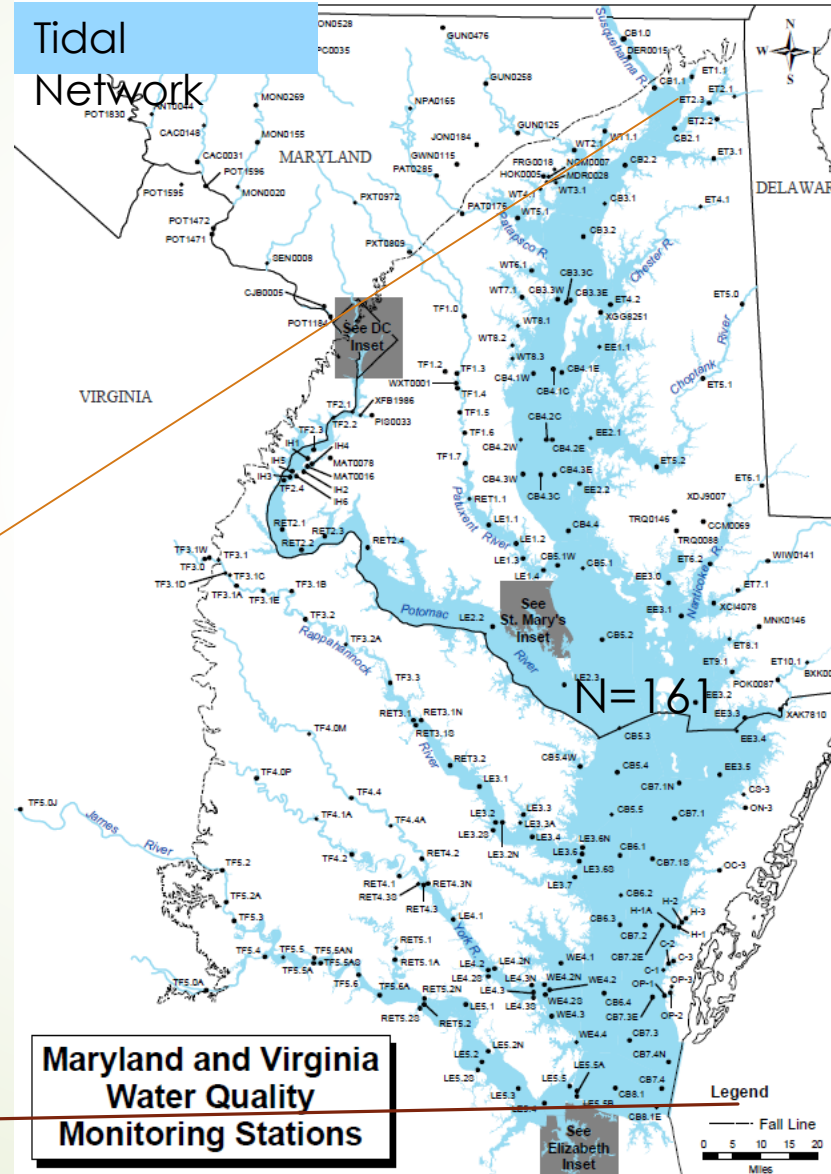
The Chesapeake Bay Program Partnership Monitoring Networks

Chesapeake Non-tidal Network

- ▲ River Input Monitoring Program
- Long-term Network Sites
- Non-tidal Network (circa 2004)
- Network Expansion (2010-2012)

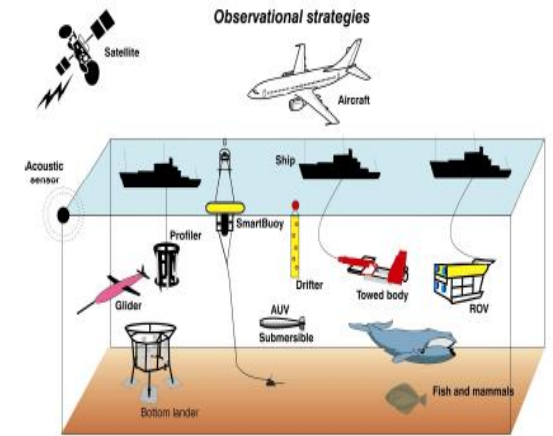


Tidal Network



Maryland and Virginia
Water Quality
Monitoring Stations

Diverse methods support
Water quality assessments



Measures:
Physical
Chemical
Biological
Hydrodynamic
Meteorological

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

AMONG

The State of Delaware, the District of Columbia, the State of Maryland, the State of New York, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the Commonwealth of Virginia, the State of West Virginia, the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin, the Susquehanna River Basin Commission, the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the United States Geological Survey, and the Chesapeake Bay Commission.

REGARDING

Using Citizen and Non-traditional Partner Monitoring Data to Assess Water Quality and Living Resource Status and Our Progress [Toward](#) Restoration of a Healthy Chesapeake Bay and Watershed

WHEREAS, the health of the Chesapeake Bay and its watershed depends on individual and community-based stewardship by the more than 18 million people who call this watershed home;

WHEREAS, the Chesapeake Bay Program is a leader in leveraging resources through a partnership approach;

WHEREAS, individuals, watershed groups, schools, local governments, and other organizations volunteer their time and talents by participating in environmental monitoring programs; and this *citizen science* represents a unique opportunity for advancing our knowledge while supporting education and community service;

WHEREAS, the cost of monitoring and assessment of tidal and non-tidal waters as well as other ecosystems in the Chesapeake Bay watershed exceeds the capabilities of individual partners and surpasses current funding within the jurisdictions, it is essential that all data sources of known quality be integrated into our monitoring networks;

WHEREAS, data resulting from volunteer and nontraditional partner monitoring, and citizen science efforts can inform impact assessments of local conservation actions as well as decisions that support targeting of management practices that will restore and sustain the health of habitats, living resources and communities across the Bay watershed;

WHEREAS, the Chesapeake Monitoring Cooperative (CMC) has created a framework to facilitate the collection and integration of volunteer and nontraditional partner monitoring efforts into the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Chesapeake Bay Program that represents a unique

collaboration and network of monitoring groups across all six states and the District of Columbia;

NOW, THEREFORE, we, the undersigned representatives of the District, state, interstate, and federal entities with responsibility for monitoring the waters and resources of the Chesapeake Bay and its watershed agree that we will:

- Work cooperatively with the CMC and the Chesapeake Bay Program partnership to support and sustain a network of citizen science and non-traditional monitoring partners.
- Work to support an open-access clearinghouse of quality-assured environmental data generated by citizen scientists and nontraditional partners integrate this data into monitoring networks for educational, management, targeting and regulator assessment applications.
- Promote the collection of water quality, benthic macroinvertebrate, and other monitoring data by non-traditional partners, such as, local and regional organizations, agencies, and/or educational institutions.
- Develop and adopt methods for data integration into regional monitoring and assessment strategies.
- Collaborate with the CMC in training of volunteer and non-traditional partner monitoring efforts.
- Support and actively contribute to the review and implementation of standard protocols and quality assurance programs to produce data of known and documented quality across all seven watershed jurisdictions.

Final comments received since July for clarification:

PADEP: Can we please include specific reference to the 3-tiered data use framework of the CMC and identify those uses

STAC: Can we please give examples of "other monitoring data"

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

AMONG

The State of Delaware, the District of Columbia, the State of Maryland, the State of New York, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the Commonwealth of Virginia, the State of West Virginia, the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin, the Susquehanna River Basin Commission, the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the United States Geological Survey, and the Chesapeake Bay Commission.

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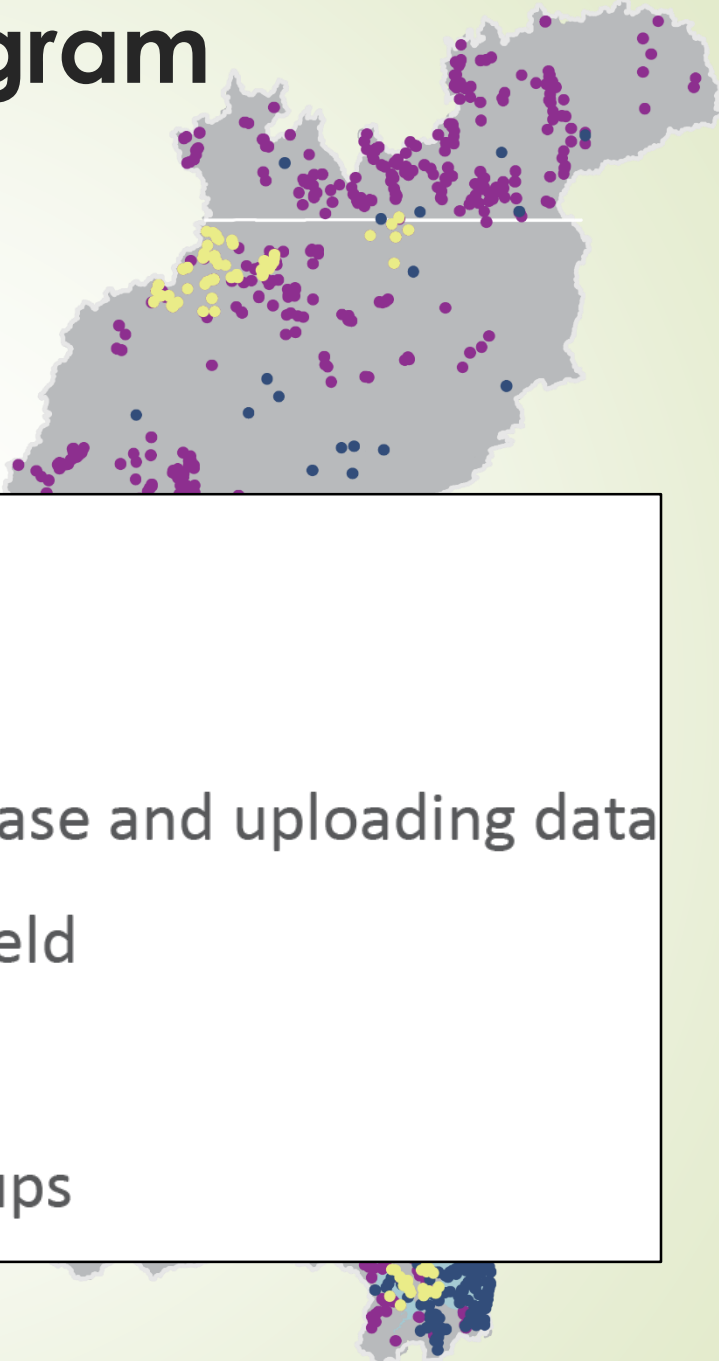
STAC: Can we please give examples of "other monitoring data"


Yes, we can 😊

Yes, we did 😊

Chesapeake Bay Program Monitoring Sites

Chesapeake Bay Volunteer and Nontraditional

- 
- 1,371** individuals reached
 - 38** training workshops held
 - 7** groups integrated into the database and uploading data
 - 2** data interpretation workshops held
 - 2** active Tier 3 groups
 - 2** additional nominated Tier 3 groups



Expectations for the Management Board

- ▶ We request Management Board acceptance of the MOU to move up to the PSC for adoption this autumn.
- ▶ Timeline
 - ▶ Today we look forward to your questions and your input on what else may be needed in the MOU for it to meet your approval
 - ▶ We provide you with two weeks of internal review time before the July meeting
 - ▶ The CMC team will incorporate comments and feedback and seek final approval at the July meeting